Rivendell Radio Automation System

Operations and Administration Guide

Fred Gleason



4.3.0int6 Edition

Rivendell Radio Automation System: Operations and Administration Guide

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Chapter 1. System Overview

1.1. Introducing Rivendell

Rivendell is a digital audio content management and delivery system that is targeted for use in professional radio broadcast environments. It includes robust tools for the acquisition, organization, management and play out of audio material from and to a diverse array of sources and destinations. Support for a wide variety of external third party hardware devices and software packages commonly used in the radio industry is featured, including interfaces for:

- Audio Routing Switchers
- Satellite Downlink Receivers
- Audio Mixing Consoles
- Commercial Traffic and Music Scheduling Systems

Rivendell is made available under the terms of the GNU General Public License, version 2. As such, it comes with *absolutely no warranty*, not even the implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. See the full text of the GPLv2 for details.

Rivendell has been designed and developed from the ground up to run on the popular and highly stable GNU/LinuxTM operating system. Full source code is available online at https://github.com/ElvishArtisan/rivendell.

Rivendell has been designed to be able to operate in a wide variety of roles, ranging from single, selfcontained workstations to large, multi-station clusters consisting of multiple workstations and centralized servers. Also included are redundancy and hot-standby capabilities to allow for reliable operation even in the face of hardware faults.

Rivendell is implemented as a set of interactive tools or 'modules' that collectively provide the complete functionality of the system. Briefly, these modules and their functions are:

RDLibrary	Library content management
RDCatch	Automatic time-driven event scheduler
RDAirPlay	On-air play out application
RDLogEdit	Log editing and voicetracking tool
RDLogManager	Automated log generation and interface utility
RDLogin	Set the current user on a Rivendell host
RDCartSlots	Emulate a traditional broadcast cart machine
RDPanel	Large "cart wall" application
RDCastManager	Podcast feed manager
RDAdmin	System wide configuration

The operation of each of these modules is explained in detail in the chapters that follow. However, we first need to cover some basic concepts common to all Rivendell modules.

1.1.1. The Rivendell Object Paradigm

All Rivendell modules make use of the following classes of system resources:

- Realms
- Hosts
- Users
- Groups
- Services

We'll cover each of these concepts in turn.

1.1.1.1. Realms

A Rivendell *realm* is a set of one or more hosts that utilize a common Rivendell database. Each such realm has its own, independent set of objects, such as cart library, RDCatch event list, set of hosts, etc. Different Rivendell realms are effectively isolated from each other at the application level.

Caution

If more than one Rivendell realm will be residing in a single IP multicast domain, then each realm must be assigned a unique multicast notification address. See "Multicast Address for Notifications" in the Section 12.6, "Managing System Settings".

1.1.1.2. Hosts

Every physical or virtual computer that is running Rivendell software is referred to as a *host*. Any host in a Rivendell network can be individually configured and controlled from any other host within the same realm (provided the system administrator has enabled this capability). Hosts can be used for a wide variety of applications, including content ingestion and management, automatic recording (sometimes referred to as "netcatching"), on-air play out or log (sometimes also referred to as a *playlist*) generation. It is also possible for a single host to perform all of these functions.

Each Rivendell host is a member of precisely one Rivendell realm. Each host within a given realm must be reachable from all other hosts in that realm and reside within the same IP multicast domain. In most cases, this can be ensured by connecting all hosts to the same network switch and configuring them to use the same IP subnet. If this is not feasible, then special arrangements, such as installation of a network bridge or multicast router between the host subnets may be necessary.

1.1.1.3. Users

Every host on a Rivendell network has one or more *users* available to it. In this context, a 'user' is merely a set of access policies established by the system administrator that defines what tasks that user is or is not allowed to perform. The set of available users is global to every host in a given Rivendell system; with each host operating under exactly one user at a time. Each host also has one user designated to be the *default user*. As the name suggests, this is the set of user policies that are loaded by default when the system starts up. It is also possible to change the user currently in use on a given host by running the RDLogin module.

1.1.1.4. Groups

A Rivendell *group* is a system of categories that is used by the audio library to classify and organize the audio within the library. Groups are a very powerful capability, and many operations within Rivendell can be specified on the basis of group membership. The actual classification scheme, including the number of available groups and their names, is completely arbitrary so as to allow each facility to tailor a schema that best fits its own operational requirements. Designing and implementing the group schema is one of the most important tasks facing the Rivendell system administrator, as a well-designed schema can make long-term maintenance and management of the system substantially easier vis-a-vis a poorly thought out one. We will cover groups in detail in the chapters devoted to the RDLibrary and RDAdmin modules.

1.1.1.5. Services

Every facility at which Rivendell is deployed is presumed to have one or more ultimate destinations for which audio is intended. These could be radio stations --e.g. WAVA--, satellite uplink channels, live Internet audio streams, or any mix of the above. Each of these sorts of destinations is referred to in Rivendell as a *service*, and certain parameters, particularly as regards audio play out and log (playlist) creation, can be configured on the basis of what particular service is being referenced.

1.1.2. The Rivendell Hardware Paradigm

In addition to the core computer hardware (CPU, motherboard, etc), each Rivendell host typically interacts with specialized hardware required to accomplish the task at hand. Three main categories of such 'special' hardware are of interest to us here, the three being audio adapters, serial ports and GPIO/switcher devices. We'll cover each below.

1.1.2.1. Audio Adapters

An *audio adapter* in Rivendell is simply a device or facility for getting audio into and/or out of a host on a realtime basis. Often this will be a sound card, although other possibilities (such as AoIP or direct routing to other audio applications) also exist. The three main classes of audio adapters supported by Rivendell are:

Advanced Linux Sound Architecture (ALSA)	The standard Linux sound card driver starting with the 2.6.x kernel series, ALSA supports a huge array of commercially available sound cards, ranging from entry level 'game' cards to high-end cards aimed at professional audio uses. More information, including a current list of supported cards, is available at the ALSA web site, http://www.alsa-project.org/.
HPI Adapters	These are high-performance sound cards manufactured by AudioScience Corporation. Designed and built specifically for broadcast automation applications, many feature advanced capabilities (such as on-board MPEG codecs and AES3 i/o) specially aimed for use in that setting. They are so-called because Rivendell uses AudioScience's special 'HPI' driver to access and control them. More information is available at AudioScience's web site at http://www.audioscience.com/.
JACK Audio Interconnect Kit	JACK is not a class of hardware devices, but rather an audio 'framework' that allows compliant applications to share audio resources and route audio in realtime amongst themselves. JACK is different from similar efforts within the Linux realm in that it was designed from the ground up for professional audio work, with particular focus upon low-latency operation and synchronous

execution of all clients. More information can be found at the JACK web site, https://jackaudio.org/.

1.1.2.2. Serial Ports

Commonly known in the DOS/Windows world as 'COM ports', *serial ports* are often used to communicate with outboard gear, such as satellite receivers and audio switchers. Up to eight serial ports can be accessed simultaneously by each Rivendell host.

1.1.2.3. GPIO/Switcher Devices

Because these capabilities are often (although not always) bundled together in the same device, Rivendell lumps GPIO and switcher devices together within the same class. *GPIO* stands for 'General Purpose Input Output'. As the name implies, these devices can be used to interface to a huge variety of outboard equipment by means of control lines. *GPI* (General Purpose Input) lines can be used to sense changes in an outboard system's state (and Rivendell programmed to take various actions on the basis of that), while *GPO* (General Purpose Output) lines can be used to send commands to an outboard system. The actual physical interfacing of GPIO devices is complex and generally beyond the scope of this document. Readers are encouraged to consult a good handbook on radio engineering for more information. A current list of GPIO/Switcher devices supported by Rivendell can be found in Appendix C, *Supported GPIO/Switcher Devices*.

Chapter 2. Managing the Current User with RDLogin

2.1. RDLogin

Rivendell uses a sophisticated system of user privileges to keep track of which users have permission to perform what operations. These privileges are tracked by the system on the basis of *user accounts*. Creating user accounts and administering their permissions are done in the RDAdmin module and are covered in Section 12.2, "Managing Users".

It's important to note that these user accounts are *not* the same thing as the "Login Name" that is used to log into the computer system itself. Rather, they exist and have meaning only within the Rivendell system. For the rest of this discussion, when we talk about "users", it is these "Rivendell users" that we are referring to.

Each Rivendell host has a default user. As the name implies, this is the user that is automatically logged in after the system is booted. By default, the name of this user is "user", but the system administrator may have changed this to some other name.

For many sites, a single default user is all that is ever required. For some sites however, particularly larger ones, it is desirable to have multiple user accounts, each tailored to a particular person or "role", with privileges assigned appropriately. Such sites require a means to log different users in and out of the system without interfering with any playout operations that may be ongoing at the time. RDLogin is the module for doing this.

RDLogin will display a small window after being started, showing the currently logged-in user. To change to a different user, select the desired user name from the Username: control, enter the correct password, and then touch the Set User button. To "log out" of the system (in reality, just return to the default user), simply touch the Default User button (no password is required to set the default user). To exit RDLogin and do nothing, simply touch the Cancel button.

T RD	Login	Ŷ	-		×
Cur	rent User: u	ser			
Username:	🔒 fredg				•
Password:					
Set User	Default User	C	Can	cel	

Note

The system administrator may have configured the system so as not to display the list of available users. If this is the case, you will need to enter the username of the user to log in rather than selecting it from a dropdown list.

Chapter 3. Content Management with RDLibrary

3.1. The Rivendell Library Structure and RDLibrary

3.1.1. Carts

The Rivendell Library consists of a set of objects called *carts* (short for "cartridge", a nod to the days when audio material for radio broadcast was commonly loaded to and played from physical magnetic tape cartridges). A Rivendell cart is a data container that holds either one or more pieces of audio (called an *audio cart*), or macro commands to the system (called a *macro cart*). Carts are the fundamental schedule building block in Rivendell, in that they are the smallest object or 'atom' that the outside world (like a traffic or music scheduler) can see.

Filter:							
Group:	ALL		- Schedul	er Codes: ALL and [none	The Matching Ca	arts: 100	Clear
	X Sh	ow Audio Ca		w Macro Carts 🕱 Show Note Bubbles	Allow Cart Dragging	X Show Only First 100	
Cart		Group	[]-	alk Title	Artist	Start End	Album
⊕- 4 € (TRAFFIC	:15.9	0:00 SPOTS		TEN	
≜- 4 € (MUSIC	4:48.2	:00.0 25 Or 6 To 4	Chicago	TEN	Greatest Hits V
≜- 4 € (010002	MUSIC	:02.9	:00.0 After "Midnight"	Eric Clapton	TFN	The Cream of E
≜- 4 € (010003	MUSIC	4:10.6	:00.0 Already Gone	Eagles	TFN	Their Greatest
±-∢((010004	MUSIC	4:03.7	:00.0 American Pie	Don Mc Lean	TFN	100 Hits Party
±-• 4 € (010005	MUSIC	2:59.9	:00.0 Backstabbers	O'Jays	TFN	The O'Jays Gre
∲{€⊱ (010006	MUSIC	2:57.7	:00.0 Bad, Bad, Leroy Brown	Jim Croce	TFN	The Definitive
	010007	MUSIC	3:04.6	:13.0 Bad Blood	Neil Sedaka	TEN	Bilboard top Hi
• ∢ ⊱ (010008	MUSIC	6:01.2	:00.0 Baker Street	Gerry Rafferty	TFN	City To City
c	Cut 001		6:01.2	:00.0 Cut 001			
	010009	MUSIC	5:08.5	:00.0 Band On The Run	Wings	TFN	Wingspan
⊕- ∢ ⊱ (010010	MUSIC	4:21.9	:00.0 Bang A Gong	T Rex	TFN	America's Top
⊕ ∢ ⊱ (010011	MUSIC	3:31.3	:00.0 Bang The Drum All Day	Todd Rundgren	TFN	I Saw The Ligh
⊕ ∢ ⊱ (MUSIC	3:54.7	:00.0 Big Shot	Billy Joel	TEN	The Complete
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		MUSIC	3:21.1	:00.0 Black And White	Three Dog Night	TEN	The Complete
		MUSIC	5:17.0	:00.0 Black Magic Woman-Gypsy Queen	Santana	TFN	Abraxas
			*****				Abraxas
					13%		
Add		Edit	Delete	Free:	13% 537h 55m	Rip CD Reports	Close

RDLibrary Main Window

A number of important attributes of carts can be seen from this illustration. First is the cart's number. Each cart in the Library gets assigned a unique number when it is created. This number can range between 1 and 999999, and is the primary 'handle' by which both Rivendell and external systems (like traffic or music schedulers) refer to the cart. Very often, sites have specific rules concerning which types of audio (commercials, promos, music, etc) and macros get assigned which numbers. We'll cover this area in some detail when we discuss groups.

Note

Cart numbers in Rivendell are commonly displayed so that they always have six digits, even if that means adding leading zeros to the numbers --e.g. cart '123' will be displayed as '000123'. This convention is used as a visual reminder that the value in question is a Rivendell cart number, but it is perfectly valid to use numbers without the leading zeros when inputting cart numbers into Rivendell.

Immediately to the left of the cart number is an icon indicating the type of cart. Just to the right of the cart number is the average length of the cart. Except in the case of where timescaling is in use (in which case it will be indicated in blue numerals), this value is calculated automatically by the system.

Next comes various columns showing information from the cart label – Title, Artist, Client and Agency data, etc. This information can be edited by opening RDLibrary's Edit Cart dialog, either by double-clicking on the desired cart entry in the list, or by touching the desired cart entry and then touching the Edit button. In either case, you should get a dialog similar to that shown in the illustration.

1		RDLibrary - Edit C	art 0000	01 [SPOTS]		+ ×			
Nu	mber:	000001 Group: 🍕	TRAFFIC	•	Type: AUDIO				
Average Le	ngth:	:15.9	0:00:15.9(
	Title:	SPOTS	POTS						
	Artist:	Various	arious						
Year Rele	ased:	Usage: Featu	er Codes						
Sor	ng ID:		Beats per Minute: Unknown						
A	lbum:								
Record L	abel:								
c	lient:								
-	ency:								
	isher:								
	oser:	[
Condu User Det		[
		By Weight 💌							
	Wt	Description	Length	Last Played	# of Plays	Cut Info			
Add	1	3 Roses Gift Boutique	:14.4	04/23/16	268	Record			
Delate	1 (Oz 2 Design	:12.5	10/01/19	273	Edit			
Delete	11	DWI_011215	:14.5	04/23/16	666	Markers			
Сору	1	Thurber Jewelers	:14.1	04/23/16	275	Import			
сору	11	Peanut Shoppe	:16.3	04/23/16	313	Export			
Paste	2	Liberty Tax	:15.3	11/01/17	185	Rip CD			
Paste	1 9	Stewart Pest and Tree Supplies	:14.0	04/23/16	135	кірсь			
	1 1	Wadsworth Vet Hospital	:17.7	04/23/16	75 🔺				
	•								
Edit Notes					ок	Cancel			

The Edit Cart Dialog

Near the center of the dialog will be a dropdown box labeled Schedule Cuts. When set to By Weight (the default), this will allow cut rotation to be managed by means of daypart settings (see Section 3.1.2.2,

"Cut Dayparting"). When set to By Specified Order, the precise rotation of the cuts within the cart can be set manually.

This is how an audio cart looks when loaded into the Edit Cart dialog. The upper half of the dialog is the cart label data. The meaning of most of these fields should be fairly self-evident, but a few call for special comment:

Enforce Length	When checked, this indicates that timescaling should be applied to this cart when it is played in RDAirPlay, meaning that the cart will air at the length indicated by the Forced Length field, rather than the native length of the audio. Care is needed when implementing timescaling within a facility, as there are limits to how much the length can be altered, while only certain types of audio adapters support it at all.
Group	This is a pull down menu by which the group ownership for the cart can be set. Every cart in Rivendell belongs to precisely one group. The system administrator configures the list of available groups for each user in RDAdmin, and may also define limits to which cart numbers are allowed to belong to particular groups.
Usage	This defines the use to which the material is put. It is included in records generated by the ASCAP/BMI Electronic Music Report.
User Defined	As the name implies, this field has no dedicated meaning to Rivendell itself, but is provided for each site to use as is seen fit.

The example in the illustration above shows an audio cart. As such, the bottom half of the dialog displays the lists of cuts contained within the cart.

3.1.2. Cuts

Each audio cart can contain one or more *cuts*. A Rivendell cut is an actual piece of audio, somewhat analogous to a 'track' on a CD. Up to 999 such cuts can exist within a single cart. Each line in the cut list contains information about the cut, including:

Wt	The <i>weighting</i> value for the cut. see Section 3.1.2.2, "Cut Dayparting" for discussion.
Order	The order value for the cut. see Section 3.1.2.2, "Cut Dayparting" for discussion.
Description	An arbitrary string, assignable by the user as an aid in keeping track of the content, it is roughly analogous to the 'Title' field in the cart label.
Length	The actual, measured play out length of the cut audio. This field is calculated automatically by the system.
Last Played	he last date and time that the cut was aired by one of the on-air modules. Useful for keeping track of stale inventory.
# of Plays	The total number of times the cut has been aired by the one of the on-air modules.
Source	The Rivendell user and host names from which the audio content originated.
Ingest	The name of the host and the date/time at which the audio content was ingested.
Origin	The name of the host upon which the audio in the cut was last recorded, along with the date and time.
Outcue	A user settable field. This line shows up in the RDAirPlay log display when the cut is played.

Start Date	The effective start date/time of the cut.
End Date	The effective end date/time of the cut.
Start Daypart	The start time of the cut's daypart.
End Daypart	The start time of the cut's daypart.
Name	The internal CUTNAME of the cut as used in Rivendell's database.
SHA1	The SHA-1 hash value of the cut's file in Rivendell's audio store.

3.1.2.1. Multiple Cuts in a Cart

What happens when more than one cut is placed into a cart? The default answer, in a word, is *rotation*. Rotation is the ability to schedule a single cart in a log, but to have that cart play out different material at different times. This capability has myriad uses. One of the simplest, common in commercial radio facilities, is to allow multiple versions of a spot to be placed into the system, while still allowing the traffic department to have to track and schedule only one cart number. A more sophisticated use involves use of the cut's *dayparting* settings, forcing different cuts to play based upon certain date/time criteria, such as day of the week or time of day. Cut dayparting is a very powerful feature in Rivendell, and is something we will discuss shortly.

To edit the properties of a cut, either double-click its entry in the cut list, or touch it once to highlight and then touch the Cut Info/Record button. The Record Dialog will now open up.

R R	DLibrary - Cut Info / Record 🔶 🔅
Description:	Thurber Jewelers
Outcue:	
ISCI Code:	
ISRC:	
Source:	[unknown]
Ingest:	rdhost - 02/16/15 15:10:44
Last Played:	04/23/16 21:13:05 # of Plays: 275
Cut is EVE	ERGREEN: Weight 1
Air Date/Tir	me
O Enabled	Start 01/01/00 🔷 00:00:00
Disabled	End 01/01/00
Day of the	abled Start Time 00:00:00 sabled End Time 00:00:00 e Week day I Tuesday I Wednesday Set All Thursday I Friday Saturday I Sunday Clear All
-35 R Channels 2 V Record Mod	Close
Manual	

The Record Dialog

Roughly the upper third of the dialog is for editing the various cut parameters, the middle section is for configuring the cut's daypart settings, and the bottom third is a record machine that can be used both to record new audio into the system and to audition any recording already made.

3.1.2.2. Cut Dayparting

For carts for which Schedule Cuts is set to By Weight, each cut in can be dayparted on the basis of these parameters:

- Weight
- Absolute Start and End Date-Time
- Relative Start and End Time
- Day of the Week

While not strictly a dayparting parameter, the Weight setting of a cut can strongly influence the order (and hence placement) of when a particular cut will play. The weight value of each cut in a cart consistutes the numerator of a fraction, the denominator of which is the sum of the weight values of every cut in the cart. Rivendell's cut selection algorithm will seek to play each cut in like proportion. If it is important in some cases to be able to specify the precise order of each cut play-out, consider changing the Schedule Cuts dropdown to By Specified Order.

By default, each newly created cut in a By Weight cart starts out with dayparting disabled, meaning that it will be 'eligible to play' at all times. By clicking the Enabled radio button in the Air Date/Time box, an absolute start and end date for the cut can be entered, meaning that the cut will be prevented from airing in the on-air modules at any time outside the range of those date-times. Likewise, by selecting the Enabled radio button in the Daypart box, start and end times (relative to the day the cut is to air) can be entered. Cuts designated in this way will be allowed to air only within the specified range of times. Finally, by ticking or clearing the appropriate boxes in the Day of the Week box, a cut can be constrained to air only on certain days of the week.

All of the dayparting parameters can be used either singly or in combination with each other. When combined, the resulting 'eligibility' is calculated as the logical AND of the applied dayparting limits. For example, a cut with the 'Monday' box cleared will refuse to air on Mondays, regardless of whether any of the other daypart rules match.

It's important to remember that dayparting rules affect audio play out only within the on-air modules. You will still be able to audition and play the audio without limitation in the other Rivendell modules.

3.1.2.2.1. Evergreen Cuts

By ticking the Cut is EVERGREEN box, the cut is played into evergreen mode; wherein the normal dayparting rules are bypassed. Instead, such a cut will play if. and only if, *no other* cuts in the cart are eligible to play, thus providing insurance in the event that other cuts in the cart were not updated in a timely fashion.

3.1.2.3. Cart and Cut Color Coding

Each cart or cut in RDLibrary is assigned a color to indicate it's 'playability' for air, as follows:

NO Event will play normally COLOR

- CYAN Event will not play (cut datetime is in the future)
- RED Event will not play (outside of dayparting limits or audio is not available)
- GREEN Event will play an Evergreen

Caution

It's important to remember that the color displayed for each event indicates playability *at the instant that the event is being viewed*.

3.1.2.4. Recording and Auditioning a Cut in the Record Dialog

The lower third of the Record Dialog is used both to audition and record audio. To audition the cut, simply press the play button (the one with the triangular symbol). The button will illuminate, audio will show on the bar meter and start playing immediately. The audio will play to completion, unless either the stop button (square symbol) is pressed, or the Record Dialog is closed.

To record new material into a cut, first ensure that the Channels drop-down menu is set to record the appropriate number of channels, then touch the Record button (round symbol). If the cut contains audio that was recorded previously, a warning box will pop up at this point to inform you of this and to give you a chance to abort the recording without erasing what was previously recorded. If Yes is selected here, the previous recording will be overwritten and no longer accessible. The Record button will now be illuminated steadily, while the Play button will be flashing, indicating that the record machine is in 'ready' mode. The bar meter will also be active to indicate input levels, and this is the point where you want to verify that your levels are correct, with peaks just into the yellow area being optimal. Nothing is actually being recorded just yet.

We have two options for actually starting the record machine. We can start it manually by pressing the Play button, at which point the machine will immediately begin recording, or we can set the Record Mode drop-down menu to the VOX (short for voice activated) setting. When in VOX mode, the record machine will start automatically as soon as it senses the presence of audio at the input.

Once started, recording will continue until either the Stop button is pushed, or the maximum allowed length for a manual recording (set by the system administrator) has been reached. Once stopped, if the AutoTrim drop-down menu has been set to On, the Start and End markers will be automatically set to the beginning and end of detected audio within the cut. (We will discuss Markers in detail when we get to the section on the Edit Markers dialog).

3.2. Alternative Methods of Audio Ingestion

In addition to manually recording material in realtime, RDLibrary supports two alternative methods for audio ingestion:

- Importing from a File
- Ripping from a CD

3.2.1. Importing Audio from a File

To import audio from a file directly into a cut, we start by opening the cut's parent cart in the Edit Cart Dialog. Next, touch the cut's entry in the cut list and then touch the Import/Export button to open the Import/Export Audio Dialog.

Import File Filename: /home/fredg/wav/infrared_2017-10-17.wav Import file metadata Channels: 2 Autotrim Level: Level:	Select
Import file metadata Channels: 2 Autotrim Level: dBF5 Export File	
Autotrim Level:	
O Export File	
· · ·	
Filename:	Select
Export file metadata Format: MPEG L2, 128 kbit/sec, 48000 samp/sec, Stereo	Set
X Normalize Level: -13 dBFS	
Import	Cancel

The Import/Export Audio Dialog

Select the file you wish to import, either by entering the path and filename to it in the Filename field or by clicking the Select button to open a file browsing dialog. Rivendell is capable of importing the following types of audio files:

- Microsoft WAV (*.wav) PCM16, PCM24 and MPEG are supported
- MPEG (*.mp1, *.mp2, *.mp3)
- OggVorbis (*.ogg)
- Free Lossless Audio Codec [FLAC] (*.flac)

Next, set the Channels drop-down menu to the appropriate number of channels. You may also wish to adjust the Normalize or Autotrim controls, although these will normally be set to reasonable default values by the system administrator and should seldom have to be altered. If Normalize is selected, then the imported audio will be peak normalized to the level indicated. The Autotrim does the same thing as in the Record Dialog (see section 2.0.1.2, 'Recording and Auditioning a Cut in the Record Dialog' above for details).

Finally, touch the Import button. A progress bar will indicate percentage completion of the import, followed by a popup box to announce completion. The Import Audio Dialog will automatically close after acknowledging completion. The audio is now imported, and can now be auditioned and otherwise processed in the usual way.

3.2.2. Ripping Audio from a CD Track

To rip audio directly off of a CD into a cut, we again start by opening the cut's parent cart in the Edit Cart Dialog. Next, select the cut's by touching the cut's entry in the cut list, and then touch the Rip button to open the Rip CD Dialog.

				RDLibrary - Rip CD		• • ×
Title:	[none]					
Artist:	-					
Album:						
Label:						
Other:						
Tracks		oly Mus	icBrair	nz Values to Cart	MusicBrainz	
Track	Length	Title	Artist	Туре		
						Rip Track
X Norn X Auto Chann			el: -13 el: 0	dBFS		Close

The Rip CD Dialog

Load a CD into the CD drive. After a few seconds, list of tracks should appear in the Tracks area. If the system administrator has enabled it, the system will attempt to locate a record for the disc at the MusicBranz.org music encyclopedia. If it finds a record there, the disc title and track information will be populated automatically.

		RDLibrary - Rip CD		+ = ×
Title:	[none]			•
Artist:	Ennio M	forricone; Yo-Yo Ma		
Album:	Yo-Yo M	1a Plays Ennio Morricone		
Label:	Sony C	lassical		
Other:				
Tracks	🗙 Арр	ly MusicBrainz Values to Cart	MusicBrainz	
Track	Length	Title	Artist	
1	3:13.0	"Gabriel's Oboe" from The Mission	Ennio Morricone; Yo-	
2	2:28.0	"The Falls" from The Mission	Ennio Morricone; Yo-	
3	1:49.0	Giuseppe Tornatore Suite: The Legend of 1900: Playing Love	Ennio Morricone; Yo-	
4	1:59.0	Giuseppe Tornatore Suite: Cinema Paradiso: Nostalgia	Ennio Morricone; Yo-	
5	1:43.0	Giuseppe Tornatore Suite: Cinema Paradiso: Looking for You	Ennio Morricone; Yo-	
6	4:22.0	Giuseppe Tornatore Suite: Malena: Main Theme	Ennio Morricone; Yo-	
7	3:52.0	Giuseppe Tornatore Suite: A Pure Formality: Ricordare	Ennio Morricone; Yo-	
8	3:32.0	Sergio Leone Suite: Once Upon a Time in America: Deborah's Theme	Ennio Morricone; Yo-	Rip Track
9	2:13.0	Sergio Leone Suite: Once Upon a Time in America: Cockeye's Song	Ennio Morricone; Yo-	
•				
X Norm X Autot Chann	rim	Level: -13 ↓ dBFS Level: 0 ↓ dBFS		Close

A typical MusicBrainz lookup

Note

It's possible that a disc will match more than one MusicBrainz record, in which case the system will present a dialog asking you to select the actual disc being used.

	RDLibrary - MusicBrainz Lookup 🔶 🗉 🗙
	Multiple Matches Found!
Cover Not Available	Yo-Yo Ma Plays Ennio Morricone [CD] [UPC 8 2796-93456-2 7]
	OK Cancel

The MusicBrainz Multiple Matches Dialog

If this occurs, select one or more entries from the dropdown list and then touch OK. If more than one track is selected, the selected tracks will be seamlessly concatenated together in the target cut.

Set the Channels, Normalize and Autotrim controls appropriately (see Section 3.2.1, "Importing Audio from a File" for details on using the Normalize and Autotrim controls). Next, touch the track you wish to rip and then press the Rip Track button. The track will now be ripped into the cut, with a progress bar keeping you informed of progress. When the rip is complete, a message box will pop up to inform you of this.

If MusicBrainz data was found for the CD, you can have that information automatically be placed on the cart label for the cart by ticking the Apply MusicBrainz Values to Cart box before closing the Dialog.

3.2.3. Ripping Multiple CD Tracks at a Time

Sometimes, when transferring multiple audio tracks from CD, it's more convenient to be able to set up the entire transfer at once and then let the rip run in a 'batch' mode. RDLibrary is capable of ripping audio in this manner as well. To do this, click the Rip CD button near the bottom of the main RDLibrary screen, bringing up the Rip Disk Dialog.

M			RDLibrary - Rip Disk			• • ×
Artist:	Ennio Morrico	ne; Yo-Yo	Ma			
Album:	Yo-Yo Ma Play	s Ennio M	orricone			
Other:						
	X Apply Mus		Values to Carts	🌗 Music	Brain	Z
	Track	Length	Title			Set
	1	3:13.0	"Gabriel's Oboe" from The Mission		Enn	Cart/Cut
	2	2:28.0	"The Falls" from The Mission		Enn	Add Cart
	3	1:49.0	Giuseppe Tornatore Suite: The Legend of 1900: Play	ing Love	Enn	Per Track
	4	1:59.0	Giuseppe Tornatore Suite: Cinema Paradiso: Nostalg		Enn	Add Single
	5	1:43.0	Giuseppe Tornatore Suite: Cinema Paradiso: Looking) for You	Enn	Cart
	6	4:22.0	Giuseppe Tornatore Suite: Malena: Main Theme		Enn	
	7	3:52.0	Giuseppe Tornatore Suite: A Pure Formality: Ricorda	re	Enn	
	8	3:32.0	Sergio Leone Suite: Once Upon a Time in America: D	eborah's Theme	e Enn	
	9	2:13.0	Sergio Leone Suite: Once Upon a Time in America: C	Cockeye's Song	Enn	Modify Cart Label
	10	1:48.0	Sergio Leone Suite: Once Upon a Time in America: N	lain Theme	Enn	
	11	3:21.0	Sergio Leone Suite: Once Upon a Time in the West: I	Main Theme	Enn≠	Clear Selection
	•					Selection
Disk Pro	gress					
Track Pr	ogress					
× Norm	alize Lev	vel: -13	dBFS			
X Autot		rel: 0	dBFS	Rip		Close
Chann	els: 2 🔻			Dis	с	Close

The Rip Disk Dialog

This dialog is similar in many ways to the Rip CD Dialog described above, except that each track or range of tracks can be assigned to ripped to a different cut by double clicking on its listing or selecting the desired tracks, touching the listing and then the Set Cart/Cut button, bringing up the Select Cart/Cut Dialog. It's also possible to create a new cart automatically for each selected set of tracks by touching the Add Cart Per Track or Add Single Cart buttons.

Filter	e 🦳								
	р: 📢 М	USIC	▼ Sched	uler Code:	s: ALL and [none]	▼ Matching Carts: (X S	100 how Only F	irst 100 l	Clear
Cart		Group	Length	Talk	Title	Artist	Start	End	Album
∲-•€	010010	MUSIC	4:21.9	:00.0	Bang A Gong	T Rex		TFN	America's Top
L.,	Cut 001		4:21.9	:00.0	Cut 001				
∲ { €	010011	MUSIC	3:31.3	:00.0	Bang The Drum All Day	Todd Rundgren		TFN	I Saw The Ligh
L	Cut 001		3:31.3	:00.0	Cut 001				
∲ { €	010012	MUSIC	3:54.7	:00.0	Big Shot	Billy Joel		TFN	The Complete
L.,	Cut 001		3:54.7	:00.0	Cut 001				
∲ 4 €	010013	MUSIC	3:21.1	:00.0	Black And White	Three Dog Night		TFN	The Complete
L	Cut 001		3:21.1	:00.0	Cut 001				
•									••
Add N Car		Clear						ок	Cancel

The Set Cart/Cut Dialog

Select the desired cut to rip to and then touch the OK button, or create a new, empty cart/cut by touching the Add New Cart button. The complete set of library filtering tools are available to you here – see Section 3.4, "Navigating the Audio Library" for details on their function, just as in the main RDLibrary screen.

Once all of the desired tracks have been assigned to cuts, be sure that the Normalize, Autotrim, Channels and Apply FreeDB Values to Cart controls have been set as desired, then click the Rip Disk button. A set of progress bars will keep you informed of the progress of each track, as well as overall progress. When, the rip is finished, a message box will let you know.

3.3. Macro Carts

A macro cart is a cart that contains one or more commands written in Rivendell Macro Language (or 'RML' for short). The Edit Cart dialog for a macro cart is similar in many ways to that for an audio cart with the exception of the lower half, which contains a list of RML commands to be executed rather than a list of cuts. (NOTE: for a complete description of Rivendell Macro Language, including a breakdown of available commands, see Chapter 14, *Rivendell Macro Language*).

To add a new line of RML, select the desired location in the list and touch the Add button. Similarly, a line can be deleted by selecting it and then touching the Delete button, or modified by touching the Edit button. The RML can be tested, either line-by-line or as a whole by touching the Run Line or Run Cart button respectively. It is also possible to Copy and Paste individual lines both within a given cart or between carts.

In addition to RML code, lines can also contain host variables (see Section 12.5.9, "Configuring Host Variables") and filepath wildcards (see Appendix D, *Filepath Wildcards*).

M		RDLi	orary - Edi	t Cart 05	0002 [Lab	el Test]			• X
Nun	nber:	050002	Group:	🐼 масі	ROS	• т	ype: M	ACRO]
Average Ler	ngth:	:02.0		Enfo	rce Length	Force	d Lengt	h: 00:00:0	2.0 💂
1	Title:	Label Test							
A	rtist:								
Year Relea	ased: [Usage:	Feature		-	Sch	eduler Co	des
Son	g ID:				I	Beats per I	Minute:	Unknown	-
Al	bum:								
Record L	abel:								
CI	lient:								
Age	ency:								
Publis	sher:								
Comp	oser:								
Condu									
User Defi	ined:								
		Execute	Asynchron	ously	Use RDL	ogManage	r Lengti	h for PAD	Jpdates
Add	Line			Com	mand				Edit
	1	LC red Toda	y is "%m/%d	/%Y"!					
	2	SP 2000!							
Delete	3	LB!							
		End of Ca	irt						Run
Сору									Line
Paste									Run Cart
						ſ			
Edit Notes							ок	c	ancel
Notes									

The Edit Macro Cart Dialog

3.4. Navigating the Audio Library

The uppermost section of RDLibrary's main window contains tools designed to allow for fast searching of the entire audio library, making locating a particular piece of audio easy even in a library containing thousands of carts. It's possible to control what carts are listed, as well as how they are sorted.

3.4.1. Changing the Cart Sort Order

The order in which carts are displayed in the cart list can be changed by simply clicking on the header of the column by which you want them sorted by. By default, the carts are sorted by Cart Number. To sort them alphabetically by Title instead, simply click the Title header once. To sort them by Title in reverse --i.e. from 'Z' to 'A' - click the Title header once again. Clicking the Title header a third time restores the sort to normal 'A' to 'Z' again. And so on for all of the columns in the cart list - it's possible to sort the Library by Artist, Length, or any other parameter shown in the cart list.

3.4.2. Selecting Carts by the Filter Field

Often, one will want to find a cart or set of carts whose label(s) contains a particular word or phrase. It's possible to narrow the list of displayed carts to this set by simply entering the desired word or phrase into the Filter field at the top of the main RDLibrary screen. The full list can be restored by clearing the Filter field or by clicking the Clear button.

Note

For a detailed description of search filter syntax, including examples, see Appendix I, *Library Text Searches*.

3.4.3. Selecting Carts by Group

It's possible to limit the list of carts to only those in a particular group by setting the Group drop-down menu to the desired group name.

3.4.4. Selecting Carts by Type

You can tell RDLibrary what type of carts to list by checking the Show Audio Carts and Show Macro Carts boxes. Clearing both boxes obviously results in no carts at all being displayed.

It's also possible to combine all four of the above search and sorting methods.

3.4.5. Selecting and Opening Carts

Once the desired cart has been located on the cart list, load it into the Edit Cart Dialog by either double clicking its list entry, or by touching its list entry and then touching the Edit button.

3.4.6. Viewing and Selecting Cuts

If a cart contains more than one cut, you can view all the cuts contained by the cart by clicking the + icon. The cuts can be hidden by clicking the – icon.

3.4.7. Playing Carts and Cuts

A selected cart or cut can be played by either pressing the play button (the one with the triangular symbol) or by pressing the space bar. If a cart or cut is currently playing, selecting another cart or cut with the mouse or arrow keys will automatically play the newly selected item. To stop a playing cart or cut, press the stop button (square symbol) or press the space bar again.

3.4.8. Running Macros

A selected macro can be run by pressing the Run Macro button.

3.5. Library Maintenance

3.5.1. Editing Markers

Rivendell uses a system of cue points within audio cuts, referred to as *markers*. Markers can be used to specify a number of parameters for a piece of audio. They are set in the Edit Markers Dialog. To access the Dialog, open an audio cart, select the cut to open on the cut list and then touch the Edit Markers button.

The Dialog is divided into three areas: the waveform area in the upper half, consisting of the waveform display and Amplitude and Time buttons; the transport controls area in the center, consisting of Start, Pause, Stop and Loop buttons along with an audio meter and marker position readouts, and the bottom section containing the usual OK and Cancel buttons.



The Edit Marker Dialog

It's possible to 'zoom-in' on the waveform in various ways by clicking the Amplitude and Time buttons. By default, the waveform is displayed fully 'zoomed-out', thus showing the entire length of the audio cut. The GoTo buttons can be used to jump directly to the current play out cursor position, start or end of the waveform.

Audio can be played one of two ways: either by clicking on the waveform to indicate where play out should start and then clicking the left-hand Play button, causing play out to start from the selected position, or by clicking the center Play button, which will cause play out to start from the currently selected start marker. Clicking the Loop button will cause the audio to play out continuously, looping from end back to start, until either the Stop, Save or Cancel buttons are clicked.

All cuts have Cut markers, used to indicate the absolute start and end of the cut when played on-air. To adjust the position of the markers, position the mouse cursor over one of the arrows on the marker, press and hold the left-hand mouse button and drag it to the desired location. The marker's arrows will become larger to indicate that the marker has been selected.

Additional markers can be set as follows:

Fade Down	Indicates the point in the cut play-out to begin a steady fade down that will continue until the end Cut marker.
Fade Up	Indicates the point in the cut play-out to end a steady fade up that starts at the start Cut marker.
Hook	Indicates the portion of the cut to be played by a sound panel when in $Hook$ mode.

Segue	Indicates the portion of the cut to be overlapped with audio from the following log event when used with a SEGUE transition in rdairplay (1).
Talk	Indicates the start and end points of the "Pie Widget" talk timer when the cut is played in rdairplay (1).

To add a marker, position the mouse cursor on the waveform, press the right-hand button and select the desired marker from the pop-up menu. Once added, a marker can be repositioned in the usual way.

To delete a marker, position the mouse cursor on one of the marker's arrows, press the right-hand button and select Delete Marker from the pop-up menu.





3.5.2. Copying and Pasting Audio from Cut to Cut

It's possible to make copies of an existing audio cut on the system by opening up the cut's parent cart in the Edit Cart Dialog, selecting it on the cut list and clicking the Copy button. To paste the copied audio, simply select the desired destination cut (within the same cart or a different one) and press Paste.

3.6. Generating Library Reports

Various Library reports can be generated by touching the Reports button on the main RDLibrary screen and then selecting the desired report and touching the Generate button. The contents of the resulting report will be filtered according to RDLibrary's the current search parameters.

The following reports are available:

3.6.1. The Cart Report

The cart report consists of a list of all selected carts on the system, with their attributes.

3.6.2. The Cut Report

The cut report consists of a list of all cuts contained by the selected carts on the system, with their attributes.

3.6.3. The Cart Data Dump (CSV)

The CSV cart data dump is a special type of report that consists of CSV formatted data elements, one line per cut for the selected carts on the system. It is intended for use where a 'dump' of available carts in the system is desired for import into an external system (such as a music scheduling system).

Chapter 4. Automating Tasks with RDCatch

4.1. Choosing the Correct Automation Tool

Rivendell includes two modules specially optimized for performing automatic operations: the RDCatch and RDAirPlay modules. However, these two modules take radically different approaches in how they go about organizing and controlling operations, so a few words regarding each may be in order here.

RDCatch is aimed at executing actions on the basis of a strict time-based schedule, referred to as an event list. Each action (which can be a *recording*, a *play out*, an *upload* or *download*, a *macro* execution or an operation on an audio *switcher* device) executes on the basis of its scheduled time in the event list, independently of all other actions. As such, RDCatch is often best suited for use in settings such as network head end operations or 'auxiliary' roles at broadcast stations, where the transitions between events are generally not an important part of the presentation.

RDAirPlay takes a very different approach, in that most events are organized into one or more playlists or logs. A Rivendell log is a list of one or more carts, organized in chronological order. As the name implies, RDAirPlay is optimized for use in situations where the transitions between the various program elements are a key part of the delivery and presentation of the content, such as in live air play environments.

Of course, it's entirely possible to use both modules, even together on the same machine at the same time – the Linux OS makes for a very robust and capable multitasking system. In this chapter, we will take a look at the capabilities of RDCatch.

4.2. The RDCatch Main Window

After starting up RDCatch, you will see the The RDCatch Main Window. The window consists of four areas: the record / play out decks at the top, the filter areas just below the decks, the events list and the audition buttons and other buttons at the bottom. We'll cover each of these in turn.

4.2.1. The Record / Play Out Deck Area

If the system administrator has configured one or more RDCatch record or play out decks, they will be visible at the top of the RDCatch main window. A record deck is a virtual 'recorder' that can be used to make automated recordings, while a play out deck can be used to automatically play out audio. It does not matter on which particular host a particular deck resides – all Rivendell decks throughout the system are visible in RDCatch, regardless of which host it is run upon.

Starting at the left-hand edge of each deck, there is the deck's name, consisting of the name of the deck's host machine followed by a number and a letter, an R to indicate a record deck and a P to indicate a play out deck. Next, for record decks, there is a MON button, used to monitor the audio present at the deck input, followed by an ABORT button, used to manually stop an event running in the deck. A description of the currently running event next appears (this area will be blank if no event is currently active), followed by the deck's status, which could be any of the values in Table 4.1, "RDCatch Event States".

Table 4.1. RDCatch Event States

Status	Meaning
IDLE	The deck is available for events
Status	Meaning
-----------	---
READY	The deck has started monitoring audio but the transport is not yet rolling (record decks only).
WAITING	The deck is waiting for a GPI event (record decks only)
RECORDING	The deck is recording (record decks only)
PLAYING	The deck is playing out (play out decks only)
OFFLINE	The deck is configured but not available

RDCatch v4.0.0beta	3int0 - Host: elas	tigirl, User: us	ser		↑ □ □
elastigirl : 1R MON ABORT			IDLE	L R	
elastigirl : 1P ABORT			IDLE	L R	
Show Only Active Events Show Only Today's Events	Show DayOfWeek:	All	-	Show Event Type: All Types	•
Description	Location	Start	End	Source	
🖗 Remote Test	📕 elastigirl	Hard: 00:00:00		Cart 050004	
Cart Chunk: the traffic data file format for the Radio Industr	y- 📕 elastigirl	Hard: 00:00:00		Cut 999004_001	sftp://s
 RDCatch Test->This is a new description for cut 	📃 elastigirl	Hard: 03:30:00		ftp://download.example.com/my_file.n	np3 Cut 99
}⊱ Bang A Gong->Cut 001	📕 elastigirl : 1P	Hard: 14:00:00	Len: 4:21	Cut 010010_001	
Record Test->Cut 001	📮 elastigirl : 1R				
Activate Gazerbeam	📕 elastigirl	Hard: 04:25:00		30501: Gazerbeam 0 ON ELASTIGIRL	172.30
Add Edit Delete Scroll Re	ports 16:4	49:06			(Close

The RDCatch Main Window

Finally, each deck has an audio meter on its right-hand end, used to verify audio levels in realtime.

4.2.2. The Filter Area

Immediately below the decks is the filter area, consisting of the Show Only Active Events, Show Only Today's Events Show DayOfWeek and Show Event Type controls, which are used to select which events will be visible in the events list area immediately below.

4.2.3. The Event List

The event list is a system wide list of all events to be executed by RDCatch on all of the various hosts on the Rivendell network, with each event occupying a single line. The status of each event is indicated by its background color, as shown in Table 4.2, "RDCatch Event State Colors"

Table 4.2. RDCatch Event State Colors

Color	Meaning
YELLOW	The event is next to be executed.
GREEN	The event is active.

Color	Meaning
CYAN	The event is in the READY state.
VIOLET	The event is in the WAITING state.
RED/PINK	The event is reporting an error.

Each entry in the event list starts with an icon that indicates the type of the event, as shown in Table 4.3, "RDCatch Event Icons"

Table 4.3. RDCatch Event Icons



Next on each line comes the Description (settable by the user) and Location for the event, the location being the name of the host/deck where the event will run. Then comes the Start and End parameters. These time-based parameters come in one of three different forms: a hard time, which is simply an absolute time (in twenty-four hour 'military' format), a length (in MM:SS format, relative to an earlier start time), or a GPI start. The GPI parameters can be somewhat involved. They are specified in the following format:

Gpi: <start-time>,<end-time>,<gpi-num>,<wait-time>

Where:

<start-time></start-time>	The time, in HH:MM:SS format, when RDCatch will start looking for a GPI event (also sometimes referred to as the window start time).
<end-time></end-time>	The time, in HH:MM:SS format, when RDCatch will stop looking for a GPI event (also sometime referred to as the window end time).
<gpi-num></gpi-num>	The number of the GPI event to wait for, in the format MATRIX:LINE. We will deal with GPI matrix and line numbers in detail when we cover RDAdmin.
<wait-time></wait-time>	The amount of time to wait, in MM:SS format, between the reception of the GPI event and the actual start of the event (used only for Start parameters).

For example, the start parameter 'Gpi: 14:00:00,14:05:59,0:1,01:00' has a window start time of 14:00:00 [2:00:00 PM], a window end time of 14:05:59, looks for a GPI event on line 0:1 and will wait one minute [01:00] after receiving the GPI before starting the event.

Next come the Source and Destination fields. The uses of these will vary depending upon what type of event is being listed, but should normally be fairly self-evident. For example, for a record event, the source field indicates the audio source from which the recording is to be made, while the destination indicates the cat/cut combo to which the recording should be made. Some events may leave one or the other of these fields blank.

Now come the day of the week fields. These indicate on which days of the week the listed event should be executed, followed by the Origin field, which is simply a readout of the Origin data of the events underlying cut. There are a number of other fields which follow, but these are less important for understanding the operation of RDCatch.

4.2.4. The Button Area

At the bottom of the main window are various buttons. On the left-hand side, the Add, Edit and Delete buttons are used to manage events in the event list. Clicking the Scroll button toggles RDCatch into and out of 'scroll mode'. In this mode, the event list display will be advanced automatically so as to keep the first actively running event centered within the event list area.

On the right hand side, in addition to Close, are three audition buttons. These buttons can be used to audition the head and tail of each cut referenced by an event, thus making it possible to quickly verify that a set of automatic recordings were properly executed.

4.3. Daylight Saving Time Considerations

Many governmental jurisdictions have promulgated regulations dictating that local clocks be adjusted at certain times of the year –e.g. during summertime or certain religious events. Commonly known as "Daylight Saving Time", "Summer Time" or "Ramadan Time", special care must be taken when configuring events that occur near or during a transition from "standard" time to "daylight saving time" and vice-versa. There are two basic types of such transitions; a "spring forward" transition, during which the local clock is advanced some period of time (typically an hour) and a "fall back" transition, during which the local clock is set back some period of time (again, typically an hour).

4.3.1. Spring Forward Transitions

When "springing forward", the local clock will simply skip past certain time values. For example, imagine that we have a transition where, at 02:00:00 exactly (2:00:00 AM), the clock will be advanced 1 hour. A digital clock counting through this transition would show values like:

[...] 01:59:57 01:59:58 01:59:59 03:00:00 03:00:01 03:00:02 [...]

In this example, the entire 2 AM hour simply *doesn't exist*. Hence, any RDCatch events that reference such events will *not* be executed.

Warning

This applies not only to configured <start-time> values, but also to <end-time> ones as well. If *any* configured times in an event fall into a "skipped" time period, then the entire event will be skipped.

4.3.2. Fall Back Transitions

"Fall-back" transitions have the exact opposite behavior. Specifically, the time period over which the transition occurs is *duplicated*. For example, imagine that we have a transition where, at 02:00:00 exactly (2:00:00 AM), the clock will be set back 1 hour. A digital clock counting through this transition would show values like:

[...] 01:59:57 01:59:58 01:59:59 01:00:00 01:00:01 01:00:02 [...]

The end of the *second* 1 AM hour then proceeds normally:

[...] 01:59:57 01:59:58 01:59:59 02:00:00 02:00:01 02:00:02 [...]

When dealing with a transition of this sort, RDCatch will treat times that occur within the transition as belonging to the *first pass*; with the all times in the *second pass* being ignored.

4.4. Adding New Events

A new event can be added to the event list by simply clicking the Add button to bring up the Add Event Dialog (see The Add Event Dialog). Simply clicking the button that correspond to the desired type of event will create it.



The Add Event Dialog

4.5. Automating Recordings

Automated recordings are configured by means of the Edit Recording dialog (see The Edit Recording Dialog), which can be accessed either by clicking the Recording button in the Add Event dialog to create a new record event or by touching the Edit button to modify an existing event.

4.5.1. The 'Start Parameters' Section

The start parameters of each recording are configured in the 'Start Parameters' section. A recording can be programmed to start on the basis of the wall clock time, referred to the hard start time, or upon reception of a general-purpose input, or GPI event originated by a satellite receiver, tone decoder or other external device. Programming a hard start time is merely a matter of entering the desired start time, in 24 hour 'military' format. Programming a GPI start involves, in addition to entry of the GPI parameters themselves (matrix and GPI line numbers) that Window Start and Windows End times be entered, that define the 'window' during which reception of the appropriate GPI event will be 'recognized' by RDCatch. It is also optionally possible to specify a Start Delay between reception of the GPI event and the actual start of the recording.

i	RDCatch - Edit Recording	م ک
K Event Active	Location: elastigirl : 1R	
Start Paramet	ers	
Use Hard Time	ne Record Start Time: 11:59:00	
🔘 Use GPI	Window Start Time: 00:00:00 🙀 Window End Time: 00:00:00	
	GPI Matrix: G GPI Line:	
	Allow Multiple Recordings within this Window	
End Parameter		
O Use Hard Tim		
Use Length	Record Length: 00:00:30	
Use GPI	Window Start Time: 00:00:00 🚽 Window End Time: 00:00:00	*
	GPI Matrix: 0 🖨 GPI Line: 1 🖨 Max Record Length: 01:00:00 🖨	
Description:	SPOTS->DWI_011215	
Source:	24 - Gazerbeam 7 ON ELASTIGIRL	
Destination:	Cut 000001:003	elect
	Channels: 2 🔻	
	Autotrim Level: -1 dBFS	
	Normalize Level: -13 dBFS	
- Active Days	s	
Monday	🗌 Tuesday 🗮 Wednesday 📄 Thursday 📄 Friday	
	Saturday Sunday	
Start Date Off	fset: None 🔺 End Date Offset: None 🔺	
Make OneS	Save As OK Can	cel

The Edit Recording Dialog

4.5.2. The 'End Parameters' Section

The end parameters of each recording are configured in the 'End Parameters' section. A recording can be programmed to end on the basis of a hard time, its absolute length or in response to a GPI event. Programming of the Hard Time and Length parameters should be fairly self-explanatory, while the parameters needed to program a GPI event are similar to those used for the start parameters, with the exception of the Max Record Length setting, which limits the maximum length of the recording in the event that the expected GPI event is never received.

4.5.3. Programming Multiple Recordings in a Single Event

If a record event is configured to use GPI for its start and Length or GPI for its end parameter, then it is possible to configure the event to make repeated, multiple recordings within a single event by checking the Allow Multiple Recordings Within This Window box in the 'Start Parameters' section. This can significantly reduce the amount of required record events when capturing material with high on-air turnover, such as newscasts or traffic reports.

4.5.4. Selecting a Record Source

If the selected record deck (chosen in the Location drop-down menu at the top of the dialog) as been configured to operate with an audio switcher device, the appropriate audio input can be chosen from the Source drop-down menu.

4.5.5. Selecting a Record Destination

Each programmed recording must have a 'destination', a designated Cart/Cut which will hold the audio. The currently programmed destination is shown in the Destination field, and can be changed by clicking the Select button.

4.5.6. Setting the Active Days for a Recording

A check should be placed next to each day of the week for which a recording should be made in the Active Days box. If no days are checked, then no recordings at all will be made.

4.5.7. Record List Management with Event Active and Make OneShot

The record event will be actually executed only if Event Active check box (in the upper left corner of the dialog box) is ticked. By clearing this box, it's possible to 'bank' a record event without actually having it run, useful for events that are only used sporadically.

For events that need to be executed only once, the Make OneShot box can be ticked. Such an event will execute just once, and then automatically delete itself from the event list.

4.6. Automating Playouts

Automated playouts are configured by means of the Edit Playout dialog (see The Edit Playout Dialog), which can be accessed either by clicking the Playout button in the Add Event dialog to create a new record event or by touching the Edit button to modify an existing event. The process of configuring a playout is very similar to that for configuring a recording – see the Section 4.5, "Automating Recordings" above for details.

ľ	RDCatch - Edit Playout • ×
🗶 Event Active	Location: 🔆 elastigiri : 1P 🔹 Start Time: 15:43:00 🛓
Description:	SPOTS->Oz 2 Design
Destination:	Cut 000001:002 Select
Active Days	Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday
Make Ones	Shot Save As New OK Cancel

The Edit Playout Dialog

4.7. Automating Uploads/Downloads

It's possible to use RDCatch to automatically upload and download material from both local and Internetbased servers. Automated downloads are configured by means of the Edit Download dialog, which can be accessed either by clicking the Download button in the Add Event dialog (see The Edit Download Dialog) to create a new record event or by touching the Edit button to modify an existing event.

ľ	RDCatch - Edit Download 🔷 🗙
X Event Active	Location: elastigiri Start Time: 01:02:03
Description:	RDCatch Test->This is a new description for cut
Url:	sftp://download.example.com/test/myfile.mp3
Username:	someuser Password: ······
	Authenticate with local identity file
Destination:	Cut 999007:001 Select
	Channels: 2 💌
	Autotrim Level: 1 dBFS
	X Normalize Level: -13 🔺 dBFS
	Update Library Metadata
Active Days	
Monday	Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday
	Saturday Sunday
Make OneSi	not Event Offset: 0 📥 days
	Save As New OK Cancel

The Edit Download Dialog

With the exception of the Url, Username and Password controls, the process of configuring a download is very similar to that for configuring a recording – see the Section 4.5, "Automating Recordings" above for details.

The Url control is used to specify the Uniform Resource Locater for the material to be downloaded. The following download types are supported: http:, ftp:, sftp: and file:. The Url field can also include wildcard characters that can be used to construct date-based URLs.

The Username and Password fields are used to indicate the username and password required for access to the server referenced in the Url. For public web pages and anonymous FTP servers, these fields can be left blank.

Automated uploads are configured by means of the Edit Upload dialog (see The Edit Upload Dialog), which can be accessed either by clicking the Upload button in the Add Event dialog to create a new record event or by touching the Edit button to modify an existing event. The following upload types are supported: **ftp:**, **sftp:** and **file:**. As with downloads, the Url field can also include wildcard characters that can be used to construct date-based URLs.

Y	RDCatch - Edit Upload
X Event Active	Location: elastigirl Start Time: 14:10:00
Source:	Cut 010005:001 Select
Description:	Backstabbers->Cut 001
RSS Feed:	[none]
Url:	sftp://192.168.21.21/home/fredg/temp/test.mp3
Username:	someuser Password: ·····
	Authenticate with local identity file
Export Format:	PCM16, 44100 samp/sec, Stereo Set
	X Normalize Level: -13 🖕 dBFS
	Export Library Metadata
Active Days	
X Monday	🕱 Tuesday 🕱 Wednesday 🕱 Thursday 🕱 Friday
	Saturday Sunday
Make OneSI	not Event Offset: 0 🔹 days

The Edit Upload Dialog

Configuration of an upload event is very similar to that of a download, with the addition of the Export Format control. This is used to set what file format should be used for the upload. Depending upon what software encoders have been installed by the system administrator, the following export types may be available:

- PCM16 Linear (*.wav)
- PCM24 Linear (*.wav)
- Free Lossless Audio Codec [FLAC] (*.flac)
- MPEG Layer 2 (*.mp2)
- MPEG Layer 3 (*.mp3)
- OggVorbis (*.ogg)

The desired upload format and parameters are set by clicking the Set button.

4.8. Automating Macro Execution

It's possible to configure the automatic execution of a Macro Cart by means of the Edit Cart Event dialog (see The Edit Cart Event Dialog), which can be accessed either by clicking the Macro Cart button in the Add Event dialog to create a new Macro Cart event or by touching the Edit button to modify an existing event. The process of configuring a macro cart event is very similar to that for configuring a recording – see Section 4.5, "Automating Recordings" above for details.

T	RDCatch - Edit Cart Event
🗶 Event Active	Location: elastigiri 🔻 Start Time: 00:00:00
Description:	Remote Test
Cart Number:	050004 Select
- Active Days	
Monday	🕱 Tuesday 🗌 Wednesday 🗌 Thursday 🗌 Friday
	Saturday Sunday
Make OneSi	Save As New OK Cancel

The Edit Cart Event Dialog

4.9. Automating Switcher Operations

It's possible to configure an automatic operation on a switcher device by means of the Edit Switcher Event dialog (see The Edit Switcher Event Dialog), which can be accessed either by clicking the Switch Event button in the Add Event dialog to create a new switch event or by touching the Edit button to modify an existing event.

T	RDCatch - Edit Switcher Event	(↑ ×
X Event Active	Location: elastigirl Start Time: 04:25:0	00
Description:	Activate Gazerbeam	
Switch Matrix:	Input Switcher	-
Switch Input:	30501: Gazerbeam 0 ON ELASTIGIRL	-
	17	
Switch Output:	172.30.4.212/1: PGM 4 ON RDVIRT-SERV	-
	9	
Active Days		
Monday	🗌 Tuesday 📄 Wednesday 📄 Thursday 📄 Fri	day
	Saturday Sunday	
🗌 Make OneSh	Sava Ar	Cancel

The Edit Switcher Event Dialog

In addition to the usual fields, a switch event has Switch Matrix (the name of one of the switch matrices associated with the selected Location), Switch Input and Switch Output controls. When executed, a switch events causes a take operation to be performed on the specified switcher device between the specified input and output. It is possible to specify the input and output either by their alphanumeric names (assigned in RDAdmin) or by their absolute numbers.

Chapter 5. Generating and Maintaining Logs with RDLogEdit

5.1. Logs and Log Events

A Rivendell log is a sequence of one or more events to be executed by the system, arranged in chronological order. (This functionality is sometimes referred to as a playlist in other automation systems). Several different types of events can be included in a log, along with parameters governing how and under what circumstances they will be executed.

Upon startup, RDLogEdit will show the current list of all logs on the system. A number of important attributes of logs can be seen from The RDLogEdit Main Window, the first being the log name, with a summary status indicator next to it. The name is an alpha-numeric label that is used as a unique "handle" by the system to reference each log, and can be up to a maximum of 64 characters long. The status indicator is intended as a quick visual guide as to whether a particular log is ready for air (green check mark) or not (red ex).

Service: ALL	▼ Filter:						Clear
		Show O	nly Rec	ent Log	s		
Log Name	Description	Service	Music	Traffic	Tracks	Valid From	Valid
FredFavs	Fred's Favorite Music	Fred	۲	٢		Always	Alway
🖉 Favs-0805	Favs log	Fred	9	9		Always	Alway
🖊 purgetest	purgetest log	test	۲	9		Always	Alway
RotationTest	RotationTest log	Fred	9	9		Always	Alway
🖊 new	new log	test	9	9		Always	Alway
🖉 Favs	Favs log	WCR	•	•	● 0/0	Always	Alway
🕻 MergeTemplate	MergeTemplate log	Fred	۹	9	9 0/1	Always	Alway
MergeTest	MergeTemplate log	Fred	۲	9		Always	Alway
FredCurrent	FredCurrent log	Fred	۲	9	9 1/1	Always	Alway
FredTest	FredTest log	Fred	٢	٢		Always	Alway
	<u></u>						I
		Voic		Lo			

The RDLogEdit Main Window

Next comes the log's unique Name, assigned at the time the log was created, followed by its Description. This is a free-form alpha-numeric label that can be used to record any information that might be useful to have appear on the log list (e.g. "This log for Sunday's show, don't modify!").

Next comes a column showing the owning Service. Each log is owned by exactly one service, which determines under what circumstances the log can be played and where electronic log reconciliation (ELR) data resulting from log playouts is sent (for an overview of Rivendell services, see Section 1.1.1.5, "Services").

Next comes three "status indicator" columns (Music, Traffic and Tracks) indicating the log's degree of readiness for air. A red indicator indicates that the particular data element is required but currently missing, a green indicator indicates an element is required and present, while a white indicator indicates that an element is not required. Additionally, the TRACKS column contains a pair of numbers indicating how many completed voice tracks exist in the log versus how many total track markers exist (the subject of voice tracks and track markers will be covered in more detail below). When all three of these status indicators show either green or white, the summary status indicator in any of these three fields will show a red ex. (NOTE: because a log sports a red ex does not indicate that the respective log cannot be played. It is merely a visual indicator to allow logs to be quickly "eyeballed" for completeness).

Next comes a pair of columns indicating the valid start date and end date for the log.

Next comes an Auto Refresh column that indicates whether the log has auto refresh enabled. (For a discussion of auto refresh, see FIXME).

Finally, there are "datestamp" columns, indicating date/time of the log's Origin, Last Linked and Last Modified operation.

A report that lists the available logs on the system can be generated by touching the Log Report button.

A new log can be created by touching the Add button and entering a name, or an existing log inspected and modified by touching its entry on the log list and then touching the Edit button, resulting in the log being opened in the Edit Log dialog. The Edit Log dialog consists of three parts: the top section, where much of the information shown on the log list can be inspected and modified; the middle section, which shows the list of events comprising the log, and the bottom section, where buttons for modifying and saving the log are located. Each event in a log can be one of several different types, indicated by the icon displayed at the start of the line (see Table 5.1, "Log Event Type Icons" for a breakdown of the various icons).

Generating and Maintaining Logs with RDLogEdit

	escription: W Service: 🍸		T	Start Date:	01/01/00	End Date: 01/01/00		Run Length	06/16/22	🗘 Sele
	Enable Autol			_	Date Enabl		Y	Next Stop: Log End:		
U.S.	Start Time	Trans	Cart	Group	Length	Title		Artist	Client	Agency La
)÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	011016	MUSIC	3:22	Thunder Island	Ja	y Ferguson		
)÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010700	MUSIC	3:04	Proud Mary	C	CR		
)÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010418	MUSIC	4:43	5lip Slidin' Away	Pa	aul Simon		
)÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010278	MUSIC	4:14	You're So Vain	C	arly Simon		
)÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010434	MUSIC	6:33	Taxi	н	arry Chapin		
)÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010110	MUSIC	3:29	et Airliner	St	eve Miller Band		
)÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010304	MUSIC	5:49	Bohemian Rhapsody	Q	ueen		
)÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010170	MUSIC	5:22	Night Moves	B	bb Seger		
)÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010222	MUSIC	5:43	Sultans of Swing	D	re Straits		
	00:00:00.0	PLAY	LOG C			Production log for 18/05/2022				WCF
						end of log				
_										↓)
	Insert Cart	Insert Meta	E	dit	Delete			Cut	Сору	Paste

The Edit Log Dialog

The following types of events can be incorporated into a Rivendell log:

Table 5.1. Log Event Type Icons

4 E	Audio Cart
4 E	Voice Track Audio Cart
0	Macro Cart
0	Note Marker
ġ.	Track Marker
С	Chain Event
5	Music Import Link
•	Traffic Import Link

5.1.1. Audio Carts

The first, and usually most common type of log event is an audio cart. As the name implies, audio carts are Library entries that contain audio material intended for playout. Audio carts are covered in detail in Chapter 3, *Content Management with RDLibrary*.

5.1.2. Macro Carts

A macro cart is a cart from the Library that contains one or more system commands that can be used to cause the system to take various actions. They are touched upon in Chapter 3, *Content Management with RDLibrary*, and discussed in detail in Chapter 14, *Rivendell Macro Langauge*.

5.1.3. Note Markers

A note marker is an entry in the log that contains text intended to be seen by operators and used as a guide or reminder. (Program coders sometimes refer to this sort of functionality as a *remark* or *comment*, as seen in the REM command featured in the BASIC programming language). Note markers belong to a class of log events known as meta events because (unlike carts, which exist in the Library independently of whether they are placed in a log or not), they have no independent existence outside of the specific log where they are placed. A note marker in and of itself has absolutely no effect on the execution of a log other than to simply display some text at a specified point in a log, and as such can be useful as a mechanism for making notes or reminders to oneself or to others who may be executing the log.

5.1.4. Track Markers

A track marker is another meta event that is very similar in operation to note markers, with one key addition: track markers designate or "bookmark" a place in the log where a voice track is to be recorded. (The entire topic of voice tracks and tracking will be covered in detail in Chapter 9, *VoiceTracking*). As with note markers, track markers have absolutely no effect on the execution of a log.

5.1.5. Chain Events

A chain event is a meta event that instructs the log machine that is executing the log to load another log, effectively replacing the current log with the new one.

Note

If one or more events are playing out when a chain event is executed, those events will be retained; with the new log appended after the playing events.

5.1.6. Import Links

An import link is a placeholder event that shows where events imported from the external music or traffic scheduling system will eventually go. They are covered in detail in Chapter 8, *Generating Logs and Reports with RDLogManager*.

Each event in a Rivendell log can have its parameters modified by touching its entry in the Edit Log dialog and then clicking the Edit button, thus opening up the Edit Log Entry dialog, shown below.

T	RDLogEdit - Edit Log Entry \diamond ×
Start at: 00:00:00.0	Action If Previous Event Still Playing
	Transition Type: Segue
No Fade on Segue Out	
Cart Title	Artist
10278 You're So Vain	Carly Simon
Select Cart	OK Cancel

The Edit Log Entry Dialog

ľ	RDLogEdit - Edit Log Marker	+ ×
Start at: 00:00:00.0	Action If Previous Event Still Playing — Start Immediately O Make Next	○ Wait up to 00:00
	Transition Type: Play	-
Comment Start the coffee machine		
Label		OK Cancel

The Edit Log Marker Dialog

RDI	LogEdit - Edit Voice Track Marker	×
Start at: 00:00:00.0	Action If Previous Event Still Playing	
	Transition Type: Segue	
Comment Voice Track		
	OK	el l

The Edit Voice Track Marker Dialog

Transition Type: Play	Next O Wait up to 00:00
Log Name	
	Select
WCB-0518	Select
Log Description	
Production log for 18 May 2022	

The Edit Log Chain Dialog

5.2. Event Transitions

Each event in a log has a transition type, shown in the Trans column of the Edit Log dialog. The transition type determines what happens when one event in a log ends and the next starts. Three basic transition types can exist in a Rivendell log: PLAY, SEGUE and STOP.

5.2.1. The PLAY Transition

If an event has a PLAY transition, then it will begin playing when the previous event has finished. PLAY transitions are used when automatic event sequencing is desired with no audio overlap (such as when playing two voice-only announcements back-to-back).

5.2.2. The SEGUE Transition

SEGUE transitions are similar to PLAY transitions, with one key difference: if the finishing event contains segue data (either from the Library or from a custom transition programmed in the voice tracker), then the event will start before the prior event is finished, causing the two pieces of audio to overlap and mix together. SEGUE transitions are a very powerful tool for creating a variety of special effects, particularly when used in conjunction with musical material.

5.2.3. The STOP Transition

As the name implies, STOP transitions cause execution of the log to be suspended prior to execution of the event. This is often the desired behavior in situations where the log playout needs to be synchronized to one or more external audio sources (such as remote satellite feeds), and is commonly used in conjunction with Hard Timed events (see Section 5.3, "Time and Time Types").

5.3. Time and Time Types

All Rivendell log events have an associated time type, which controls what effect (if any) the passage of time will have on the event. There are two basic time types: *relative* and *hard*. Additionally, the hard time type has several additional options that further modify its behavior.

5.3.1. The Relative Time Type

The default time type for log events, the relative time type simply means that the event is assumed to have a start time of whenever the previous event ends (if it has a PLAY or SEGUE transition) or whenever it is started (if it has a STOP transition).

5.3.2. The Hard and Soft Time Types

A hard or soft time type causes the event to be executed or otherwise acted upon when the wall clock equals the time associated with the event. Hard/soft times are powerful features that can be used to synchronize the log to various external events. An event can be assigned a hard/soft time by clicking the Start at check box in the Edit Log Entry and filling in the desired time, and will show up with the letter H or S appearing at the beginning of its listed time in the Time column of the Edit Log dialog.

The specific action that is performed when the time matches is determined by the option parameters supplied as part of the event.

5.3.2.1. Start Immediately

As implied by the name, if the event is set to start immediately, it will be started as soon as the hard time is reached. Any currently playing events in the log will be simultaneously stopped down.

5.3.2.2. Cue to the Event ("Make Next")

If set to 'Make Next', the event will be cued up to become the next event to be executed in the log, bypassing any intervening events in the log between the currently playing event and the hard timed one. Any currently playing events are unaffected.

5.3.2.3. Wait up to some period of time, then start the event

Very similar to "start immediately", with the difference that, if one or more events are currently playing, the log will wait up to the specified amount of time before stopping them and starting the new event. If the currently playing event(s) finish before the specified time period has elapsed, then the event is started immediately.

5.3.3. Estimated vs. Scheduled Start Times

When viewing log events in **rdlogedit**(1), the displayed start time style for each event can be either **Estimated** or **Scheduled**, as selected in the Show Start Times As dropdown box. **Estimated** will give start time values based on any hard start times in the log, taking the known lengths of the relevant carts into account, while **Scheduled** will display the start times as provided by an external music and/ or traffic scheduling system.

The optimum style to use is largely dependent on how a particular log was assembled. If the log was generated using **rdlogmanager**(1) and largely populated with events from external music and traffic systems, the **Scheduled** style will usually be preferred as this permits the start times provided by those external schedulers to be visible. On the other hand, if the log was mostly assembled "on the fly" in **rdlogedit**(1), the **Estimated** style will usually provide more insight into how a log will actually time out when played.

5.4. Editing Log Event Parameters

5.4.1. Specifying a Cart

The cart number to use for an event can be specified by touching the Select Cart button in the Edit Log Entry dialog, which will open up the Select Cart dialog. Alternatively, it is possible to simply enter the cart number in the Cart field if the number is already known. The Title and Artist information will be supplied automatically by the system from the cart's label.

	€ MUSIC			and [none]	Matching Carts		y First 10	Clear 00 Matches
Cart 🛆	Group	Length	Talk	Title	Artist	Start	End	
() 010007	MUSIC	3:04.6	:13.0	Bad Blood	Neil Sedaka		TFN	Bilboard top Hits 1
{ ∈ 010008	MUSIC	6:01.2	:00.0	Baker Street	Gerry Rafferty		TFN	City To City
[∈ 010009	MUSIC	5:08.5	:00.0	Band On The Run	Wings		TFN	Wingspan
(∈ 010010	MUSIC	4:21.9	:00.0	Bang A Gong	T Rex		TFN	America's Top Ter
(∈ 010011	MUSIC	3:31.3	:00.0	Bang The Drum All Day	Todd Rundgren		TFN	I Saw The Light Ar
(÷ 010012	MUSIC	3:54.7	:00.0	Big Shot	Billy Joel		TFN	The Complete Hits
010013	MUSIC	3:21.1	:00.0	Black And White	Three Dog Night		TFN	The Complete Hit
(∈ 010014	MUSIC	5:17.0	:00.0	Black Magic Woman-Gypsy Queen	Santana		TFN	Abraxas
								• •

The Select Cart Dialog

5.4.2. Specifying Meta Event Parameters

Both note and track marker events have a Comment parameter, the text of which will show up as the Title on a log listing. However, chain events require that the name of the log to chain to be supplied in the Log Name field. The Select button can be touched to bring up the Select Log dialog to allow a name to picked from a list of all those available.

Note

Meta events can be assigned a transition and time type just the same as with cart events.

5.4.3. Rearranging Log Events

Existing events in a log can be cut, copied, pasted or rearranged by touching the appropriate buttons in the Edit Log dialog. In addition, touching the Delete button will cause the selected log event(s) to be removed from the log.

5.4.4. Saving or Abandoning Changes to a Log

Any changes made to a log can be saved by touching either the Save or OK buttons in the Edit Log dialog. The current log can be saved under a different name by touching the Save As button, while touching Cancel will abandon any changes made since the last save.

5.4.5. Missing/Invalid Cart Events

If a given event has a problem (such as referencing a cart that does not exist in the Library, or that is not enabled for play on the log's owning service) its entry will be highlighted either RED (indicating a missing/ invalid cart) or MAGENTA (indicating a cart without permission to run on the owning service).

5.5. Generating Log Reports

Various Log reports can be generated by touching the Reports button on the Edit Log dialog and then selecting the desired report and touching the Generate button. The following reports are available:

5.5.1. Log Listing

A chronological listing of all events in the log.

5.5.2. Log Exception Report

A list of missing/unplayable carts referenced in the log.

5.6. Auditioning Audio

The audio referenced by an audio event can be sampled in the Edit Audio dialog by highlighting the desired event and then touching the Play button. No attempt to evaluate the rotation logic of the event is made – the audio played is intended solely as a 'sample' to help identify the type of material.

Chapter 6. Running Logs with RDAirPlay

6.1. Overview

RDAirPlay is the Rivendell module used to run logs generated by the RDLogEdit or RDLogManager (for an overview of Rivendell logs, see Chapter 5, *Generating and Maintaining Logs with RDLogEdit*). It contains a wide array of features for enabling playout of audio content in live assist as well as fully automated environments.

Y	RDAir	Play v4.0.0beta3int0	- Host	: elastigirl User	: user Log: WCI	R-0517 Service:	WCR		+ _ = >
13:2 Auto	May 16 2022 29:15 ating Mode per A2: LiveAssist	LR LR M2 M3		Riv	vendell (On Air		Riv	endell
Next Tim-	ed Start [:]			^{16:10:50]} 1:35			AM Show Bed 3	AM Show Bed 4	AM Show Bed 5
			····	1.55		Image	Backstabber	AM Show	AM Show
	€010008 001 MUSIC	00:00:00.0	:00	6:01 SEGUE		General	Dackstabbei	Bed 9	Bed 10
PAUSE 13:29:05	Baker Street Gerry Rafferty					0:00:05	0:03:00	0:06:39	0:03:30
М1	0:00:30.6	Cut 001		0:05:30.6	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show
	€010012 001 MUSIC	T00:13:48.0	:00	3:54 SEGUE	Bed 11	Bed 12	Bed 13	Bed 14	Bed 15
<u></u>	Big Shot Billy Joel				0:04:31	0:04:27	0:03:19	0:04:32	0:05:01
	0:00:00.0	Cut 001		0:03:54.7	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show
START	4 €010016 001 MUSIC	00:00:00.0	:00	4:26 SEGUE	Bed 16	Bed 17	Bed 18	Bed 19	Bed 20
00:17:38	Born To Run Bruce Springsteen				0:15:23	0:16:23	0:16:03	0:16:43	0:16:15
	0:00:00.0	Cut 001		0:04:26.8	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show
START	€010017 001 MUSIC	00:00:00.0	:00	2:22 SEGUE	Bed 21	BED 22	Bed 12	Bed 24	Bed 25
00:22:03	Brand New Key Melanie				0:14:10	0:14:11	0:04:27	0:15:03	0:16:10
<u>START</u> 00:24:23	€ €010033 001 MUSIC Dance With Me Orleans	00:00:00.0	:00	2:57 SEGUE					
<u></u>	€010035 001 MUSIC Dancing Queen Abba	00:00:00.0	:00	3:47 SEGUE					
<u>START</u> 00:31:03	Collocation of the second seco	00:00:00.0	:00	4:07 SEGUE	[S:1] Panel S:	:1	Play All 🔻		Setup
ADD	DEL MOVE	сору Р	D b	ndell ravel	Sound Panel	Main Log [WCR-051]			Aux 2 Log []

The RDAirPlay Main Window

6.2. Log Machines

Fundamental to the operation of RDAirPlay is the concept of a *log machine*. A log machine is a virtual "device" into which a Rivendell log may be loaded and executed. RDAirPlay has three such log machines, called Main Log, Aux 1 Log and Aux 2 Log. Each of these log machines is completely independent of the others in the sense that different logs can be loaded and executed simultaneously in the respective machines.

6.3. Layout

The RDAirPlay main screen consists of four primary areas: the top area, which contains a variety of indicators for use in live assist situations as well as a set of audio meters; the button widget, which occupies the bulk of the left-hand side of the screen; the right-hand side, which displays either a SoundPanel array or a full log width; and the edit buttons in the lower left-hand corner of the screen.

The top area contains the following indicators:

6.3.1. The Wall Clock



In the upper left-hand corner is the wall clock indicator, which indicates the current system date and time. If the system administrator has enabled it, this display may also flash RED to indicate possible clock inaccuracy due to loss of master clock synchronization.

6.3.2. The Mode Indicator



Directly beneath the wall clock indicator is the mode indicator, showing the current automation mode of the log machines. Three different modes are possible: Automatic, in which all log features, including PLAY and SEGUE transitions and hard times are fully enabled; LiveAssist, in which no automatic transitions or hard start times are executed but automatic crossfades are done between elements; and Manual, which is very similar to LiveAssist except that not even automatic crossfades are enabled (thus permitting fully manual crossfade control by means of an external console). To change RDAirPlay to a different mode, simply touch the mode indicator until the desired mode is indicated.

Note

The System Administrator may have configured RDAirPlay to allow each log machine to have its mode independently set, in which case touching the mode indicator will only change the log of the Main Log log machine.

6.3.3. The Audio Meters

LR	LR	LR
M1	M2	MЗ

Immediately to the right of the wall clock and mode indicator is the audio meter area, containing one or more audio meters (one for each configured audio output on RDAirPlay). Levels are referenced such that '0' level corresponds to -16 dBFS.

6.3.4. The Label Area

Rivendell On Air

Immediately to the right of the audio meter area is the label area. Text messages can be made to appear here (by means of RML commands) to signal the operator concerning the state of the system or need to take some kind of action.

6.3.5. The User Logo



Immediately to the right of the label widget is the user logo. This image can be customized by means of a setting in RDAdmin.

6.3.6. The Button Log Widget

	Start [17:22:00] Time			^{19:49:51]} 1:52
PAUSE 17:17:34	∲010016 001 MUSIC Born To Run Bruce Springsteen	00:00:00.0	:00	4:26 SEGUE
М1	0:00:25.4	Cut 001		0:04:01.3
<u>START</u> 17:21:59	€ 010017 001 MUSIC Brand New Key Melanie	T17:22:00.0	:00	2:22 SEGUE
	0:00:00.0	Cut 001		0:02:22.2
<u>START</u> 17:24:20	€010033 001 MUSIC Dance With Me Orleans	00:00:00.0	:00	2:57 SEGUE
	0:00:00.0	Cut 001		0:02:57.7
<u>START</u> 17:27:16	€ €010035 001 MUSIC Dancing Queen Abba	00:00:00.0	:00	3:47 SEGUE
<u>START</u> 17:31:00	€ €010040 001 MUSIC Diamond Girl Seals & Crofts	00:00:00.0	:00	4:07 SEGUE
<u>START</u> 17:34:59	€ 010042 001 MUSIC Does Anybody Really Know What Chicago	00:00:00.0 at Time It Is	:00	3:17 SEGUE
<u>START</u> 17:38:16	COLODS1 001 MUSIC Escape (The Pina Colada Song) Rupert Holmes	00:00:00.0	:00	4:30 SEGUE

Occupying most of left hand side of RDAirPlay is the button log widget, consisting of several indicators above a column of seven or more large buttons adjacent to cart labels. This widget provides a specialized "view" of the Main Log log machine. Specifically, the first seven or more currently playing and/or next events in that log machine will always be visible here. Events visible in the button log will be shown in the full log widget as having a green background. Unlike the full log widget, the button log is always visible, regardless of which display has been selected for the right-hand side.

6.3.6.1. The Post Point Counter



In the upper left-hand corner of the Button Log is the Post Point Counter, which provides timing information regarding the log's next post point (typically, the next event with a hard time attribute).

The counter can be in one of four possible states: Idle, On Time, Under Time or Over Time. The counter will provide an estimate of how "on-time" the log currently is, on the basis of the current time and events still scheduled to be played.

If the playout is such that the next hard time will be reached within one second of its programmed time, then the counter will be in On Time mode. The value shown in the square brackets is the scheduled time of the hard-timed event.



If the playout is such that the next hard time will be reached one second or more before its programmed time, then the counter will be in Early mode. It will also give an indication of how much more material would need to be added to make the join on time.



If the playout is such that the next hard time will be reached one second or more after its programmed time, then the counter will be in Late mode. It will also give an indication of how much material would need to be removed to make the join on time.

To start an event from the button log, simply touch an event's corresponding Start button. Touching the button of a running event will either (depending upon how the system administrator has configured RDAirPlay) stop or pause it. To modify an event's parameters (via the Edit Event dialog), simply double-click the event's cart label.

6.3.7. The Pie Wedge Widget



In the top center of the top area is the pie wedge widget. This widget counts down the final few seconds of each event. The length of time it counts down, along with whether it counts to the start of the next transition or the absolute end of the event are both configurable in RDAdmin. The color of the band that grows as the countdown progresses (shown in GREEN in the illustration) will change color to indicate if the currently playing event is the last event before a log stopdown. If it is the last, it will be RED, if not, GREEN. A BLUE band and countdown will also appear to indicate the event's talk time (if talk time markers have been set in the underlying cart). If the On-Air flag has been set to ON, the area around the pie widget will be RED.

6.3.8. The Next Stop Counter

Next Stop [19:51:16] 02:24:56 Immediately to the right of the pie wedge widget is the next stop counter. The large numerals indicate the predicted interval of time before the next stopdown of the Main Log machine, with the actual predicted time in the square brackets. If the Main Log is already stopped, then the counter simply displays Stopped.

6.3.9. The Right-Hand Side

Directly below the label area is the right-hand side. The right-hand side can display either a SoundPanel array or a full log widget for each of the three log machines, selected by clicking the appropriate button in the lower right-hand corner of the screen. (NOTE: depending upon how the system administrator has configured the system, not all of the log machine buttons may be visible on your system).

6.3.10. The Full Log Widget

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11					
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23					
	Est. Tim	e	Trans	Cart	:	Group	Le	ength	~^		Titl	e	Art	tist	Sch. Time	
4	02:2	8:35.7	PLAY	01001	17	MUSIC		2:22	Brand N	ew Key			Melanie		02:09:00	
4 E	02:3	0:58.0	PLAY	01024	10	MUSIC		3:09	Don't St	op			Fleetwood Mac		02:12:00	
4 1	13:2	4:02.9	PLAY	01037	77			6:18	Lyin' Eye	es			Eagles		02:15:00	
4 6	13:3	0:21.1	PLAY	01009	91	MUSIC		4:59	Imaginai	ry Love	r		Atlanta Rhythm	Section	02:18:00	
4 6	13:3	5:20.3	PLAY	01058	33	MUSIC		3:57	Rosana				Toto		02:21:00	
4 6	13:3	9:17.8	PLAY	01009	57	MUSIC		4:08	Feelin' S	tronge	r Every	Day	Chicago		02:24:00	
4 6	13:4	3:26.7	PLAY	01062	27	MUSIC		3:10	Uptown	Girl			Billy Joel		02:27:00	
4 6	13:4	6:37.5	PLAY	01071	18	MUSIC		3:02	The Sou	nd of S	ilence		Simon & Garfun	ikel	02:30:00	
4 6	13:4	9:40.0	PLAY	01010	05	MUSIC		3:08	l've Got	A Nam	е		Jim Croce		02:33:00	
4	13:5	2:48.3	PLAY	01039	93	MUSIC		7:32	Nights Ir	white	Satin		Moody Blues		02:36:00	
4	14:0	0:20.8	PLAY	01020	04	MUSIC		3:49	Saturday	/ In The	e Park		Chicago		02:39:00	
4	14:0	4:10.5	PLAY	01019	58	MUSIC		4:40	More Th	an A Fe	eling		Boston		02:42:00	
4	14:0	8:51.5	PLAY	01020	01	MUSIC		4:54	Runnin'	On Em	oty		Jackson Browne		02:45:00	
4	14:1	3:46.1	PLAY	01018	36	MUSIC		4:23	Reelin' li	n The Y	ears		Steely Dan		02:48:00	
4	14:1	8:10.0	PLAY	01063	31	MUSIC		4:01	Walk of	Life			Dire Straits		02:51:00	
1			BI 417					4.57								
9	Start		lake lext	Мо	dify	Sc	roll		resh og	Sel Lo		Audition Head	Audition Tail	Run Length Selected: Log End:		

As the name implies, the full log widget can be used to view the contents of a log over its entire length. To load a log, touch the Select Log button to bring up the Select Log dialog, select the desired log from the list and then touch Load. The currently loaded log can also be saved by touching the Save or Save As buttons, or the current log unloaded by touching Unload.

-	Log Name	Description	Service	Music	Traffic	Tracks	Valid From
~	FredFavs	Fred's Favorite Music	Fred				Always
Ť.,			neu			9 070	Aiways
V	Favs-0805	Favs log	Fred	9	9		Always
V	purgetest	purgetest log	test	۲	۲		Always
V	RotationTest	RotationTest log	Fred	•	•	● 0/0	Always
V	new	new log	test	٢	٢	○ 0/0	Always
V	Favs	WCR Air Log for 17 May 2022	WCR	٢	9		Always
×	MergeTemplate	MergeTemplate log	Fred	9	٢	0/1	Always
•							

The Select Log Dialog

Once a log is loaded, it can be started at any point by touching an event and then pressing the Play button. Any playing event can likewise be stopped by touching in the event and then pressing the Stop button. To cue-up an event so that it is the next to play (indicated by the event being the first with a light green background), touch the event and then press the Make Next button. The play parameters of an event can be modified by touching the event, then pressing the Modify button, bringing up the Edit Event dialog.

In addition to having the ability to modify the event's time and transition parameters, the Edit Event dialog can be used to audition the event's audio in Cue or set the start position of the audio for on-air playback (so as to allow a program to be joined "in progress", for example). To audition the audio, simply press the Play button. The slider can be moved to adjust where in the audio to audition from. To set the start position, press the Start button and then position the slider where you wish the start to be. The red line on the progress display indicates the current start position. Pressing the Start button again returns the dialog to Audition mode.



The Edit Event Dialog

When running a log, it is often desirable to have the currently playing event always in sight. To do this, toggle the Scroll button "ON" (blue background).

6.4. Editing a Log

6.4.1. Drag and Drop



If the System Administrator has enabled Drag and Drop operation, any event can be copied by clicking and holding the right mouse button and then dragging it to the desired location of the copy. An event can also be deleted from a log by dragging the trash can icon and dropping it onto the event to be deleted.

6.4.2. The Editing Buttons



It is possible to edit the log loaded into any of the three log machines by means of the log edit buttons in the lower left-hand corner of the screen.

6.4.2.1. Adding an Event

To add an event, touch the ADD button to open the Select Cart dialog, pick the desired cart and then touch OK. To place the selected cart using the button log widget, simply touch one of the yellow WHERE? buttons. To place it using the full log widget, click the event where you wish it to go and then touch the yellow WHERE? button. If, after selecting a cart from the Select Cart dialog, you decide you don't want to add it after all, simply touch the ADD button again to cancel the operation.

10:1	May 17 2022 13:17 Ating Mode Dmatic	0.0beta3int0 - Hos		: user Log: WCI vendell(WCR	RADIO	endel
Next Time	ed Start [:]	Next Sto Stop				AM Show Bed 3 0:03:43	AM Show Bed 4 0:03:43	AM Show Bed 5
			·		lmage General	Backstabber	AM Show Bed 9	AM Show Bed 10
<u>WHERE?</u>	€:010051 001 MUSIC Escape (The Pina Colada Song) Rupert Holmes	00:00:00.0 :00	4:30 SEGUE		0:00:05	0:03:00	0:06:39	0:03:30
	0:00:00.0	Cut 001	0:04:30.7	AM Show Bed 11	AM Show Bed 12	AM Show Bed 13	AM Show Bed 14	AM Show Bed 15
<u>WHERE?</u>	Colocade Col	00:00:00.0 :00	4:04 SEGUE	0:04:31	0:04:27	0:03:19	0:04:32	0:05:01
	0:00:00.0	Cut 001	0:04:04.1	AM Show Bed 16	AM Show Bed 17	AM Show Bed 18	AM Show Bed 19	AM Show Bed 20
<u>WHERE?</u>	Collow You, Follow Me Genesis	00:00:00.0 :00	3:47 SEGUE	0:15:23	0:16:23	0:16:03	0:16:43	0:16:15
	0:00:00.0	Cut 001	0:03:47.8	AM Show Bed 21	AM Show BED 22	AM Show Bed 12	AM Show Bed 24	AM Show Bed 25
<u>WHERE?</u>	Coloose 001 MUSIC I'd Really Love To See You Tonig England Dan & John Ford Coley	00:00:00.0 :00 ht	2:32 SEGUE	0:14:10	0:14:11	0:04:27	0:15:03	0:16:10
<u>WHERE?</u>	Collogiant Coll MUSIC Imaginary Lover Atlanta Rhythm Section	00:00:00.0 :00	4:59 SEGUE					
<u>WHERE?</u> ::	Colooga 001 MUSIC Indiana Wants Me R. Dean Taylor	00:00:00.0 :00	3:37 SEGUE					
<u>WHERE?</u> ::	€ €010377 001 MUSIC Lyin' Eyes Eagles	00:00:00.0 :00	6:18 SEGUE	[S:1] Panel S:	.1	Play All 🔻		Setup
ADD	DEL MOVE CO	OPY	ndell	Sound Panel	Main Log [WCR-051			Aux 2 Log []

RDAirPlay Prompting for a Location

Alternatively, if the System Administrator has enabled Drag and Drop functionality, carts can be dragged directly from an instance of RDLibrary and dropped into the desired location on RDAirPlay.

6.4.2.2. Deleting an Event

To delete an event, touch the DEL button, then touch one of the violet DELETE buttons in the button log widget, or select an event and then touch the violet DELETE button. To cancel the operation, simply touch the DEL button again.

If the System Administrator has enabled Drag and Drop functionality, carts can also be deleted by dragging the icon of the trash can and dropping it onto the appropriate event.

6.4.2.3. Moving an Event

To move an event, touch the MOVE button, then touch one of the violet MOVE buttons in the button log widget, or select an event and then touch the violet MOVE button, then touch one of the yellow TO buttons in the button log widget, or select an event and then touch the yellow TO button. To cancel the operation at any stage, simply touch the MOVE button again. It is perfectly permissible to move an event between two different log machines.

6.4.2.4. Copying an Event

To copy an event, touch the COPY button, then touch one of the violet COPY buttons in the button log widget, or select an event and then touch the violet COPY button, then touch one of the yellow TO buttons in the button log widget, or select an event and then touch the yellow TO button. To cancel the operation at any stage, simply touch the COPY button again. It is perfectly permissible to copy an event between two different log machines.

5	RDAirPlay v4	.0.0beta3int0 - I	Host: elastigirl U	ser: user Log: WC	R-0517 Service:	WCR	_	•
10:1 Opera Auto	17:29 bing Mode bmatic LR LR	L R M3	F	ivendell (On Air		Riv	endell
Next Time	ed Start [:]	Next	Stop [none]			AM Show Bed 3	AM Show Bed 4	AM Show Bed 5
		Sto	Stopped			0:03:43	0:03:43	0:05:13
		00:00:00.0	00 4:30 SEGU		lmage General	Backstabber	AM Show Bed 9	AM Show Bed 10
<u>COPY?</u>	(© 010051 001 MUSIC Escape (The Pina Colada Song) Rupert Holmes	Cut 001	4:30 SEGU		0:00:05	0:03:00	0:06:39	0:03:30
	0:00:00.0	Cut 001	0:04:30.7	AM Show Bed 11	AM Show Bed 12	AM Show Bed 13	AM Show Bed 14	AM Show Bed 15
<u>COPY?</u>	C10239 001 MUSIC The Logical Song Supertramp	00:00:00.0 :0	00 4:04 SEGU		0:04:27	0:03:19	0:04:32	0:05:01
	0:00:00.0	Cut 001	0:04:04.1	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show	AM Show
<u>COPY?</u>	€ 010062 001 MUSIC Follow You, Follow Me Genesis	00:00:00.0 :0	00 3:47 SEGU	Bed 16 0:15:23	Bed 17 0:16:23	Bed 18 0:16:03	Bed 19 0:16:43	Bed 20 0:16:15
	0:00:00.0	Cut 001	0:03:47.8	AM Show Bed 21	AM Show BED 22	AM Show Bed 12	AM Show Bed 24	AM Show Bed 25
<u>COPY?</u>	€ 010084 001 MUSIC I'd Really Love To See You Tonig England Dan & John Ford Coley		00 2:32 SEGU	: 0:14:10	0:14:11	0:04:27	0:15:03	0:16:10
<u>COPY?</u>	€ 010091 001 MUSIC Imaginary Lover Atlanta Rhythm Section	00:00:00.0 :0	00 4:59 SEGUI					
<u>COPY?</u>	€ 010094 001 MUSIC Indiana Wants Me R. Dean Taylor	00:00:00.0 :0	00 3:37 SEGUI					
<u>COPY?</u>	€ €010377 001 MUSIC Lyin' Eyes Eagles	00:00:00.0 :0	00 6:18 SEGU	[S:1] Panel S	:1	Play All 🔻		Setup
ADD	DEL MOVE C	OPY	vendell Paravel	Sound Panel	Main Log [WCR-051		l Log	Aux 2 Log []

RDAirPlay Prompting for a Cart to Copy

If the System Administrator has enabled Drag and Drop functionality, carts can also be copied by simply dragging them from where they are to the new location where they are wanted.

6.4.3. The SoundPanel

		AM Show Bed 3	AM Show Bed 4	AM Show Bed 5
		0:03:43	0:03:43	0:05:13
	Image General	Backstabbei	AM Show Bed 9	AM Show Bed 10
	0:00:05	0:03:00	0:06:39	0:03:30
AM Show Bed 11	AM Show Bed 12	AM Show Bed 13	AM Show Bed 14	AM Show Bed 15
0:04:31	0:04:27	0:03:19	0:04:32	0:05:01
AM Show Bed 16	AM Show Bed 17	AM Show Bed 18	AM Show Bed 19	AM Show Bed 20
0:15:23	0:16:23	0:16:03	0:16:43	0:16:15
AM Show Bed 21	AM Show BED 22	AM Show Bed 12	AM Show Bed 24	AM Show Bed 25
0:14:10	0:14:11	0:04:27	0:15:03	0:16:10
[S:1] Panel S:	1	Play All 🔻		Setup

The SoundPanel is an array of buttons that appears in the right-hand side of RDAirPlay when the Sound Panel button is selected. Each button can be associated with a particular cart in the Library (either Audio or Macro carts), which is then played each time the button is clicked. The soundpanel is particularly useful in live assist situations where it is desired to drop in some piece of audio on a live, improvised basis.

6.4.4. Panel Types

The SoundPanel has multiple panels or "panes" that can scrolled through by touching the double-left or double-right arrow buttons. Each panel has a designator, (displayed just to the right of the arrow keys), consisting of the letter U or S followed by a number. An S indicates that the panel is a 'system' panel, meaning that its button assignments will show up only on this particular host system; while a U indicates a 'user' panel, one which is associated with a particular user and that will "follow around" that user whereever he logs in the site. (Depending upon how the system administrator has configured RDAirPlay, you may not have both of these panel types available to you).

6.4.5. Programming a SoundPanel Button

To associate a cart with a panel button, first touch the Setup button, which will begin to flash. (Depending upon how the system administrator has configured RDAirPlay, the Setup button may be disabled). Next, touch the button you wish to program, opening the Edit Button dialog.



The Edit Button Dialog

Touch the Set Cart button to open the Select Cart dialog and pick a cart. To clear the button –i.e. have no cart associated with it – touch the Clear button. To assign a custom background color to the button, touch the Set Color button. A custom label can be entered in the Label field, or the name of the cart will be used by default. Touch the OK button when done. When done programming all the desired buttons, touch the Setup button again to toggle off Setup mode.

If the System Administrator has enabled Drag and Drop functionality, buttons can also be programmed by simply dragging and dropping a cart (from RDLibrary or from elsewhere in RDAirPlay) onto the desired button.

Chapter 7. Playing Audio with RDCartSlots

7.1. Overview

RDCartSlots is a Rivendell module designed for use in fast-paced live or "live-assist" environments, with facilities for quickly locating carts and getting them on the air.

ľ	RDCartSlots v4.0.0beta3int0 - Station: elastigirl User: us	ser	+ _ = ×
1 мз	Image: Second system S	Unload	Options [Hook]
2 мз	Image: Constraint of the second sec	Unload	Options [Full]
З мз	Image: Non-Structure Control MUSIC :00 3:14 It Never Rains In Southern California Albert Hammond Cut 001 0:03:14.3	Unload	Options [Full]
4 мз	Service: WCR	Load	Options [Breakaway]
5 мз	L R	Load	Options [Full]
6 мз	L R	Load	Options [Full]
7 мз	L R	Load	Options [Full]
8 мз	LR	Load	Options [Full]

The RDCartSlots Main Window

RDCartSlots can be configured to display one or more *slots*, each of which can be thought of as an independent audio player. In its default Cart Deck mode, a slot behaves much like a traditional analog "cart deck"; with the ability for the user to load and play carts from the Rivendell library. Breakaway mode allows the slot to be used for automated play-out and replacement of upstream content by means of the "Execute Breakaway" [DX] RML.

7.2. Setting the Slot Options

The options for a particular slot, including its mode, can be set by touch its Options button, bringing up the Edit Slot Options dialog.

RDCartSlots	- Edit Slot Options	(+ 🗆 X
Slot Mode:	Cart Deck	•
Play Mode:	Full Cart	•
At Playout End:	Unload Slot	•
	ок	Cancel

The Edit Slot Options Dialog

The slot mode is set by selecting either Cart Deck or Breakaway from the Slot Mode: dropdown box.

7.2.1. Cart Deck Slot Options

When set for Cart Deck mode, the following additional options are available:

Play ModeWhen set to Full Cart, the slot will play audio from the Start marker to the
End Marker of cuts (as set in RDLibrary).

When set to Hook, the slot will play audio from the HookStart marker to the HookEnd marker of cuts.

At Playout End When set to Unload Slot, the slot will automatically unload when play-out reaches its end.

When set to Recue to Start, the slot will retain the previously loaded cart when play-out reaches its end. Touching the numbered start button will cause play-out to be repeated.

When set to Restart Playout (Loop), the the slot will retain the previously loaded cart and automatally repeat play-out from the begining when play-out reaches its end.

7.3. Operation in Cart Deck Mode

When set to be in Cart Deck mode, an empty slot can be loaded by touching the Load button, bringing up the Select Cart dialog.

Filter:								
Group: ALL		▼ Sch	eduler Codes	ALL • and [none]	▼ Matching 0	Carts: 100]	Clear
X :	Show Audio	Carts 🗶	Show Macro	Carts X Show Note Bubbles		X Show Onl	y First 1	00 Matches
Cart 🛆	Group	Length	Talk	Title	Artist	Start	End	
🚯 010093	MUSIC	4:05.8	:00.0 l'm	ust A Singer (in a Rock 'n Roll Band)	Moody Blues		TFN	Greatest Hits
() 010094	MUSIC	3:37.0	:00.0 Indi	ana Wants Me	R. Dean Taylor		TFN	'70s Radio Hits Vo
6 010095	MUSIC	3:17.7	:00.0 Inst	ant Karma (We All Shine On)	John Lennon		TFN	Power To The Peop
010096	MUSIC	3:26.9	:00.0 In T	ne Summertime	Mungo Jerry		TFN	'70s Radio Hits Vo
🦺 010097	MUSIC	2:54.4	:00.0 I Sa	w The Light	Todd Rundgren		TFN	I Saw The Light An
(E 010098	MUSIC	4:20.4	:00.0 I Sh	ot The Sheriff	Eric Clapton		TFN	The Cream of Eric
🗜 010099	MUSIC	3:41.2	:00.0 Islar	nd Girl	Elton John		TFN	Number Ones
E 010100	MUSIC	3:14.3	:00.0 It Ne	ever Rains In Southern California	Albert Hammond		TFN	Hard To Find 45s 0
(• •
				Load From				

The Select Cart Dialog

To load a cart, touch the desired cart on the list (using the filter tools as necessary) and then touch the OK button. To load a file directly, touch the Load From File button and select the desired audio file. Touching Cancel will abandon the load operation.

After loading a cart or file, the Load button will change to say Unload. Touching this button will now cause the slot to be unloaded.

To start play-out of a loaded slot, touch its numbered button at the left-hand end. The button will turn RED and the play-out will start. Touching the button while the play-out is active will stop the play-out and cause the loaded cart to be re-cued to its start.

7.4. Operation in Breakaway Mode

When set to be in Breakaway mode, an empty slot can be loaded by touching the Load button, bringing up the Rivendell Services dialog.

f RDCartSlots - Rivendell Servi 🔶 🗉 🗙						
Name	Description					
operas	Operatic Works					
^{₽₽0} test						
👔 wcr	WCR Radio					
™∰ WCR2						
	OK Cancel					

The Rivendell Services Dialog

Touch the desired Rivendell service on ths list, then touch the OK button.

Chapter 8. Generating Logs and Reports with RDLogManager

8.1. Overview

Note

This chapter covers the graphical user interface for RDLogManager. For information regarding the command-line interface, see the **rdlogmanager**(1) man page.

RDLogManager is a tool for generating Rivendell logs. It is different from RDLogEdit in that, instead of building logs line-by-line, it allows log structures to be defined by a series of rules (called *events* and *clocks*) that are then plugged into a time framework (called a *grid*). This grid is then used to generate logs automatically on an as-needed basis. Each Rivendell service has its own, separately defined grid, thus allowing for separate log generation rules for each service. This system of rules allows for very powerful, modular features, including the ability to import and use scheduling data from various external third party systems, such as music schedulers and traffic and billing systems.

RDLogManager also includes facilities for generating *reports*. Reports are data outputs that detail whether certain events aired as scheduled, and under what circumstances. Reports are available in various formats. Some are intended to be read by humans, while others are intended for use by other, external software systems as a means of reconciling exported schedules.

When RDLogManager is started, it displays its main menu.



The RDLogManager Main Menu

8.2. Grids

8.2.1. Bypassing Grid Processing

Certain third-party music scheduler systems support the ability to compose the entire schedule for a service (including placement of traffic breaks) within its own native user interface, thus potentially

centralizing and simplifying log template maintenance. To facilitate this mode of operation, it is possible to configure RDLogManager to bypass its native grid/clock/event template system entirely on a service by service basis, instead passing the schedule generated by the music scheduler system through to Rivendell logs unchanged. For information on configuring this mode of operation, see the Bypass Grid Processing dropdown and related discussion in Section 12.4, "Managing Services".

If a service has been configured to bypass grid processing, then it will not have a grid. Skip forward to Section 8.5, "Generating Logs".

8.2.2. Configuring Grids

Each Rivendell service has an RDLogManager grid. To see the list of available grids, touch the Edit Grids button to open the Log Grids dialog.



The Log Grids Dialog

To open a particular grid, select its service name and touch the Edit button.


The Edit Grid Dialog

Each grid has slots for every hour of every day of the broadcast week -168 slots in all. By specifying a particular clock to go into each of these slots, a set of rules that RDLogManager can use to generate a log for any given day of the week is built up. To specify a clock, simply touch the particular hour of interest to open up the Select Log Clock dialog.

Name	Code	
MAIN Clock B	МСВ	
Music Import	MI	
Satellite	SAT	
Single Song	SS	
Sonic Bliss Hour 1	SB1	
Sonic Bliss Hour 2	SB2	
Sonic Bliss Hour 3	SB3	
Traffic Import	ТІ	
wsc	WSC	

The Log Clocks Dialog

Click the desired clock, then touch the OK button. To clear the assignment of any clock to the selected hour, touch the Clear button, then OK.

It is possible to 'drill down' directly to the underlying configuration of a clock (to be covered shortly) by right-clicking on the relevant hour in a grid and selecting Edit Clock.

8.3. Clocks

An RDLogManager clock is a collection of RDLogManager events, arranged in terms of their start time (relative to the beginning of the hour) and length. It basically can be thought of as the "schedule" of an hour – *any* hour. Once defined, a clock can be plugged into any hour of a grid of any service, thus making for easy modularization and changes to a service's schedule.

To see the list of available clocks, touch the Edit Clocks button in RDLogManager's Main Menu to open the Log Clocks dialog. Each RDLogManager clock can be assigned a three-letter code and color, as an aid in identifying it when assigned to grids. To add a new clock, touch the Add button, or to edit a clock's parameters, click on it and touch the Edit button. In each case, the Edit Clock dialog will open. Clocks can also be deleted by touching the Delete button or renamed by touching the Rename button.

R R	RDLogManager - Log Clocks	+ = >
Filter: ALL		•
Name	Code	
MAIN Clock B	МСВ	
Music Import	М	
Satellite	SAT	
Single Song	SS	
Sonic Bliss Hour 1	SB1	
Sonic Bliss Hour 2		
Sonic Bliss Hour 3	SB3	
Traffic Import	т	
wsc	WSC	▲
Add Edit	Delete	Close

The Log Clock List Dialog





The Edit Clock dialog consists of three main sections: a tabular list of events in chronological order, a graphical depiction of the clock in the traditional "broadcast clock" format, and a series of action buttons across the bottom. The clock's three-letter code is set by means of the Code field in the upper right-hand corner of the table area. Its color can be set by touching the Color button. To save the clock without exiting the dialog, touch the Save or Save As buttons. To add a new event to the clock, touch the Add button, or to edit an existing entry touch the Edit button. In either case, the Edit Event Assignment dialog will open. To delete an entry, touch the Delete button. As in the case of grids, it is possible to 'drill down' into the underlying RDLogManager event by right-clicking on the respective entry in the clock event table and selecting Edit Event.

5	- Edit Event Assign	ment	(
nic Bliss Segment 4			Select
tart Time: 30:00.0 🚔	End Time: 59:20.0	0	
		0 K	Cancel

The Edit Event Assignment Dialog

The Edit Event Assignment dialog simply consists of an Event field for the name of the RDLogManager event and Start Time and End Time fields for the start and end times relative to the start of the hour. A list of available events can be brought up by touching the Select button to bring up the Log Events dialog.

Each clock can be designated as being associated with one or more services. This can make finding the correct clock for a given service much faster, as the Filter control on the List Clocks dialog can then be used. To program these associations, touch the Services List button in the Edit Clock dialog to bring up the Service Associations dialog.

👔 RDLogManager	- Sonic Bliss Hour	2 - Service As 💿 🗙
Available Services OPERAS	Add >> </th <th>Enabled Services</th>	Enabled Services
		OK Cancel

The Service Association Dialog

To designate a service as being valid for this clock, select the services name in the Available Services list and then touch the Add >> button. Likewise, to deselect a service, select its name in the Enabled Services list and then touch the << Remove button.

8.4. Events

An RDLogManager event is a set of rules that define a series of zero or more log elements (audio carts, macro carts, markers, etc) that should be inserted into a log, along with the appropriate log event parameters (transition type, time type, etc) to be associated with them. The actual elements to be inserted can be specified directly within the event itself, or imported from a data file generated by an external scheduling system. Up to two such external scheduling sources can be defined for each service. While for convenience sake these are designated as 'Traffic' and 'Music' within RDLogManager, they can each be used anywhere a means of importing external scheduling data into the system is needed, regardless of whether such data actually references commercial or musical material or not.

To see the list of available RDLogManager events, touch the Edit Events button on the RDLogManager Main Menu to open the Log Events dialog. It is possible to filter the list of available events to only those used for a particular service by selecting the service in the Filter control. To add a new event, touch the Add button, or to edit an event's parameters, click on it and touch the Edit button. In each case, the Edit Event dialog will open. Events can also be deleted by touching the Delete button or renamed by touching the Rename button.

Name	Trans Properties	
Image General	PLAY	
Image Quickies	PLAY	
Imaging Long	PLAY	
Imaging Short	PLAY	
Legal ID	SEGUE Timed(MakeNext)	
Music Add	PLAY Music	
Music Import	SEGUE Music	
Satellite	SEGUE	

The Log Events Dialog

M						RDLog	Manager - Editing	Event - L	.egal II)					+ = ×
	Iter:									ION LOG-					
Gro	oup: 🔺	LL					-	j 🗆 🤉	ue to t	his event	00:00	before sched	iuled start. (Fir	st cart will have a STOP tr	ansition.)
	۲	AII	0 AI	udio Only	O Macros Only				ED STA	RT					
				-			Ar	X U	lse hard	d start tin	ne CAC	tion If Previous	Event Still Play		
	Cart		Group	Length	Title		Ar_					Start immediate	ly 💿 Make nex	xt O Wait up to 00:00	
4	€ 0000	01 T	RAFFIC	:17.2	SPOTS			TRA	NSITIO	NS					
4	} 0100	01	MUSIC	4:48.2	25 Or 6 To 4		Chicago			as a Segu		transition.			
•	€ 010 0	02		:00.0	After "Midnight"		Eric Clapton			arts have		▼ transi	tion.		
4	<u>}</u> 0100	03	MUSIC	4:10.6	Already Gone		Eagles		ORCIN	G LENGTH oFill		🗌 Warn if fi	ll is over or unde	er by at least 00:00	
4	0100	04	MUSIC	4:03.7	American Pie		Don Mc Lean	CAF	RT STAC	к					
4	€ 0100	05	MUSIC	2:59.9	Backstabbers		O'Jays	PRE	IMPOR	T EVENTS				Len: 0:00:14	
4	- 0100	06	MUSIC	2:57.7	Bad, Bad, Leroy Brown		Jim Croce		Cart	Group	Length	Title		Transition .	
	}∈ 0100		MUSIC		Bad Blood		Neil Sedaka	4		Track MACROS		[Voice Track]	[auto]		
4	£ 0100	08	MUSIC	6:01.2	Baker Street		Gerry Rafferty		050003	Marker	:00	GPIO Relay Test [Log Note]	SEGUE		
¢	÷ 0100	09	MUSIC	5:08.5	Band On The Run		Wings		060105	IDENTS	:14	LEGAL ID	SEGUE		
4	€ 0100	10	MUSIC	4:21.9	Bang A Gong		TRex	l l C							•
4	j∈ 0100	11	MUSIC	3:31.3	Bang The Drum All Day		Todd Rundgren			None None			From Music	Select from: BEDS Artist Separation 541	▼
•							• •			rts schedul rts schedul			e start of this even nd of this event.		None None
										line traffic		×		Must have code [None	
									none]					and code [None	:] v
	SER NO	TES						POS	т-імро	RT EVENT	s			Len: 0:00:00	- I
								Car	t Grou	p Length	Tit	e	Tra	ansition	
									_		End o	List [auto]			
															\mathbf{T}
									5ave	Sav	e As	Service List	es Color	ок	Cancel

The Editing Event Dialog

The Editing Event dialog consists of two main parts: a Library cart picker widget on the left side, and an area showing the various event parameters on the right. Audio contained within audio carts can be auditioned by selecting the desired cart and then touching the Play button.

Programming an event basically consists of specifying four things:

- Scheduling parameters (transition and time types)
- Pre-import events
- Importation parameters

• Post-import events

8.4.1. Scheduling Parameters

Scheduling parameters are set in the PRE-POSITION LOG, TIMED START, TRANSITIONS and ENFORCING LENGTH sections of the dialog.

PRE-POSITION LOG								
Cue to this event 00:00 before scheduled start. (First cart will have a STOP transition.)								
	, t							
TIMED START								
🗶 Use hard start time	🕱 Use hard start time 🛛 Action If Previous Event Still Playing							
	O Start immediately	Make next	O Wait up to 00:00					
TRANSITIONS								
First cart has a Segue	▼ transition.							
Imported carts have a PI	ay 🔻 transitio	n.						
ENFORCING LENGTH								
Use AutoFill	Warn if fill i	s over or under by	y at least 00:00					

Scheduling Parameters

If the event is to have a hard start time, then the Use hard start time check box in the TIMED START section should be ticked; enabling all of the usual hard start parameters to be specified. (For details on hard start time parameters see Section 5.3, "Time and Time Types").

If an automatic timed start is not desired, then it is possible to check the Cue to this event checkbox in the PRE-POSITION LOG section; thus causing RDLogManager to place a hard time with a 'Make Next' attribute on the first item of the event – effectively, causing the event to be automatically "cued up" at the scheduled time – something that can be particularly handy for keeping spot breaks in sync when "overscheduling" music.

If it is desired to have RDLogManager try to insert material automatically from the Autofill List to ensure that the event has the length indicated by its parent clock, the Use Autofill box in the ENFORCING LENGTH section should be checked. (See Section 12.4.1.3, "Configuring Autofill Carts" for details). If the Use Autofill checkbox is ticked, then it is also possible to tick the Warn if fill is under or over checkbox to have RDLogManager generate a warning if it was unable to properly fill the event when the log was merged.

Autofill is for cases where one wants to generate an event insertion in the log (typically spots from the traffic system) of a given fixed length. The classic use is for filling a break in a satellite-fed program. One way to do that is to ensure that the traffic system always provides events that add up to the correct duration, but that can be tedious to do in certain traffic systems, so 'Autofill' is a way to have Rivendell automatically make up any shortfall when filling breaks.

There are a few basic caveats:

- Each Rivendell Service has a list of carts to be used for autofill purposes (see Section 12.4.1.3, "Configuring Autofill Carts" for details). The algorithm used to do the autofill is fairly basic (essentially, "use the longest cart in the list that will fit until no more will fit"), so a good strategy is to create *one* cart for each 'standard' length (:60, :30, :10, :05, :02, etc) and load up each with lots of "filler" material of the appropriate length.
- If the traffic system provides *too many* spots in a break, it will overflow and the break will run long. This is where the 'Warn if fill is over/under...' checkbox becomes especially useful. Ticking that will cause a warning to be generated in the Exception Report generated when importing the schedule.
- The autofill happens *when the log import happens*, not at log play-out time! Once a log is fully produced (generated, merged and voice-tracked), autofill is done; "baked in" as it were.

8.4.2. Pre-Import Events

RE-IMPOR	T EVENTS			Le	n: 0:00:14
Cart	Group	Length	Title	Transition	^
¢	Track		[Voice Track]	[auto]	
050003	MACROS	:00	GPIO Relay Test	SEGUE	
0	Marker		[Log Note]	SEGUE	
60105	IDENTS	:14	LEGAL ID	SEGUE	-

Pre-import event parameters are set in the PRE-IMPORT EVENTS section of the dialog.

Pre-Import Event List

Pre-import events are a list of log events to be inserted before any events are imported from an external schedule. For audio or macro carts, these can be simply dragged and dropped from the Library cart list on the left-hand side of the dialog. Meta events (such as log notes or voice tracker markers) can be inserted by right-clicking on the list and selecting the desired type of element. It is also possible to edit or delete elements and set the transition type of each element by doing a right-click on the respective item in the list.

8.4.3. Importation Parameters

Importation parameters are set in the IMPORT section of the dialog.

IMPORT 🖲 None	○ From Traffic ○ From Music	C	Select from:	BEDS	-
Import carts schedule	00:00 prior to the start of this eve	ent.	Artist Separation	541	None
Import carts schedule	00:00 after the end of this event.		Title Separation	100	None
Import inline traffic e	vent		Must have code	[None]	-
[none]		-	and code	[None]	-

Importation Parameters

This section is used to specify which (if any) source will be used for importing external scheduling events into the log. Either None, From Traffic, From Music or Select from can be selected. If Traffic or Music is selected, then RDLogManager will import any events from those sources that fall within the start and end times of the event (as supplied by the parent clock) inclusive. These start and end times can be further broadened by means of 'slop factors' entered into the Import carts scheduled <X> prior to the start of this event. and Import carts scheduled <X> after the end of this event. controls (this is sometimes necessary to get the import to work properly with certain external scheduler systems). The transition types to be used for the first and subsequent imported elements can be specified with the First cart has a and Imported carts have a controls. If Music has been selected as the import source, it is also possible to specify the event to use to import traffic breaks embedded in the music log with the Import inline traffic with the control. (For details on configuring inline traffic breaks, see Section 12.4.1.2, "Inline Event Scheduling Parameters").

Selecting Select from will cause RDLogManager to use Rivendell's built-in music scheduler to import one cart, in accordance with the Group, separations and Schedule Codes configured.

8.4.4. Post-Import Events

Post-import event parameters are set in the POST-IMPORT EVENTS section of the dialog.

OST-	IMPORT	EVENTS	5	Len: 0:00:00
Cart	Group	Length	Title	Transition
			End of List	[auto]

Post-Import Event List

The color of the event (as seen in the Edit Clock dialog) can be set by touching the Color button. The list of services for which this event is valid can be edited by touching the Services List button. To save the event without exiting the dialog, touch the Save or Save As buttons.

8.5. Generating Logs

After all of the appropriate hours have been populated in a service's grid, it's time to start generating logs. To do this, touch the Generate Logs button in RDLogManager's Main Menu to open the Generate Log dialog.

Depending upon how many external scheduling sources are involved, generating a log involves one, two or three steps. Before performing any of the steps, it is first necessary to select the relevant service for which to generate the log (using the Service control) and the log date (either by entering the date in the Date control or by touching the Select button and picking it off of the calendar).

Service: ⁹⁹⁴ WC Date: 05/21/2	(Select
Create	New Log	
	Import Available	
Merge Music	9	9
Merge Traffic	9	9
	ose	

The Generate Log Dialog

In all cases, a new log is initially generated by touching the Create New Log button. If the log for the selected date and service does not already exist, it will be created at this point (becoming visible in RDLogEdit). It the log already exists, it will be overwritten. (NOTE: if completed voicetracks exist in the old log, they will be deleted when the log is overwritten!)

When generating a log, RDLogManager will look for possible problems (such as scheduled carts that are missing in the Library) and generate an exception report if it finds any.

Once generated, the status lights in the Generate Log dialog indicate which (if any) additional import data are needed to complete the log. Two types of status light exist: Available, which indicates if the required data file is available to RDLogManager, and Merged, indicating whether the data has been merged into the log as yet. Each light can show one of three different colors: GREEN, meaning "yes", RED, meaning "no" and WHITE, meaning "not required".

👔 RDLogManaç	ger - Generi 🔶 🗙				
Service: 📴 WC	R 🔻				
Date: 05/21/2	2 Select				
Create	New Log				
	Import Data Available Merged				
Merge Music	• •				
Merge Traffic	• •				
CI	Close				

The Generate Log Dialog (music merge required)

For an example, see the figure above. This is showing a log that has been generated and has music data available but not yet merged. To perform the merge, touch the Merge Music button. The dialog now changes to that shown below, indicating that Music data has been merged but that traffic data is still needed.

👔 RDLogManag	jer - Gener 🔶 🗙									
Service: 📴 WCI	R 🔻									
Date: 05/21/2	2 🔷 Select									
Create New Log										
	Import Data Available Merged									
Merge Music	• •									
Merge Traffic	• •									
Cl	ose									

The Generate Log Dialog (traffic merge required)

Once a log has reached this state – that of having any necessary music data merged – it can be voicetracked without having to wait for traffic data to become available. Traffic data can be merged at any time before, during or after the generation of voicetracks. The actual traffic merge is performed by touching the Merge Traffic button, resulting in a dialog as illustrated. (NOTE: the configuration of the various data file names and parser parameters needed for data import is done in the RDAdmin module and is covered in the Rivendell Technical and Administration Guide).

It is important to note that the sequence of operations from the example above is typical, but may vary depending upon how the system administrator has configured RDLogManager at each site. Some services, for example, will have no music data, only traffic, so the music indicator lights will be "whited out" accordingly.

🚺 RDLogManag	jer - Generi 🔶 🗙									
Service: 📴 WCI	R 🗸									
Date: 05/21/2	2 Select									
Create	Create New Log									
	Import Data Available Merged									
Merge Music	• •									
Merge Traffic	• •									
Cl	ose									

The Generate Log Dialog (fully merged)

8.6. Generating Reports

A Rivendell report is a data output that details whether certain events aired as scheduled, and under what circumstances. Reports are available in various formats. Some are intended to be directly read by humans, while others are intended for use by other, external software systems as a means of reconciling exported schedules.

Rivendell has the ability to filter the data that go into any particular report on the basis of the type of material played (traffic spots, music or all), the playing service(s) and the originating host(s). The configuration of reports is done in the RDAdmin module and is covered in the Rivendell Technical and Administration Guide. Once configured however, reports are actually generated by the RDLogManager module.

To generate a report, touch the Manage Reports button on the RDLogManager Main Menu to open the Select Service dialog.

🐮 RDLo	gManager - Rivendell Services	٠		×
Name	Description			
A Fred	Freds Favorite Music			
net operas	Operatic Works			
^{₽₽0} test				
"‡" WCR	WCR Radio			
Bee WCR2				
Generate Reports	Purge Data	Clos	se	

The Rivendell Services Dialog

The dialog will show each service on the system. Touch the Generate Reports button to open the Select Report Dates dialog.

RDLogManag	ger - Select Repo	ort Dates	• ×
Report: Technical Pla	ayout		-
Start Date:	05/16/22	Select	
End Date:	05/16/22	Select	
Generate Report			Close

The Select Report Dates Dialog

The desired report can be selected with the Report control, and the start and end dates of the report specified with the Start Date and End Date controls, respectively (NOTE: not all reports are capable of being generated so as to span more than one day).

M	Select Date 🔹 🗧 🗙										
Ma				•		2	2022				
	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su 1				
	2	з	4	5	6	7	8				
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15				
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22				
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
	30	31									
	OK Cancel										

The Select Date Dialog

Once the parameters are set, touch the Generate Report button to write out the report.

8.6.1. Manually Purging Old Report Data

Rivendell keeps the raw data used to generate reports indefinitely until purged out of the system. Periodic purging of old data is a good idea from the standpoint of minimizing the amount of system resources utilized, and can be done manually by selecting the desired service and then touching the Purge Data button in the Select Service dialog, opening up a calendar dialog. Each date that has data eligible for purging will be shown in bold. To purge a particular day, select it and the touch the Purge Data button.

Warning

Once ELR data for a particular service and date are purged it will be impossible to generate reports for that service/date. Be sure that all required reports have been produced before purging!

Note

It is recommended that the system be configured to purge report data automatically after it reaches a certain age (30 days is typical). See Section 12.4.1.1, "Purging Log and ELR Data Automatically" for information on configuring automatic data purging in RDAdmin.

Chapter 9. VoiceTracking

9.1. Voicetracking in Rivendell

Voicetracking in Rivendell is a capability wherein custom "one-off" content is created and inserted into logs, making it possible to create programming that sounds very spontaneous and "live". Such voicetracks are placed into a special type of audio cart known as a voicetrack cart. These carts are automatically created, deleted and managed by the voicetracker interface (accessible within both the RDLogEdit and RDAirPlay modules), with no manual user intervention required. The voicetracker module also includes extensive capabilities for allowing customization of the transitions between log elements.

Stop!	In The Nam	e of Love	e - Suprm	emes				Start
Voice	Track						Start 13:21:57	Record
Dne T	oke Over Th	e Line -	Brewer &	Shipley			Talk :0	Start
				-35 -30	-25 -2	0 -15 -10 -5 0	0:00:06.9 Remaining Tracks Time 18 -0:06:11.9	Save
Sta	art Time	Trans	Cart	Group	Length	Title		<u> </u>
0÷	13:04:00.0	SEGUE	010669	MUSIC	2:46	Green Onions	Booker T &	
Ø f	13:05:01.0	SEGUE	010101	MUSIC	3:26	lt's A Heartache	Bonnie Tyle	Hit Post
0÷	13:06:01.0	SEGUE	010346	MUSIC	4:39	How Much I Feel	Ambrosia	
Ø	T13:15:00.0	SEGUE	MARKER			Station Break Goes Here		
0÷	13:15:00.0	SEGUE	060101	IDENTS	:05	Station Imager		
€I÷	13:15:03.0	SEGUE	010559	MUSIC	4:06	Love Is A Battlefield	Pat Benata	
€ €	13:16:03.0	SEGUE	010708	MUSIC	2:49	Stop! In The Name of Love	Suprmeme	De Orre
()÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	850001	TRACKS	:06	Voice Track	-	Do Over
<u>ار</u>	1217040	crowe	010175	MUCIC		0	۲ ۱	
	sert rack	Delete Track				F	Previous Next Track Track	Close

The Voice Tracker Dialog

9.1.1. Prerequisites

Before beginning voicetracking for a particular service, a voicetracker group and pool of available cart numbers must be configured in the RDAdmin module. See Section 12.7, "Managing Voicetracking" for more information.

9.1.2. VoiceTrack Markers

A voicetrack marker is a meta event that can be inserted into a log as a "placeholder" to others to indicate where a voicetrack is to be recorded. Track markers can be inserted by RDLogEdit, RDLogManager events or even embedded in data generated by external schedulers.

ľ				RD	LogEdit -	Voice Tracker			+ = ×
Sto	p! In The Nam	e of bov	e - Suprm	emes					Start
							Start 13	:21:58	Import
One	Toke Over Th	e Line -		Shipley		have a provide first on a safet from a so	tal du thing of the second s		Start
			L	-35 -30	-25 -2) -15 -10 -5	0:00 • Rema Tracks	0:00.0 aining Time 0:06:06.5	Save
	Start Time	Trans	Cart	Group	Length	Title			
	T13:15:00.0	SEGUE	MARKER			Station Break Goes Here			Hit Post
4	13:15:00.0	SEGUE	060101	IDENTS	:05	Station Imager			THE POSE
	13:15:03.0	SEGUE	010559	MUSIC	4:06	Love Is A Battlefield		Pat Benatai	
4	13:16:03.0	SEGUE	010708	MUSIC	2:49	Stop! In The Name of Lov	/e	Suprmeme	
ų.	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	TRACK	TRACKS		Voice Track			
4 E	13:17:04.0	SEGUE	010175	MUSIC	3:17	One Toke Over The Line		Brewer & S	
4	13:18:03.0	SEGUE	010813	MUSIC	4:34	Lucky Man		Emerson, L	Do Over
4 E	13:19:04.0	SEGUE	010809	MUSIC	3:49	I'm So Excited		Pointer Sist	
1	12 20 04 0	CECUE	010705	MUCIC	2.20	(ittini On) The Deals of T	k.=	······································	
	Insert Track	Delete Track					Previous Track	Next Track	Close

The Voice Tracker Dialog (track selected)

9.2. Using the Voicetrack Interface

9.2.1. The VoiceTracker Dialog

There are two ways of accessing the voicetracker interface, via the RDLogEdit or RDAirPlay module. To access it using RDLogEdit, start the RDLogEdit module, highlight the desired log and touch the VoiceTracker button, opening the VoiceTracker dialog. Using RDAirPlay, touch the Voice Tracker button to make the interface appear on the right-hand side, then touch the Load Log and select the log to voicetrack.



The Voice Tracker button in RDAirPlay

Note

You may need to drag the RDAirPlay main window to a wider size in order to make the Voice Tracker appear.

This dialog consists of three major parts: the waveform area, the log list and the control buttons.

The waveform area is in the upper center part of the dialog, and consists of four "panes". The upper three display waveform depictions while the fourth contains audition control buttons, an audio meter and various counters. Directly below this is the log list, showing a copy of the currently loaded log. The control buttons occupy the bottom and right-hand edges of the dialog.

Y				RD	LogEdit -	Voice Tracker			(† 🗆 🗙
Stop	In The Name	e of Love	e - Suprm	iemes					Sbart
							Start 1	3:21:58	Record
One '	Toke Over Th	e Line -	Eprewer 6	Shipley	is based does to prove the second		Talk :0	for the set of a lot of the for the construction of the state of the set	Start
				-35 -30	-25 -2	0 -15 -10 -5		0:00.0 naining Time -0:06:06.5	Abort
St	tart Time	Trans	Cart	Group	Length	Title			
0	T13:15:00.0	SEGUE	MARKER			Station Break Goes Here			
4	13:15:00.0	SEGUE	060101	IDENTS	:05	Station Imager			Hit Post
46	13:15:03.0	SEGUE	010559	MUSIC	4:06	Love Is A Battlefield		Pat Benataı	
≪€÷	13:16:03.0	SEGUE	010708	MUSIC	2:49	Stop! In The Name of Lov	/e	Suprmeme:	
	00:00:00.0		TRACK	TRACKS		Voice Track			
Ø⊱	13:17:04.0			MUSIC	3.17	One Toke Over The Line		Brewer & S	
	13:18:03.0			MUSIC		Lucky Man		Emerson, L	
1									Do Over
*	13:19:04.0			MUSIC		I'm So Excited		Pointer Sist	
1	12 20 04 0	CECUE		MILCIC	2.26		5. e. 101e		
	nsert Track	Delete Track					Previous Track	Next Track	Close

The Voice Tracker Dialog (1st track playing)

9.2.2. Editing Transitions

When an event is selected in the log list, a graphical depiction of the transition into that event is loaded into the waveform area. If the selected event and its prior event in the log is not a voicetrack or track marker, then the selected event will be displayed in the third pane of the waveform area and the previous event displayed in the first pane. If the selected event or its prior event is a voicetrack or track marker, then voicetrack or marker will be displayed in the second pane of the waveform area.

Once selected, a transition can be auditioned by touching the play button in the fourth pane of the waveform area. Play will start from the left-hand edge of the topmost waveform. This start location can be adjusted by dragging the topmost waveform to the left or right by means of the mouse or touchscreen. If the transition

type of the selected event is SEGUE, it is also possible to adjust the degree of audio overlap by dragging the second or third waveform as well. It's possible to "undo" changes made in the segue overlap by rightclicking on the waveform and selecting Undo Segue Changes from the menu. To make the overlap permanent, touch the Save button. To restore the transition to its default state (calculated on the basis of segue markers from the Library) touch the Do Over button. The transition type can be changed by rightclicking on an event and selecting the desired transition type from the menu.

				RD	LogEdit -	Voice Tracker			•
itop	! In The Name	e of Love	e - Suprm	eme <mark>s</mark>					Start
							Time 1	3:21:52	Record
)ne M	Toke Over Th	e Line -	Brewer &	Shipley		is a particul from the set of the set for the former of the set of	Talk :0	luteration de la company	Start
				-35 -30	-25 -2	0 -15 -10 -5 0	0:0	0:07.1 naining Time -0:06:27.7	Abort
S	tart Time	Trans	Cart	Group	Length	Title			[
D	T13:15:00.0	SEGUE	MARKER			Station Break Goes Here			
()÷	13:15:00.0	SEGUE	060101	IDENTS	:05	Station Imager			Hit Post
} ∈	13:15:03.0	SEGUE	010559	MUSIC	4:06	Love Is A Battlefield		Pat Benataı	
()÷	13:16:03.0	SEGUE	010708	MUSIC	2:49	Stop! In The Name of Love		Suprmeme	
2	00:00:00.0		TRACK	TRACKS		Voice Track			
۹÷	13:17:04.0	SEGUE	010175	MUSIC	3:17	One Toke Over The Line		Brewer & S	
V~		SEGUE	010813	MUSIC	4:34	Lucky Man		Emerson, L	Do Over
	13:18:03.0								Do Over
)÷	13:18:03.0 13:19:04.0	SEGUE	010809	MUSIC	3:49	I'm So Excited		Pointer Sist	
0: 8: 8: 1		SEGUE	010809	MUSIC		I'm So Excited	·A.A.	Pointer Sist	

The Voice Tracker Dialog (recording)

9.2.3. Inserting and Deleting Track Markers

It is possible to insert a new voicetrack marker by selecting the desired location in the log list and touching the Insert Track button. An existing voicetrack marker can likewise by deleted by selecting it in the log list and touching the Delete Track button.

9.2.4. Moving Between Track Markers

It is possible to move directly to the next or previous voicetrack marker simply by touching the Next Track or Previous Track buttons, respectively.

i				RD	LogEdit -	Voice Tracker			•
Stop	o! In The Nam	e of Love	e - Suprm	emes					Start
							Time 1:	3:22:02	Record
)ne	Toke Over Th	ne Line -		Shipley			Talk :0	alanan akaraka Ariston	Start
			_					0:11.1	
				-35 -30	-25 -2	0 -15 -10 -5	0 Rem Tracks	aining Time -0:06:15.8	Save
S	Start Time	Trans	Cart	Group	Length	Title			-
Û	T13:15:00.0	SEGUE	MARKER			Station Break Goes Here			
₿÷	13:15:00.0	SEGUE	060101	IDENTS	:05	Station Imager			Hit Post
€)÷	13:15:03.0	SEGUE	010559	MUSIC	4:06	Love Is A Battlefield		Pat Benataı	
€)÷	13:16:03.0	SEGUE	010708	MUSIC	2:49	Stop! In The Name of Lo	ve	Suprmeme	
Į.	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	TRACK	TRACKS		Voice Track			
€)÷	13:17:04.0	SEGUE	010175	MUSIC	3:17	One Toke Over The Line		Brewer & S	
€I÷	13:18:03.0	SEGUE	010813	MUSIC	4:34	Lucky Man		Emerson, L	Do Over
₿÷	13:19:04.0	SEGUE	010809	MUSIC	3:49	I'm So Excited		Pointer Sist	Do over
۵́	12 20 04 0	crour		MUCIC	2.26	(Citation) The Deals of 3	Da.a. 111a	The second secon	
	Insert Track	Delete Track					Previous Track	Next Track	Close



9.2.5. Recording a Voicetrack

Once the desired voicetrack marker has been selected, the process of recording a voicetrack consists of four steps, each initiated by one of the four square control buttons in the upper right-hand corner of the dialog.

To begin, touch the topmost Start button. This will cause the audio in the topmost pane to begin playing, with a cursor to show playback position. To begin the actual recording, touch the Record button. To start the following event (in the third pane), touch the second Start button. Finally, to stop recording, touch the Save button. The record process can be canceled at any time by touching the Abort button, restoring the transition to its default state. It is also possible to undo a completed voicetrack by touching the Do Over button.

Once completed, the segue overlaps into and out of a voicetrack can be adjusted in the same manner as for simple transitions –i.e. by dragging the appropriate waveforms with the mouse.

j			_		LogEdit -	Voice Tracker			•
Stop	lin The Nam	e of Love	e - Suprm	emes Elipediane					Start
Voice	e Trakk		-	 1 	*** ***		Start 13:2	₩ ₩ +	Record
One '	Toke Over Th	ie Line -	Brewer &	Shipley	a bura dala sa A para jipata		Talk :0		Start
			L R	-35 -30	-25 -2	0 -15 -10 -5 0			Save
S	tart Time	Trans	Cart	Group	Length	Title			
0	T13:15:00.0	SEGUE	MARKER			Station Break Goes Here			
€ ∈	13:15:00.0	SEGUE	060101	IDENTS	:05	Station Imager			Hit Post
()	13:15:03.0	SEGUE	010559	MUSIC	4:06	Love Is A Battlefield		Pat Benataı	
€ ∈	13:16:03.0	SEGUE	010708	MUSIC	2:49	Stop! In The Name of Love		Suprmeme	
():	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	85000 <u>4</u>	TRACKS	:20	Voice Track			
€∈	13:17:04.0	SEGUE	010175	MUSIC	3:17	One Toke Over The Line		Brewer & S	
€i∈	13:18:03.0	SEGUE	010813	MUSIC	4:34	Lucky Man		Emerson, L	
€ ∺	13:19:04.0			MUSIC		I'm So Excited		Pointer Sist	Do Over
V .	12 20 04 0			MUCIC		(Cithin LOn) The Deals of The JU			
∧ ∕ ∙ [

The Voice Tracker Dialog (track completed)

9.2.6. Adjusting Transition Levels

It is possible to adjust the audio fade levels applied during transitions by means of rubber bands on the waveform displays. These are green lines with small square targets. To adjust a rubber band, use the mouse to grab one of the targets and drag it to the desired location.

9.2.7. Importing Voicetracks

In addition to recording in realtime, it's possible to import a voicetrack directly from an audio file. To do so, select the desired voicetrack marker and then touch the Import button to open the Import/Export Audio dialog. (For more information on using the Import/Export Audio dialog, see Section 3.1.0 Importing Audio from a File). Once imported, the voicetrack can be manipulated in the same manner as those that were directly recorded.

9.2.8. Hitting the Post

If the event following a voicetrack has its Talk Time markers set, it is possible to set the transition so that the end of the voicetrack automatically aligns with the end of the Talk Time (commonly referred to as hitting the post). To do this, simply touch the Hit Post button.

Chapter 10. Managing Podcasts with RDCastManager

10.1. Overview

RDCastManager is a Rivendell module designed for posting items and managing item metadata for audio podcasts managed by Rivendell.

1	RDCa	astManager v4.0.0beta3int0 - Host: ela	stigirl User u	ıser	↑ _ □ X
ſ	Key Name	Feed Title	Casts	Creation Date	Auto Post
	вотн	Elton John AND Simon & Garfunkel Channel	[superfeed]	03/10/20	N
		The Elton John Channel	03/10/20	N	
	⊞ ¥ sg	The Simon & Garfunkel Channel	3/3	03/10/20	N
	View Feed	Copy URL to Clipboard			Close

The RDCastManager Main Window

When started, RDCastManager will display the list of available podcast feeds for the currently logged in user. Each line begins with an icon, showing the assigned channel image for the repective feed.

To see the list of items posted to a particular feed, select the desired feed on the list and then touch the View Feed button to open the Podcast Item List dialog.

Managing Podcasts with RDCastManager

	Status	Start	Expiration	Length	Feed	Ca
Tiny Dancer	•	05/18/2022 16:01:43	Never	6:12	ELTON	Ar
Goodbye Yellow Brick Road	•	05/18/2022 16:00:49	Never	3:12	ELTON	Ar
Island Girl	•	05/18/2022 15:59:18	Never	3:41	ELTON	Ar

The Podcast Item List Dialog

Each posted item has a *status*, indicated by the color of the icon in the Status column.

Table 10.1. RDCastManager Item States

Status	Meaning
9	Item is active and visible to the audience.
•	Item is inactive and not visible to the audience.
9	Item is active, but currently embargoed and not visible to the audience.

10.2. Editing an Item's Metadata

To view (and possibly modify) an item's metadata, select the item on the list and then touch the Edit button to open the Editing Item dialog.

Managing Podcasts with RDCastManager

M		RDCastManager - Editing Item [Cast ID: 22]	(+ = ×
	Item Active	Posted By: user on elastigirl at 05/18/2022 - 16:00:49	
	Title:	Goodbye Yellow Brick Road	
	Author E-Mail:	author@example.com (Author)	
	Description:	Another hit from the "wizard" of pop music.	
		Item contains explicit content	
	Image:	The Elton John Channel [PNG, 1400x1400]	
	Air Date/Time:	05/18/22 16:00:49 Select Date	
	Item Expires:	No ▼ 01/01/00 ▲ 00:00:00 ▲ Select Date	
		ок	Cancel

The Editing Item Dialog

The following controls are available:

Item Active	When ticked, this makes the item visible to the audience (but see Air $\tt Date/Time$ below).
	Unticking this is a good way to put an item "on hold" without permanently deleting it from the feed.
Posted By	This is a "read-only" field that provides details on the provenance of the item.
Title	The title of the item.
Author E-Mail	The e-mail address (and optionally, full name) of the author/originator of the item.
Description	Text describing the content of the item.
	The accompanying Item contains explicit content checkbox should be ticked if the item contains content that may not be suitable for under-age listeners.
Image	The icon that will associated with this item when viewed by the audience.
Air Date/Time	The date/time that the item was/will be published. If this is set to a value in the future, the item will be <i>embargoed</i> i.e. hidden from the audience until this date/time.
Expires	If this dropdown is set to Yes , then the item will be automatically deleted from the feed at the specified date/time. If set to No , the item will never be deleted automatically.

Warning

Deleting an item cannot be undone!

To save any changes made to the item's metadata and close the dialog touch the OK. To close the dialog while abandoning any pending changes, touch Cancel.

10.3. Deleting an Item

To delete an item and permanently remove it from the feed, select the desired item and touch the Delete button. The system will prompt for confirmation:



The Delete Item Dialog

then touch the Yes button to complete the operation.

Warning

Deletion of an item is permanent; it cannot be undone!

Note

If it is desired to temporarily hide an item, simply untick the Item Active checkbox in the item's Editing Item dialog.

10.4. Posting: Creating a New Item

"Posting" is the action by which a new item is added to a podcast feed. RDCastManager is capable of posting to a feed from three different sources: a Rivendell cart/cut, a Rivendell log, and directly from an audio file.

10.4.1. Posting from a Rivendell Cart/Cut

To post the contents of a Rivendell cart/cut, touch the Post from Cart/Cut button to open the Select Cut dialog:

l		RDCastManager - Select Cut				
Filter:	Scheduler Code	s: ALL v and [none]	Matching Carts:	100		Clear
		X Show Note Bubbles	X S	how Only Fi	rst 100 M	atches
art 🛆 Group	Length Talk	Title	Artist	Start	End	Album
	c 4:48.2 :00.0	25 Or 6 To 4	Chicago		TFN	Greatest Hits V
Cut 001	4:48.2 :00.0	Cut 001				
- 🕀 010002 MUSI	:02.9 :00.0	After "Midnight"	Eric Clapton		TFN	The Cream of E
Cut 001	:02.9 :00.0	Cut 001				
- 🕀 010003 MUSI	4:10.6 :00.0	Already Gone	Eagles		TFN	Their Greatest
Cut 001	4:10.6 :00.0	Cut 001				
	4:03.7 :00.0	American Pie	Don Mc Lean		TFN	100 Hits Party
Cut 001		Cut 001				
1						

The Select Cut Dialog

Select the desired cart/cut, then touch the OK button. RDCastManager will upload the audio and then open the Editing Item dialog to allow the new item's metadata to be set.

10.4.2. Posting from a Rivendell Log

To post one or more events from a Rivendell log, touch the Post from Log button to open the Select Log dialog:

5	RDCas	stMana	ger - Sel	ect Lo	9		Ŷ			
Service: W	Service: WCR Filter: Show Only Recent Logs									
Log Name	Description		Service	Music	Traffic	Tracks	Valid From	Valid		
父 Favs	WCR Air Log for 17 Ma	ay 2022	WCR	9	9		Always	Alway		
🗙 WCR-0330	Production log for 30/	03/2022	WCR	•	•	9 0/48	Always	Alway		
父 WCR-0517	WCR Air Log for 17 Ma	ay 2022	WCR	۲	9	Ø / Ø	Always	Alway		
🗙 WCR-0518	Production log for 18/	05/2022	WCR	•	•	9 1/19	Always	Alway		
•										
					[
						ок	Car	ncel		

The Select Log Dialog

Select the log to post, then touch the OK button to bring up the Log Render Options dialog:

RDCa:	stManager - Log Render	Options	• ×
Virtual Start Time:	[now]	00:00:00	
At STOP transition:	Treat as PLAY]	
Selected Log Events	All lines	Select	
		ок	Cancel

The Select Log Dialog

The following controls are available in this dialog:

Virtual Start Time	Set the virtual start time to be used when rendering the log. This can be useful for simulating a "real" log play-out so that dayparting of cuts works as expected. By default, the wall time when the OK is touched will be used.
At STOP transition	Set the action to take during log rendering if a STOP transition is encountered. If Treat as PLAY (the default) is selected, rendering will

continue as if a PLAY transition were found. If Stop Rendering is selected, rendering of the log will be terminated at that point.

Selected Log Events By default, all of the events in the log will be rendered (subject to possible truncation by a STOP transition as specified by the setting of At STOP Transition). To select a subset of events to be rendered, touch the Select button bring up the List Log dialog:

S	tart Time	Trans	Cart	Group	Length	Title
()-	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010001	MUSIC	4:48	25 Or 6 To 4
€ €	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010007	MUSIC	3:04	Bad Blood
()÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010008	MUSIC	6:01	Baker Street
()÷	T00:13:48.0	SEGUE	010012	MUSIC	3:54	Big Shot
€<	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010016	MUSIC	4:26	Born To Run
\$ E	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010017	MUSIC	2:22	Brand New Key
€ €	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010033	MUSIC	2:57	Dance With Me
()	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010035	MUSIC	3:47	Dancing Queen
()	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010040	MUSIC	4:07	Diamond Girl
()÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010042	MUSIC	3:17	Does Anybody Really Know What Time It Is
()÷	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010051	MUSIC	4:30	Escape (The Pina Colada Song)
()	00:00:00.0	SEGUE	010239	MUSIC	4:04	The Logical Song
•						

The List Log Events Dialog

Select the events to be rendered and then touch the OK button to return to the Log Render Options dialog.

After the desired rendering options set, touch the OK button. RDCastManager will upload the audio and then open the Editing Item dialog to allow the new item's metadata to be set.

10.4.3. Posting an Audio File

To post the contents of an audio file, touch the Post from File button to bring up the Select Audio File dialog.

Managing Podcasts with RDCastManager

		RDCa	stMana	ger - Se	lect Audio File				×
🔿 Recen	t	1 🖬	fredg	wav	infrared_rabb	oit 🕨			
🔂 Home	1	Name				~	Size	Modified	1
📄 Deskt	op		Infrared		wav bbit.wav		27.3 MB 40.7 MB	24 May 2 24 May 2	
Docur	nents					40.3 MB 34.6 MB	24 May 2 24 May 2		
🕹 Down	loads	Heavy_Infrared Rabbit.wav					44.2 MB	24 May 2	017
🞜 Music		- · · · · · · ·				34.0 MB 25.0 MB	24 May 2 24 May 2		
D Pictur	es v	Ocean Eyes_Infrared Rabbit.wav				41.9 MB 37.0 MB	24 May 2 24 May 2		
🛏 Video	s		tout.wav		Babbit way		29.7 MB 33.8 MB	24 May 2	
						Sound	Files		•
							Cancel	Open	

The Select Audio File Dialog

Select the file to be posted and then touch the OK button. RDCastManager will upload the audio and then open the Editing Item dialog to allow the new item's metadata to be set.

Chapter 11. Webget

11.1. Webget

Webget is a web-based utility for up- and down-loading Rivendell audio content to and from remote locations. It can be accessed at http://host-name/rd-bin/webget.cgi, where host-name is the host name or IP address of the Rivendell system.

Note

Depending on the site-specific configuration of Rivendell, Webget may need to be accessed at https://host-name/rd-bin/webget.cgi.

After entering a set of valid credentials, the user will be taken to the main Webget screen:

😜 Rivendell We	ebget [User: webuser] - Mozilla Firefox	•		×
Rivendell Webget [User: we $ imes$	+			
← → ♂ ☆ ♥ № 19	2.168.21.21/rd-bin/webget.cgi … 🏠 ៲		0	≣
	vendell			
	enden			
Get audio from	Rivendell			
		_		
From Cart Title:	10 PM News			
Using Format:	128 kpbs MP3 [Higher quality, larger size] 🛛 🗸			
	ок			
Put audio into I	Rivendell			
From File:	Browse No file selected.			
To Group:	BEDS V			
	ОК			

The Webget screen

Note

To configure Webget, see the Configuring Webget section in Configuring Rivendell with RDAdmin.

11.1.1. Downloading Audio

Content can be downloaded using Webget by entering the Title of the desired Cart in the From Cart Title field, with the format of the downloaded audio selected by means of the Using Format dropdown. Touch the OK button to initiate the download.

Note

If multiple carts with the specified title exist, then the cart with the lowest Cart Number will be used.

Note

If the selected cart contains multiple cuts, then the cut with the lowest Cut Number will be used.

11.1.2. Uploading Audio

Content can be uploaded using Webget by selecting the desired audio file with the From File browser button, selecting the destination Rivendell Group from the To Group dropdown and then touching the OK button.

After the upload is complete, Webget will display a dialog with the Cart Number and Title containing the uploaded audio.

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Chapter 12. Configuring Rivendell with RDAdmin

12.1. Overview

RDAdmin is the Rivendell module designed for the comprehensive configuration of the Rivendell system.



The RDAdmin Main Window

When starting up RDAdmin, you will be prompted to login in. For a freshly created Rivendell database, the default login parameters are a User Name: of **admin** with no Password:.

🚼 RDAdmin 🔶 🗙					
User Name: ac Password:	Imin				
ок	Cancel				

The Login Dialog

12.2. Managing Users

To manage users in RDAdmin, touch the Manage Users to open the Rivendell User List dialog.



The Rivendell User List Dialog

Two different types of user exist within Rivendell: *administrator* users (those which have the Administer System or Administer RSS Feeds right set), who are allowed to log into RDAdmin, and *operational* users, who are configured to have rights to operate specific portions of the Rivendell system but do not have access to RDAdmin. **It is not possible for a single user to act in both roles**.

A newly created Rivendell database will have one user of each type populated automatically, called "admin" and "user" respectively. To see the attributes of an existing user, select its entry on the Users list and touch the Edit button to open the User Dialog.

RDAdmin - User: user 🔶 🗙				
<u>U</u> ser Name:	user			
<u>F</u> ull Name:	Rivendell User			
Description:	Default User Account			
E-Mail Address:				
<u>P</u> hone:				
🗶 Authenticate T	his User Locally	Change		
PAM Service:	rivendell	Change Password		
WebAPI Timeout:	3600 🜩			
Administrative Rig	hts			
Administer S <u>v</u> ste	em 🗌 Administer R	SS Feeds		
Production Rights				
X Create Carts	🗶 <u>D</u> elete Carts			
🗶 Modify Carts	🗶 Edit Netcatch	n Schedule		
🗶 Edit Audio	🗶 Voicetrack Le	ogs		
Allow <u>W</u> ebGet Lo	ogin			
Traffic Rights]		
🗶 Create Log	🗶 Delete Log			
X Modify Template	X Delete <u>R</u> epo	rt Data		
OnAir Rights				
🗶 Playout Logs	🗶 <u>R</u> earrange L	og Items		
🗶 Add Log <u>I</u> tems	🗶 Delete Log It	ems		
Configure System Panels				
Podcasting Rights	·			
🗶 Cre <u>a</u> te Podcast	🗶 E <u>d</u> it Podcast			
🗶 Dele <u>t</u> e Podcast	X Allow Web L	ogin		
Group Permissions		Podcast Feed Permissions		
	<u>o</u> ĸ	Cancel		

The Rivendell User Dialog

The upper third of the dialog provides fields for basic information regarding the user as well as authentication settings. If the Authenticate This User Locally box is ticked, then the login password for this user can be set by touching the Change Password button. If unticked, then authentication is delegated to the Pluggable Authentication Module (PAM) specified in the PAM Service: field.

The WebAPI Timeout: field sets the timeout (in seconds) when connecting to Rivendell's WebAPI component, while the Allow Web Logins box, if ticked, permits this user to use the web component of RDCastManager.

The middle section of the dialog is where individual user rights are assigned for this user. The Administer System box, if ticked, will make this user an administrative user, thus permitting login to RDAdmin, while disallowing the selection of any other rights; while the Administer RSS Feeds box, if ticked, will allow the user to log in to RDAdmin, but only permit access to the Manage Feeds functionality.

The other listed rights should be fairly self-explanatory.

The bottom of the dialog contains three large buttons. The Assign Group Permissions button allows assignment of the specific groups which this user will be allowed to access in RDLibrary, the Service Permissions allows assignment of the services which this user will be allowed to access in RDLogEdit and the Assign Podcast Feed Permissions allows the assignment of the podcast feeds which this user will be allowed to manage in RDCastManager. Touch the OK button to commit any changes made, or Cancel to abandon them.

12.3. Managing Groups

To manage groups in RDAdmin, touch the Manage Groups button to open the Rivendell Group List dialog.

			KDAGMI	n - Rivendell Grou	рыя			• [
Name 🛆	Description	Start Cart	End Cart	Enforce Range	E-Mail Addresses	Traffic Report	Music Repor	
🚯 BEDS	Music Bed Carts	040001	045000	Y		Ν	N	Add
В В В В В В В В В В В В В В В В В В В 	Dropbox Test Destination	840000	849999	Y		Y	Y	_
EAS	Emergency Alert System	860000	860999	Ν		Y	Y	Edit
EF/PROMO	Features-Promos	070000	071000	Ν	someone@example.com	Y	Y	
E IDENTS	General IDs	060101	060500	Y		Ν	N	Renar
📢 EEGAL	Legal IDs	060001	060100	Y		Ν	N	
	Long Form Programming	030001	031000	Ν		Y	Y	Delet
📀 MACROS	Macro Carts	050001	060000	Y		Ν	N	
te music	Music Carts	010001	030000	Y		Ν	Y	Gener
🕀 OPERA	Full Operas	830000	839999	Y		Y	Y	Repo
📀 PYPAD	PyPAD Test	700500	700510	Y		Y	Y	
📢 SPECIAL		071001	071200	N		Y	Y	
🕀 STINGS	Short stingers	045001	050000	Y		Ν	N	
🕀 ТЕМР	Temporary Carts	990000	999999	Y		Ν	N	
📢 TEST	Test Carts	[none]	[none]	Ν		Ν	N	
E TRACKS	Voice Tracks	850000	859999	Y		Ν	N	
traffic	Traffic Carts	000001	010000	Ν		Y	N	
🚯 文字化け	文字化け Test Carts	700000	700499	Y		Y	Y	
								Cla
•							••	Clos

The Rivendell Group List Dialog

12.3.1. Editing Group Information

To examine and modify an existing group, touch its entry in the Groups list and then touch the Edit button to open the Group Dialog.

RDAdmin -	Group: MUSIC			
Group Name:	MUSIC			
Group Description:	Music Carts			
Default Import Title:	Imported from %f.%e			
Notification E-Mail Addresses:				
Default Cart Type:	🗲 Audio 🔻			
Default Cart Number:	10001 🖨 to 30000 🖨			
X Enforce Cart Range				
Include this group in Traffic	reports			
X Include this group in Music	reports			
Set End Date/Time to days after cut creation Purge expired cuts after days				
Delete cart if empty				
Available Services	Active Services			
	Add >> Fred OPERAS test WCR WCR			
	<< Remove			
Color	OK Cancel			

The Rivendell Group Dialog

The Default Import Title is the title string that will be assigned to carts created by dropboxes or **rdimport**(1) when no file-specific title metadata is found. This field recognizes the following wildcards:

Table 12.1. Default Import Title Wildcards

%f	Body part of the filename
%e	Extension part of the filename

The Notification E-Mail Addresses is the e-mail address(es) to use when generating import reports with dropboxes or with the **rdimport**(1) command-line tool. Multiple e-mail address can be used by seperating each address with a comma.

The Default Cart Type: controls which type of cart (Audio or Macro RDLibrary will default to when creating a new cart in this group.

The Default Cart Number: fields define a range of cart numbers to use by default for this group --i.e. by RDLibrary or **rdimport**(1). If the Enforce Cart Range box is ticked, Rivendell will not permit carts to be created in or moved to this group whose cart number does not fall within this range.

If the Include this group in Traffic reports or Include this group in Music reports box is ticked, play-outs of carts belonging to this group in a log will be included in traffic or music reports, respectively.

If this Set End Date/Time box is ticked, then new cuts that belong to this group will have their end date/time automatically set to the specified number of days after the date of creation.

If the Purge expired cuts box is ticked, then cuts in the group will be purged --i.e. deleted -- the specified number of days after they expire. If Delete cart if empty is also ticked, then the cart containing the deleted cut will also be deleted if it contains no other cuts.

Carts in this group will be allowed to play only on those services that are shown in the Active Services list.

To set a color for the group (used when the group name is displayed elsewhere in Rivendell, touch the Color button.

Touch the OK button to commit any changes made, or Cancel to abandon them.

12.3.2. Renaming Groups

A group can be renamed by touching the Rename button. If the New Group Name: given already exists, then the carts in this group will be moved into that group.



The Rename Group Dialog

12.3.3. Group Report

A printable report listing the defined groups and their attributes can be generated by touching the Generate Report button.

12.4. Managing Services

To manage services in RDAdmin, touch the Manage Services button to open the Rivendell Services dialog.

	RDAdm	nin - Servic	es	•
Services:				
Name	Description	Pgm Code	Track Group	Log : Add
Fred	Freds Favorite Music	FRED	🕀 TRACKS	Add
🧌 OPERAS	Operatic Works			Edit
a test				Ealt
1 WCR	WCR Radio	WCR	🤹 TRACKS	
wcr2				Delete
•				Close



To examine and modify an existing service, touch its entry in the Services list and then touch the Edit button to open the Edit Service Dialog.

	RDAdmin - Ed	lit Service	• E
General			
Service Name:	WCR2	Configure	
Service Description:		Autofill Carts	Enable Hosts
Program Code:			
Log Name Template:	WCR2-%m%d	Set Logs to auto-delete	60 🚖 days after air date
Log Description Template:	WCR2 log for %d/%m/%Y	Purge ELR Data 30	days after airing
Bypass Grid Processing:	No 🔻	Include Music Import Mar	kers in Finished Logs
Inline Event Start/Length:	From Relative Position 🔻	Include Traffic Import Ma	rkers in Finished Logs
Voicetrack Group:	TRACKS		
AutoSpot Group:	[none]		
X Insert CHAIN TO at log e	nd Enable AutoRefresh By Default		
raffic Data Import		Music Data Import	
Import Path:	endell-qt5/docs/examples/0320090805.cpi	Import Path:	endell-qt5/docs/examples/0320090805
Preimport Command:		Preimport Command:	
Insert Marker String:		Insert Marker String:	NOTE
Insert Voice Track String:	TRACK	Insert Voice Track String:	TRACK
Import Template:	Rivendell Standard Import	Insert Traffic Break String:	BREAK
Cart Number: Offset:	10 - Length: 6 - Test	Import Template:	Rivendell Standard Import
Title: Offset:	25 Length: 34 Traffic	Cart Number: Offset:	10 - Length: 6 - Tes
Start Time - Hours: Offset:	Copy To	Title: Offset:	25 Length; 34 Length; Mus
Start Time - Minutes: Offset:	3 Length: 2 Custom	Start Time - Hours: Offset:	Length: 2 Copy
Start Time - Seconds: Offset:	6 Length: 2	Start Time - Minutes: Offset:	3 - Length: 2 - Custo
Length - Hours: Offset:		Start Time - Seconds: Offset:	Length: Z
Length - Minutes: Offset:	63 Length: 2	Length - Hours: Offset:	60 Length: 2 V
Length - Seconds: Offset:	66 Length: 2	Length - Minutes: Offset:	63 Length: Z
Globally Unique ID: Offset:	Length: 32	Length - Seconds: Offset:	Length: Z
Event ID: Offset:	c cengun: c v	Globally Unique ID: Offset:	tengun: 52
Annc. Type: Offset:	0 Length: 0	Event ID: Offset:	0 🔽 Length: 0 🔽
		Annc. Type: Offset:	U T Length: U T
		Transition Type: Offset:	102 - Length: 5 -
		Time Type: Offset:	108 Length: 4
			OK Cance



12.4.1. The General Section

General	
Service Name: (WCR2
Service Description:	
Program Code:	
Log Name Template: (WCR2-%m%d
Log Description Template: (WCR2 log for %d/%m/%Y
Bypass Grid Processing:	No 🔻
Inline Event Start/Length: (From Relative Position
Voicetrack Group:	TRACKS 👻
AutoSpot Group:	[none]
🗶 Insert CHAIN TO at log er	nd Enable AutoRefresh By Default

The General Section

The Service Name field contains the name of the service (read-only). This value is available in filepath wildcards as **%s**.

The Service Description field is for a free-form string that describes the service.

The Bypass Grid Processing dropdown, if set to Yes, will completely disable RDLogManager's native grid/clock/event template system for this service; helpful for centralizing log template management in a third-party music scheduler system. (See Section 8.2.1, "Bypassing Grid Processing" for an overview). Logs generated in this mode will contain a single music import link covering the entire broadcast
day (00:00:00 through 23:59:59). See Section 12.4.1.2, "Inline Event Scheduling Parameters" for information on encoding transition and time parameters when using this option.

The Program Code is a string that is sent to PyPAD scripts as part of every Now & Next update.

The Log Name Template field is a string that defines how logs will be named when generated by RDLogManager. This field can take filepath wildcards.

The Log Description Template field is a string that defines how the Description for each log will be formatted for logs generated by RDLogManager. This field can take filepath wildcards.

The Inline Event Start/Length dropdown selects how the Start Time and Length will be calculated when inserting Inline Events. See the section on Inline Event Scheduling Parameters for details.

The Voicetrack Group dropdown specifies the Rivendell group to be used for storing voicetracks for this service.

The AutoSpot Group dropdown specifies the Rivendell group to be used for storing carts used for the AutoSpot functionality.

The Insert CHAIN TO at log end, if ticked, will cause a CHAIN-TO event to the following day's log to be appended to the log when generated by RDLogManager.

The Enable AutoRefresh By Default box, if ticked, will cause the log's Enable AutoRefresh attribute to be set to Yes when generated by RDLogManager.

The Purge Logs after box, if ticked, will set the default deletion date for logs to be the specified number of days after being created by RDLogManager. See Section 12.4.1.1, "Purging Log and ELR Data Automatically" for more information.

The Purge ELR Data after box, if ticked, will cause Electronic Log Reconiliation (ELR) asplayed data to be purged from the database the specified number of days after being generated. See Section 12.4.1.1, "Purging Log and ELR Data Automatically" for more information.

The Include Music Import Markers in Finished Logs and Include Traffic Import Markers in Finished Logs boxes, if ticked, will cause markers to indicate the base location of imported Music and Traffic events respectively to be retained even after such events have been imported. Some users find these markers distracting, so their retention can be disabled by clearing this check box.

Warning

If import markers are not included in finished logs, then it will not be possible re-import data of the respective type into those logs.

12.4.1.1. Purging Log and ELR Data Automatically

Certain types of Rivendell item (specifically, play-out logs and ELR data for generating "as-played" reports) tend to accumulate over time. If too many of these items exist it can impact the performance and responsiveness of the Rivendell system. Thus, it is highly recommended that auto-purging of past and no longer required play-out logs and ELR data be enabled. This can be done by ticking the Set Logs to auto-delete and Purge ELR Data boxes respectively and setting the numbers of days to keep the data before purging.

Warning

Once ELR data for a particular service and date are purged it will be impossible to generate reports for that service/date. Be sure that the purge interval is sufficiently large to allow all required reports to be generated before the data is purged.

12.4.1.2. Inline Event Scheduling Parameters

When inserting an Inline Event (such as a Marker, Voice Track or Traffic Break), the Start Time and Length used will be calculated on the basis of the Inline Event Start/Length setting, as follows:

- From Scheduler File When this mode is specified, all inline events must be formatted as if they were a regular element of the schedule, with Start Time and Length values explicitly given and the string specified by the Insert Marker String, Insert Voice Track String or Insert Traffic Break String field values aligned as if it was a cart number. Inline Traffic Breaks will generate Traffic Links with Start Time/Length values that correspond to those specified on the respective line of the imported file.
- From Relative Position When this mode is specified, the string specified by the Insert Marker String, Insert Voice Track String or Insert Traffic Break String must occur somewhere on the line in the schedule file. The correct placement, Start Time and Length of each inline event will be determined heuristically, with Inline Traffic Breaks generating Traffic Links with Start Time/Length values taken from that of the parent Music Event, meaning that only one Inline Event of each type may be placed within the same parent Music Event.

Note

The From Relative Position mode is **deprecated**, and support for it will be removed in a future version of Rivendell. It is currently supported only to avoid breaking existing Rivendell setups. All new installations should use From Scheduler File!

12.4.1.2.1. Examples

Example of an inline Track Marker with Inline Event Start/Length set to **From Scheduler File**, using the **Rivendell Standard Import** template:

01:18:04	250098	Southern Nights	00:02:56
01:21:00	TRACK	Track Marker	00:00:45
01:22:30	250101	Come A Little Bit Closer	00:02:44

Example of an inline Track Marker with Inline Event Start/Length set to **From Relative Position**, using the **Rivendell Standard Import** template:

01:18:04	250098	Southern Nights	00:02:56
TRACK		Track Marker	
01:22:30	250101	Come A Little Bit Closer	00:02:44

12.4.1.3. Configuring Autofill Carts

The Configure Autofill Carts button will bring up the Autofill Carts dialog>

_	RDAdmin - Autofill Carts - Service: WCR2											
	Cart	Group	Length	Talk	Title	Artist	Start	End	Album	Label	Composer	Cone
4 E		TRAFFIC			SPOTS			TFN				
•		****										••
	Add	Rem	ove									
											Clo	60

The Autofill Carts Dialog

Carts listed in this dialog will be considered for inclusion in an event by RDLogManager when the event's Use Autofill box is ticked. When filling a gap, RDLogManager will recursively scan the list of available carts, working from the longest to shortest, and insert the longest cart that will fit. The process will stop when either the available gap has been completely filled or no cart short enough to fit has been found.

12.4.1.4. Enabling Hosts for Service Playout

The Enable Hosts button will bring up the Hosts dialog, where the hosts for which this service is allowed to be played can be defined



The Hosts Dialog

12.4.2. Traffic/Music Data Importation Settings

With the exception of one field (Insert Traffic Break String), the Traffic Data Import and Music Data Import sections are identical. Thus, only the Music Data Import section will be described here.

The upper part of the section consists of string fields and a dropdown box.

Import Path:	edg/rivendell-reftest/imports/absolute.tfc
Preimport Command:	
Insert Marker String:	MARKER
Insert Voice Track String:	TRACK
Insert Traffic Break String:	BREAK

Log Importation String Fields

The Import Path field takes the fully-qualified path to the file to be used for import events by RDLogManager. This field can take filepath wildcards.

The Preimport Command field takes the fully-qualified path to the command to be run before attempting to import the file specified in Import Path. This field can take filepath wildcards. This can be useful when a schedule file requires pre-processing of some sort before being imported by rdlogmanager(1).

The Insert Marker String field can be used to configure placement of a marker event in the generated log. When the string set here is found in the 'cart' field in a line of the specified import file, RDLogManager will insert a marker event, the text of which will be the 'title' field from that same line.

Note

See Section 12.4.1.2, "Inline Event Scheduling Parameters" for details on how the Start Time and Length parameters are calculated when inserting a Marker String.

The Insert Voice Track String field can be used to configure placement of a voice track marker in the generated log. When the string set here is found in the 'cart' field in a line of the specified import file, RDLogManager will insert a voice track event, the text of which will be the 'title' field from that same line.

Note

See Section 12.4.1.2, "Inline Event Scheduling Parameters" for details on how the Start Time and Length parameters are calculated when inserting a Voice Track String.

The Insert Traffic Break String field can be used to configuration placement of a traffic break from an entry in the music import log. When the string set here is found in the cart field. RDLogManager will insert a traffic import event, using the event specified in the Import inline traffic dropdown box in the relevant music event.

Note

This field is available only in the Music Data Import section!

Note

See Section 12.4.1.2, "Inline Event Scheduling Parameters" for details on how the Link Start Time and Link Length parameters are calculated when inserting a Traffic Break.

12.4.3. Traffic/Music Import Parser Settings



The Log Parser Settings

Rivendell includes the ability to import log schedule files from a variety of third-party scheduling utilities. To configure an import from one of these systems, all that is usually necessary is to select the appropriate system in the Import Template dropdown in the Traffic Data Import or Music Data Import sections. However, if the target scheduler system is not on this list, or if your system requires custom settings, a custom parser can be defined by selecting [custom] from the dropdown. The Copy To Custom button will copy the selected import template values to the custom parser.

Warning

Using the Copy To Custom action will cause the prior custom import template values to be overwritten!

Log schedule files for Rivendell are assumed to be in so-called "column-aligned" format --i.e. each record occupies a single line in a text file that is terminated by a single linefeed or a carriage return, with each field occupying a fixed column position on the line. Each field takes two values: Offset:, which is the starting position of the field (starting from 0) on the line and Length:, which is the number of characters reserved for the field. Setting the Length: value for field to **0** disables the use of that field.

Most of the fields should be self-explanatory, but a few call for some comment:

Globally Unique ID	Many schedulers provide an opaque string with each scheduling record which they expect to be returned as part of the corresponding Electronic Log Reconciliation (ELR) fed back to the system. This field indicates where this "GUID" string should be found.
Event ID:/Annc. Type	Additional fields for GUID data. As of this writing, only scheduler products from Marketron require the use of these fields.
Transition Type:	The transition type to be assigned to this event. The following strings are recognized:
	PLAY SEGUE STOP

See Section 5.2, "Event Transitions" for discussion of the meaning of these types. If left blank, a **PLAY** transition will be applied.

Time Type:The time type to be assigned to this event. The following strings
are recognized:

HARD Apply a hard start (Start Immediately) to this item, using the specified start time of the event.

SOFT Apply a soft start (Make Next) to this item, using the specified start time of the event.

If left blank, no time start options will be applied.

Note

The Transition Type and Time Type fields are available only if the Bypass Grid Processing dropdown has been set to Yes.

12.4.4. Testing Data Importation

Once the parameters have been configured, they can be tested with a sample import file by touching the Test Music or Test Music buttons to bring up the Test Import dialog.

S				RDAdmin - Test Music	Import	•	×			
	Test Date: 🛽	1/16/202	0	Select						
	Import									
	Using source file: //home/fredg/rivendell-reftest/fixtures/import/absolute.tfc									
	ported Even									
	Start Time	Cart	Len	Title	GUID	Event ID				
4	01:00:00	045000	3:39	Rumor Has It	GUID4567890123456789012345678901					
4	01:03:39	040005	2:58	Brandy	GUID4567890123456789012345678902					
4	01:06:33	250089	4:31	Escape (The Piña Colada Song)	GUID4567890123456789012345678903					
4	01:11:04	250093	5:00	Mr. Blue Sky	GUID4567890123456789012345678904					
	01:16:04		1:00	[spot break]						
- 1	01-17-04		1.00	r=====================================			Ľ.			
							_			
						Close				

The Test Import Dialog

Select the date for the import to test, either by entering it in the Test Date: control or by touching the Select button. Then, touch the Import button. The import events for the day should appear in the Imported Events list.

12.5. Managing Hosts

To manage hosts in RDAdmin, touch the Manage Hosts button to open the Rivendell Host List dialog.

ſ					
Hos	sts:				
	Name	Description	IP Address	Default User	
ļ	elastigirl	Workstation elastigirl	192.168.21.21	🔒 user	Add
٢	rivbuild	Workstation rivbuild	192.168.122.41	💄 user	
					Edit
					Delete
•				••	Close

The Rivendell Host List Dialog

To examine and modify an existing host, touch its entry in the Hosts list and then touch the Edit button to open the Host Dialog.

RD RD	Admin - Host	: elastigirl	+ = ×					
Host Name:	elastigirl							
Short Name:	elastigirl							
Description: Workstation elastigirl								
Default User:	🔒 user	-						
IP Address:	192.168.21.21							
Report Editor:	/usr/bin/emacs							
Web Browser:	firefox							
SSH Ident. File:								
Time Offset:	0 mS 🚔							
Startup Cart:	050007	Select						
Cue Output:	Card: 0	Start Cart:	Select					
	Port: 0	/	Select					
Enable Hearth		🗶 Use Realtin	me Filtering					
Cart:	Select	Interval: 1	secs					
X Include in Sys		_	y sees					
		nce Pool						
X Enable Drag &	-	t in Setup Mode	9					
- System Service		t in Secup Hou						
нттр Х								
Core Audio Eng	gine: 🕒 locain	ost						
RDLibrary	RDCatch	RDAirPlay	RDPanel					
RDLogEdit	RDCart Slots	Dropboxes	Switchers GPIO					
Host Variables								
	JACK Settings	PyPAD Instances						

The Host Dialog

Note

After changing the configuration of a Rivendell module, it is generally necessary to restart that module for the changes to take effect!

The dialog is divided into roughly two parts: the upper half, which contains settings that pertain to the selected host overall, and the lower half, which contains buttons that access settings specific to a particular Rivendell module or subsystem.

The Host Name: (read-only), Short Name: and Description: fields are for text strings. The value of these fields is accessible using filepath wildcards.

The Default User sets the value of the Rivendell user that will be logged in by default --i.e. when the system is restarted or the Default User button is touch in rdlogin(1).

The IP Address: field should contain the IPv4 address of the host. For multi-homed systems, an address that is reachable from all other Rivendell hosts should be specified. If this host is the sole host in the Rivendell database, then it is acceptable to specify the loopback address (127.0.0.1) here.

The Report Editor: can be used to specify an external text editor to be used to display reports. If desired, the value should consist of the command invocation needed to start the editor.

Note

If left blank, the system will use the vi(1) editor running in an xterm(1) window --i.e. xterm -e vi.

The Web Browser: is used to specify an external web browser to be used to display HTML content. If desired, the value should consist of the command invocation needed to start the browser.

The SSH Ident. File: field contains the path to the SSH identity (private key) file used to authenticate SFTP file transfers when the Authenticate with local identity file box is ticked in an RSS feed's configuration dialog. See the **ssh-keygen**(1) man page for information on generating SSH identity key pair files.

Caution

The SSH identity file must be owned by the same user specified by the **AudioOwner** parameter in the **[Identity]** section of the **rd.conf**(5) configuration file and have permission mode **0600**, otherwise transfers with fail with an Authentication Failed error. See the **rd.conf**(5) man page for more information. See Appendix H, *Creating and Configuring a Secure Shell Identity Key-pair for Rivendell* for an example.

The Time Offset: field can be used to specify a static time offset in milliseconds to by applied to events in rdcatch(1).

The Startup Cart: field takes the number of a macro cart to be executed each time the Rivendell system is restarted. This can be useful for initializing state --e.g. JACK routes, etc.

The Cue Output controls specify the audio output to be used for off-line "audition" uses. The Start Cart: and Stop Cart: fields take the number of a macro cart that will be executed each time a cut play starts or stops, respectively (useful for things such as dimming control room audio monitors).

If the Enable Heartbeat box is ticked, then the macro cart specified in the Cart: will be executed at the specified interval as a means to provide a system watchdog heartbeat.

If the Use Realtime Filtering box is ticked, then the filter parameters when searching for carts will be applied after each keystroke or parameter change. If unticked, then the Search must be touched before altered filter parameters will be applied.

If the Include in System Maintenance Pool box is ticked, than this host will be included in the pool of systems eligible to run automatic system maintenance routines in the background.

This setting should normally be left ticked unless the host in question has a limited bandwidth connection to the Rivendell database or audio store --e.g. is remotely located from the Rivendell server.

If the Enable Drag & Drop box is unticked, then Rivendell's drag and drop system will be disabled. If ticked, then dropping carts on SoundPanels can be disabled by unticking the Allow Drops on Panels not in Setup Mode box.

The System Services can be used to allow this host to use the HTTP Xport: or Core Audio Engine services of another host in the Rivendell network.

12.5.1. Configuring RDLibrary

To configure the rdlibrary(1) module, touch the RDLibrary button to open the Configure RDLibrary dialog.

RDAdmin - Cont	figure RDLibrary 💿 🗙
Card: 0	Output Card: 0 🗣 Port: 0 🗣
Settings	
Max Record Time:	
VOX Threshold:	
AutoTrim Threshold:	0 dbFS
Tail Preroll:	1500 milliseconds
Ripper Device:	/dev/cdrom
Paranoia Level:	Normal
Read ISRCs from CD:	Yes 🔻
CD Metadata Source:	MusicBrainz 💌
MusicBrainz Server:	musicbrainz.org
Format:	PCM16
Bitrate:	🚽 kbps/chan
Allow External Editing:	Yes 🔻
Sample Rate Converter:	Medium Sinc Interpolator
Limit Searches at Startup:	Yes 🔻
Allow Multiple Instances:	Yes 🔻
Defaults	
	2 •
Record Mode:	
AutoTrim:	
Normalization Level:	-13 🖶 dbFS
	OK Cancel

The Configure RDLibrary Dialog

The INPUT and OUTPUT are used to specify the audio input and output to be used.

The Max Record Time field sets the maximum time that rdlibrary(1)'s Record widget will run in record mode; when this time is reached, it will be automatically stopped. To allow an unlimited record duration, set this to 00:00:00.

The VOX Threshold control sets audio level at which to automatically begin recording when the Record Mode control is set to VOX in the Record dialog.

The AutoTrim Threshold control sets audio level at which to trim the ends of the recorded audio when the AutoTrim control is set to On in the Record dialog.

The Tail Preroll control sets how far before an end marker the audio cursor will be positioned when auditioning a marker edit.

The Ripper Device field specifies the CD-ROM device to be used for ripping audio CDs.

The Paranoia Level dropdown specifies the amount of error checking/recovery to be applied when ripping CDs, with Normal being the maximum amount. With modern CD-ROM hardware, it is often possible to obtain significantly faster ripper performance by setting this control to Low or even None.

For further information on the Low and None options, see the '-Y' and '-Z' options in the **cdparanoia**(1) man page or https://linux.die.net/man/1/cdparanoia.

The Read ISRC from CD: dropdown controls whether the ripper will attempt to read International Standard Recording Code data from audio tracks when loading the disc. Setting this to Yes can cause CD-ROM drives to take **significantly** longer to read the table of contents of newly inserted discs when the disc does not contain ISRC data.

The CD Metadata Source: dropdown determines the type of data source that will be used to lookup CDs for external metadata records. Three options are available:

MusicBrainz Use a MusicBrainz database [https://musicbrainz.org/doc/MusicBrainz_Database]. This is the default.

If selected, the MusicBrainz Server: field is used to provide the hostname of the server. Default value is **musicbrainz.org**, a public server provided by the MetaBrainz Foundation [https://metabrainz.org/about] (but kindly see the note regarding commercial use at https://metabrainz.org/supporters/account-type).

CDDB Use a CDDB database [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/CDDB].

If selected, a CDDB Server: field will also appear, which takes the hostname of the CDDB server to use (default value **freedb.freedb.org**).

None If selected, no external metadata lookup will be performed.

Note

Rivendell's CD rippers will also attempt to detect CD-Text data [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ CD-Text] on all discs and will use any information so detected in preference to that supplied by an external lookup.

The Format: dropdown indicates the audio encoding format to be used in Rivendell's audio store for ingested material.

The Bitrate: dropdown indicates the bitrate to be used when encoding ingested material to MPEG Layer 2.

If set to Yes, the Allow External Editing dropdown will cause an Edit Audio button to be displayed when editing audio carts.

The Sample Rate Converter: dropdown controls which algorithm will be used when resampling ingested audio to a different sample rate. For more information regarding the various algorithms available, see http://mega-nerd.com/SRC/api_misc.html#Converters [http://mega-nerd.com/SRC/api_misc.html#Converters].

When ticked, the Limit Searchs at Startup box will cause the Show Only First 100 Matches box to be ticked when starting a new instance of rdlibrary(1).

The Allow Multiple Instances, if set to **Yes**, will allow multiple, independent instances of **rdlibrary**(1) to be run simultaneously.

The Channels: dropdown sets the default value of the Channels: dropdowns in rdlibrary(1).

The Record Mode and AutoTrim dropdowns set the default value of the respective dropdowns in the Record dialog.

The Normalization Level: control sets the default value of the Normalization Level: controls in rdlibrary(1).

12.5.2. Configuring RDCatch

To configure the rdcatch(1) module, touch the RDCatch button to open the Configure RDCatch dialog.

3	RDAdmin - Configure	RDCatch			(↑ □ ×
Record Dec	k 1 -	Play De			
Settings		Card: 0			
Card: 0		Port: 0	×		
Port: 0		Event Ca	arts		
Monitor Port:	None - Monitor defaults to Off -	1:	Select	2:	Select
Format:	MPEG Layer 2				
Bit Rate:	128 kbps/chan	3:	Select	4:	Select
Switcher Host:	elastigirl 🗸	5:	Select	6:	Select
Switcher Matrix:	Input Switcher [Software Authority Proto	7:	Select	8:	Select
Switcher Output:	172.30.4.211/8: DST 8 ON FRED-XNODE	9:	Select	10:	Select
Defaults		11:	Select	12:	Select
Channels:	2 -	13:	Select	14:	Select
Trim Threshold:	0 dB	15:	Select	16:	Select
Host-Wide Setti	ings				
Error RML:					
	·/				Close

The Configure RDCatch Dialog

The RDCatch Dialog consists of four sections: Record Deck, Play Deck, Defaults and Host-Wide Settings.

12.5.2.1. Record Decks

The Record Deck dropdown selects the record deck to be configured.

The Card: and Port: controls select which audio input will feed the deck, while Monitor Port: allows an audio output to be configured for monitoring audio during recording.

The Format: and Bit Rate: dropdowns are used to specify the audio encoding format used in the Rivendell audio store with recordings from this deck. Bit Rate: is used only for a Format: setting of MPEG Layer 2.

The Switcher Host:, Switcher Matrix: and Switcher Output: dropdowns can be used to configure a switcher device for routing multiple audio signals into this record deck on a per-event basis. The specified switcher output should be connected to the input specified by the Card: and Port: controls.

Note

See Section 12.5.8, "Configuring Switcher/GPIO Devices" for more information on configuring switcher devices.

The Channels: control sets the default value of the same control in RDCatch, while the Trim Threshold sets the default value of the autotrim Level: control.

12.5.2.2. Play Decks

The Play Deck dropdown selects the play deck to be configured.

The Card: and Port: controls select which audio output will be used by the deck.

The Event Carts fields take the number of the macro cart that will be executed each time the corresponding event marker, originally placed during recording by the Cut Event ['CE'] RML is encountered during playback. See Section 14.9.9, "Cut Event [CE]" for more information.

12.5.2.3. Host-Wide Settings

The Error RML: field takes RML code that will be executed whenever RDCatch encounters an error in operations --e.g. a file download failure.

12.5.3. Configuring RDAirPlay

To configure the rdairplay(1) module, touch the RDAirPlay button to open the Configure RDAirPlay dialog.

			RDAdmin - Configure RD	AirPlay	• ×
Channel Assignn	nents				Log Settings
Main Log Output	1		SoundPanel First Play Ou	tput	Manual Segue: 250 msecs
Card: 0	Start RML:	Edit	Card: 0 🚔 Start F	RML: Edit	Forced Segue: 500 msecs
Port: 0	Stop RML:	GPIOs	Port: 0 🔷 Stop F	IML: GPIOS	Pie Counts Last: 15 🚔 secs
Main Log Output	2		SoundPanel Second Play	Output	Pie Counts To: Cart End 🔻
Card: 0 🚔	Start RML:	Edit	Card: None 🖨 Start P	ML: Edit	Default Trans. Type: Segue
Port: 0	Stop RML:	GPIOs	Port: None 🌲 Stop F		Default Service: [none]
Aux Log 1 Output			SoundPanel Third Play Ou	itput	
Card: 0 🚔	Start RML:	Edit	Card: None 🚔 Start F	ML: Edit	Sound Panel Settings
Port: 1	Stop RML:	GPIOs	Port: None 🖨 Stop F		System Panels: 3
Aux Log 2 Output			SoundPanel Fourth Play (Dutput	User Panels: 3 🚔
Card: 0	Start RML:	Edit	Card: None 🖨 Start F	· [Flash Active Buttons
Port: 2	Stop RML:	GPIOs	Port: None 🖨 Stop F		Enable Button Pausing
		Log 101 🔻	SoundPanel Fifth and Lat	er Play Output	Label Template: %t
Virtual Log Outpu		Log 101 🗸	Card: None 🚔 Start F	ML: Edit	Miscellaneous Settings
Card: 0	Start RML:		Port: None 🖨 Stop F		miscellaneous settings
Port: 0	Stop RML:				Check TimeSync
			Display Settings	1	Show Auxlog 1 Button
			Background Image:	rivendell/old/rdairplay_skin.png	Select Show Auxlog 2 Button
			Logo Image:	ps/rivendell/rdairplay logo.png	Select
Start/Stop Settir	ngs		Title Template:		Enable Paused Events
Exit Password:	••		Artist Template:		Show Extra Buttons/Counters
Main Log	▼		Outcue Template:		Show Hour Selector
At Startup: load	previous log	-	Description Template:		Audition Preroll: 10 🚔 secs
	lestart Log After Unclean Sh				Space Bar Action: None 🔻
	-%m%d	Selec	Log Mode Contro	ol	
Log: Favs	-7011170L	Selec	Mode Control Style	Independent 💌	
			Main Log Star	tup Mode: Previous 💌	
			Aux 1 Log Star	tup Mode: LiveAssist	
			Aux 2 Log Star	tup Mode: LiveAssist 🔹	
			vLog 101 🗸	: Automatic 💌	OK Cancel

The Configure RDAirPlay Dialog

12.5.3.1. Channel Assignments

The Channel Assignments section contains controls for configuring the audio outputs, along with associated fader metadata and automation.

Channel Assignme	ents				
Main Log Output 1			SoundPanel First	Play Output	
Card: 0 🚔	Start RML:	Edit	Card: 0 🚔	Start RML:	Edit
Port: 0	Stop RML:	GPIOs	Port: 0	Stop RML:	GPIOs
Main Log Output 2	!		SoundPanel Seco	nd Play Output	
Card: 0 🚔	Start RML:	Edit	Card: None 🖨	Start RML:	Edit
Port: 0	Stop RML:	GPIOs	Port: None 🚔	Stop RML:	GPIOs
Aux Log 1 Output			SoundPanel Third	i Play Output	
Card: 0 🚔	Start RML:	Edit	Card: None 🚔	Start RML:	Edit
Port: 1	Stop RML:	GPIOs	Port: None 🚔	Stop RML:	GPIOs
Aux Log 2 Output			SoundPanel Four	th Play Output	
Card: 0 🚔	Start RML:	Edit	Card: None 🖨	Start RML:	Edit
Port: 2	Stop RML:	GPIOs	Port: None 🚔	Stop RML:	GPIOs
Virtual Log Output	ts Log Machine: vLog 3	SoundPanel Fifth	and Later Play Output		
		101 🔻	Card: None 🖨	Start RML:	Edit
Card: 0	Start RML:		Port: None 🚔	Stop RML:	GPIOs
Port: 0	Stop RML:				

Channel Assignments Section

Audio outputs for the Main Log, both Aux Logs, Virtual Logs and the Sound Panel are configured by means of the Card: and Port: controls. For the Main Log, if *both* Output 1 and Output 2 are set to different card and/or port values, RDAirPlay's output will alternate between the two outputs.

Each of the corresponding Start RML: and Stop RML: fields can take RML code that will be executed each time the associated channel is started or stopped. Metadata wildcards can be used in these fields, which will reflect the values of the cart being started or stopped.

To configure fader automation for a given channel, touch its Edit GPIOs button to open the Edit Channel GPIOs dialog.

RDAdmin - Edit Channel GPIO 🔹 🗆 🗙				
Main Log Output 1				
Start GPI: 1 🔺				
Start GPO: 1 4				
Stop GPI: 1 📥				
Stop GPO: 1 5 4				
Signalling Type: Edge				
OK Cancel				

Edit Channel GPIOs Dialog

The GPI fields specify a general input event coming into Rivendell (typically mapped from the fader ON or OFF status signal on the associated mixer desk). Reception of this signal will cause the corresponding RDAirPlay channel to be started or stopped. The GPO fields specify a general output event emitted by Rivendell each time the corresponding channel is started or stopped (typically mapped to the fader ON or OFF remote control on the associated mixer desk).

Note

See Section 12.5.8, "Configuring Switcher/GPIO Devices" for more information on configuring GPIO devices.

12.5.3.2. Start/Stop Settings

The Start/Stop Settings section controls the behavior of rdairplay(1) when the module is first opened and finally closed.

Start/Stop Settings	
Exit Password: ••••••	
Main Log 🔻	
At Startup: load and cue previous log	
🕱 Restart Log After Unclean Shutdown	
Log: Favs	Select



The Exit Password: field can be used to specify a password that must be entered when exiting rdairplay(1) (useful for preventing inadvertent shutdowns).

For each of the selected log machines it is possible to specify the action to take at startup by selecting the appropriate value in the At Startup: dropdown. If the Restart Log After Unclean Shutdown box is ticked, then rdairplay(1) will attempt to restart the log from the event which was playing when the unclean shutdown occurred.

12.5.3.3. Display Settings

The Display Settings section controls the contents and formatting of the label areas of the button widget as well as the "skin" used for the overall rdairplay(1) window.

Display Settings					
Background Image:	rivendell/old/rdairplay_skin.png	Select			
		$ \longrightarrow $			
Logo Image:	ps/rivendell/rdairplay_logo.png	Select			
Title Template:	%t				
Artist Template:	%a				
Outcue Template:	%0				
Description Template:	%i	-			

Display Settings

The Background Image: field takes the full path to an image file to use as the background "skin" for RDAirPlay's main window. The file should be of type JPG or PNG.

The Logo Image: field takes the full pathname to an image file to display in the upper right-hand corner of RDAirPlay. The image should should have dimensions of 167x125 pixels and be of type JPG or PNG.

Each of the Template: fields define the formatting of one of the lines of the label areas in the button widget. Metadata wildcards are used to define the contents to be displayed. See Section E.1, "Metadata Wildcards" for a list of supported wildcards.

12.5.3.4. Log Mode Control

The Log Mode Control section configures the behavior of RDAirPlay mode controls.

Log Mode Control		
Mode Control Style: Independ	lent 🔻	
Main Log Startup Mode:	Previous	Ŧ
Aux 1 Log Startup Mode:	LiveAssist	Ŧ
Aux 2 Log Startup Mode:	LiveAssist	Ŧ
vLog 101 🔹 Automat	tic 🔻	

Log Mode Control

The Mode Control Style dropdown is used to specify whether operating mode of the log machines are always the same (Unified mode) or can be separately set (Indepdendent mode).

The startup states of the log machines can be set by means of the Start Mode: dropdowns.

12.5.3.5. Log Settings

The Log Settings section configures the behavior of log operations.

Log Settings				
Manual Segue:	250	msecs		
Forced Segue:	500	msecs		
Pie Counts Last:	15 🚔	secs		
Pie Counts To:	Cart End	i 🔽		
Default Trans. Type:	Segue	-		
Default Service:	[none]			

Log Settings

The Manual Segue: field specifies the duration of the segue overlap to apply when manually starting a log event while one or more other events are currently playing.

The Forced Segue: field specifies the duration of the segue overlap to apply when a hard time event starts while one or more other events are currently playing.

The Pie Counts Last: field specifies when the pie widget begins its countdown, relative to the setting of the Pie Counts To: dropdown. If set to Cart End, countdown will always be relative to the end marker of the cut, whereas a setting of Transition will count down relative to the start of the transition to the following event.

The Default Trans. Type dropdown determines what transition type will be applied by default when adding a new event to a log.

The Default Service: dropdown determins what service will be associated with a newly created log.

12.5.3.6. Sound Panel Settings

The Sound Panel Settings section configures the behavior of Sound Panel operations.

Sound Panel Settings				
System Panels: 3				
User Panels: 3				
Flash Active Buttons				
Enable Button Pausing				
Label Template: %t				

Sound Panel Settings

The total number of System and User panels are set with the System Panels: and User Panels: fields respectively.

If the Flash Active Buttons box is ticked, then the buttons in the button widget that correspond to playing events will flash.

If the Enable Button Pausing box is ticked, then touching the button of an playing event will cause it to pause rather than stopping. A paused event can be restarted by pressing its button again.

The Label Template control determines the default button legend for newly created Sound Panel buttons. Metadata wildcards can be used in this field. See Section E.1, "Metadata Wildcards" for a list of supported wildcards.

12.5.3.7. Miscellaneous Settings

Miscellaneous Settings
Check TimeSync
Show Auxlog 1 Button
Show Auxlog 2 Button
Clear Cart Search Filter
Enable Paused Events
🕱 Show Extra Buttons/Counters
X Show Hour Selector
Audition Preroll: 10 🚔 secs
Space Bar Action: None 🔻

Miscellaneous Settings

If the Check Time Sync box is ticked, the status of the kernel's time synchronization PLL lock will be check periodically. If not locked, the wall clock will flash red.

Ticking Show Auxlog 1 or Show Auxlog 2 boxes will cause selector buttons for the respective log machines to be displayed.

If the Clear Cart Search Filter box is ticked, the cart search dialog's filter will be cleared each time the dialog is redisplayed.

If the Enable Paused Events box is ticked, touch the button for a playing event will cause that event to be paused rather than stopped. A stopped event can be restarted by touching it again, dismissed by deleting the event.

Ticking the Show Extra Buttons/Counters box will cause Audition Head, Audition Tail buttons and the Run Length to be displayed as part of the List Log widget.

Ticking the Show Hour Selector will cause the Hour Selector to be displ;ayed as part of the List Log widget.

The Audition Preroll sets how far before the current play position an audition playout will begin.

The Space Bar Action dropdown sets what action will taken when the space bar is pressed.

12.5.4. Configuring RDPanel

To configure the RDPanel module, touch the RDPanel button to open the Configure RDPanel dialog.

8	RDAdmin - Configure RDPanel	+ ×
Channel Assignn	nents	Sound Panel Settings
SoundPanel First Card: 0 + Port: 0 + SoundPanel Secor Card: 0 + Port: 1 + SoundPanel Third Card: None +	Play Output Start RML: Stop RML: Ind Play Output Start RML: Stop RML:	Host Panels: 3 User Panels: 3 Flash Active Buttons Clear Cart Search Filter Default Service: [[none] ¥ Label Template: %6t
Card: None Port: None SoundPanel Fourt Card: None Port: None	Stop RML:	
SoundPanel Fifth Card: None - Port: None -	and Later Play Output Start RML: Stop RML:	
SoundPanel Cue C Card: None - Port: None -	Start RML:	
Display Setting Background Image:	s	OK Cancel

The Configure RDPanel Dialog

The RDPanel application is merely a larger version of the Sound Panel portion of RDAirPlay. As such, its configuration is very similar to that of the Sound Panel section in Section 12.5.3, "Configuring RDAirPlay". Please see that section for details.

Although RDPanel's panels appear similar to RDAirPlay's panels, RDPanel has its own set of system and user panels that are independent of RDAirPlay and must be set up separately.

12.5.5. Configuring RDLogEdit

To configure the rdlogedit(1) module, touch the RDLogEdit button to open the Configure RDLogEdit dialog.

RDAdmin - Configure RDLogedit • ×						
Input Output Card: 0 • Port: 0 •						
Voice Tracker S	Settings					
Max Record Time:	00:00:00					
AutoTrim Threshold:	-30 🖨 dbFS					
Normalization Level:	-13 🔷 dbFS					
Audio Margin:	2000 🖨 milliseconds					
Format:	PCM16					
Bitrate:	kbps/chan					
Enable 2nd Start Button:	Yes 🔻					
WaveForm Caption:	%t - %a					
Play Start Cart:	Select					
Play End Cart:	Select					
Record Start Cart:	Select					
Record End Cart:	Select					
Channels:	2 🔻					
Default Transition:	Play 👻					
OK Cancel						

The Configure RDLogEdit Dialog

The Input and Output controls are used to specify the audio input and output to be used for the interactive voicetracker.

Caution

These channel assignments are also used for the voicetracker when it is being accessed through the RDAirPlay module!

The Max Record Time field sets the maximum time that rdlogedit(1)'s voice tracker will run in record mode; when this time is reached, it will be automatically stopped. To allow an unlimited record duration, set this to 00:00:00.

The AutoTrim Threshold control sets audio level at which to trim the ends of the recorded audio in the voice tracker.

The Normalization Level control sets audio level at which to peak normalize the recorded audio in the voice tracker.

The Audio Margin control sets how much of the end of the first track in the voicetracker will be visible by default when a new transition is loaded.

The Format: and Bit Rate: dropdowns are used to specify the audio encoding format used in the Rivendell audio store with the voice tracker. Bit Rate: is used only for a Format: setting of MPEG Layer 2.

If the Enable 2nd Start Button: dropdown is set to No, then the voice tracker will not display the second Start button (and hence, not run the event that follows the recorded track), but wait for the Save button to be touched after starting the track recording.

The Play Start Cart:, Play End Cart:, The Record Start Cart: and The Record End Cart: fields each take the number of a macro cart to be executed when the respective audio signal starts or ends. (Useful for automated external audio paths changes to support voicetracking operations).

The Channels: dropdown indicates the number of channels to use when recording voicetracks.

The Default Transition indicates the transition type to use by default when adding a new log event.

12.5.6. Configuring RDCartSlots

To configure the rdcartslots(1) module, touch the RDCartSlots button to open the Configure RDCartSlots dialog.

RDAdmin -	Edit CartSlots 🛛 🔶 🗙					
Global Settings Slot Columns: 1 + Slot Rows: 8 +						
Slot 1 V Settings						
Cnanne Card:	Assignments					
Input Port:						
Output Port:						
	ult Settings					
Service:	[™] ^{Q0} WCR ▼					
Slot Mode:	Cart Deck 🔻					
Play Mode:	Use previous mode 🔹					
At Startup:	Do Nothing 💌					
Cart: Select						
At Playout End:	Use previous action					
Close						

The Configure RDCartSlots Dialog

The Global Settings section is used to configure the number and arrangment of cart slots. The number of supported slots is limited only by the available resolution of the display monitor.

The Slot Settings is used to configure each individual slot. Channel Assignments settings are used to specify the audio input and output to be used. (The Input Port value is used only when the slot is in **Breakaway** mode.)

The Default Settings settings are used to configure the detailed behavior of the specified cart slot. Service: defines the slot's default service when in **Breakaway** mode. Slot Mode: sets the mode of the slot and Play Mode sets the default state of the **Full** or **Hook** play mode. The contents of the slot at startup can be set using the At Startup: dropdown, and the action when play-out finishes set in the At Playout End: control.

12.5.7. Configuring Dropboxes

12.5.7.1. Overview

A *dropbox* is a Rivendell process that runs in the background and performs automatic file importation. At its most basic level, each dropbox is configured to have a specific *group* (within whose carts audio is saved) and a *path* (a location in the filesystem whence the dropbox will obtain audio to import). When

one or more audio files that match the path specification are copied to the path location, the dropbox will automatically import the file(s). There are a number of additional parameters which can be set to influence the way in which a particular dropbox will process audio, which will be covered below.

The number of dropboxes capable of being configured on a given host is limited only by that host's hardware capabilities.

12.5.7.2. Configuration

To see the list of dropboxes currently configured on the system, touch the Dropboxes button to open the Rivendell Dropbox Configurations Dialog.

RDAdmin - Rivendell Dropbox Configurations on elastigirl				•		
ID	Group	Path	Norm. Level	Autotrim Level	To Cart Fo	Add
	DROPBOX				[auto]	Add
20	IDENTS	/home/fredg/echobox/*.mp3	-11 dBFS	[off]	[auto]	Edit
						Duplicat
						Delete
					••	
						Close

The Rivendell Dropbox Configurations Dialog

A new dropbox can be created by touching the Add button, opening the Dropbox Configuration dialog.

RDAdm	in - Dropbox Configuration [ID: 16]	(
Default Group:	Q ∈ DROPBOX ▼	
Path Spec:	/home/fredg/dropbox/*	Select
To Cart:	840000 Select Delete cuts before in	nporting
Metadata Pattern:		
User Defined:		
X Log events	in Syslog	
Log File:	/home/fredg/dropbox.log	Select
	Scheduler Codes	
X Dele	te source files after import	
	ite library metadata	
	e-mail reports	
E Force	e to Monaural	
Norn	nalize Level: -1 🚔 dBFS	
Auto	trim Cuts Level: -1 dBFS	
Inser	t Segue Markers	
	Segue Level: dBFS	
	Segue Length:	
	segue rengun 🖉 💌	
	art number from CartChunk CutID	
Get o	art title from CartChunk CutID	
Atte	mpt to work around malformatted input files	
Offset st	art date by 0 🔷 days	
Offset	end date by 0 🚔 days	
Crea	te Dates when no Dates Exist	
C	reate start date offset: 🛛 📥 days	
	Create end date offset: 🕕 📥 days	
Reset	ОК Са	ancel

The Dropbox Configuration Dialog

The group of the new dropbox is set with the Default Group: dropdown and the path with the Path Spec: field.

Important

The Path Spec: field must match the *full file path* of the files to be processed, not just the sub-directory that contains those files.

For example: say we have a directory called '/home/rd/dropbox', which contains the following files:

mysong.mp3 mysong.wav yoursong.mp3

Table 10.2 shows the results using various example PathSpec: values.

PathSpec	Matches	Comments
/home/rd/dropbox/*	mysong.mp3 mysong.wav yoursong.mp3	Matches all files in /home/rd/ dropbox

Table 12.2. Dropbox PathSpec Examples

PathSpec	Matches	Comments	
/home/rd/dropbox/*.mp3	mysong.mp3 yoursong.mp3	Matches every file in /home/rd/ dropbox that ends with .mp3	
/home/rd/dropbox/ mysong.*	mysong.mp3 mysong.wav	Matches every file in /home/ rd/dropbox that begins with mysong.	
/home/rd/dropbox		Matches nothing. [No file part of the PathSpec].	
/home/rd/dropbox/		Matches nothing. [No file part of the PathSpec].	

A new dropbox created with just the Default Group: and PathSpec: fields set and no other parameters changed will detect any file that matches the PathSpec:, create a new cart in the Default Group: and then attempt to import the file into a new cut in the cart.

Important

For this process to work, the specified group must also have its Default Cart Number: fields in the Group Dialog set to a valid range, and there must be a free number within that range available. If either of these conditions are not met, the dropbox will throw an error.

Note

The importation will only happen *once* for each file matched. To get a dropbox to re-process files that have already been imported, touch the Reset button.

The following controls can be utilized to influence how a dropbox will process a matched file:

To Cart:	Add a new cut to the specified cart and import into that, rather than creating a new cart. If the Delete cuts before importing box is also ticked, then any existing cuts in the specified cart will be deleted before adding the new cut.
Metadata Pattern:	Attempt to discern the title to give to the new cart from the name of the matched file, using metadata wildcards as a template.
User Defined:	Set the value of this field as the user defined field of the new cart.
Log events in Syslog	If ticked, log messages for this dropbox will be sent to the system syslog. Otherwise, these events will be sent to the file specified by the Log File: setting below.
Log File:	The full path to a file to which to write a log of dropbox operations. Useful for troubleshooting problems. If a log file is not specified, the log will be written to the log specified in the [Logs] section of rd.conf (5).
Delete source files after import	Delete the source file after successful importation.
Update Metadata	Update cart-level metadata on successful importation <i>when adding an additional cut to an existing cart</i> . Checked or unchecked, this option has no effect on updating the metadata when importing audio into a cart for the first time.

Send e-mail reports	A report will be sent to the Notification E-Mail Addresses associated with the destination group for each file processed by the dropbox.
Force to Monaural	Import the matched file to a single channel (mixing multiple channels together if necessary).
Normalize Levels	Peak-normalize the matched file to the specified Level: in dBFS.
Autotrim Cuts	Autotrim the matched file, using a threshold of Level: dBFS.
Insert Segue Markers	If no segue marker information is found in the metadata of the matched file, create segue markers, starting at the last instance of Segue Level: and lasting for Segue Length: milliseconds.
Get cart number from CartChunk CutID	Determine the number of the destination cart from the matched file's CartChunk CutID field. If the cart does not exist, it will be created. The destination cart must lie within the valid range for the specified group.
Get cart title from CartChunk CutID	Determine the title of the destination cart from the matched file's CartChunk CutID field.
Offset start date	If a start date is found in the matched file's metadata, add the specified days to it.
Offset end date	If an end date is found in the matched file's metadata, add the specified days to it.
Create Dates when no Dates Exist	If no start or end date is found in the matched file's metadata, add such, adding the specified number of days to the current date.

Carts created by this dropbox can be assigned one or more existing scheduler codes by touching the Scheduler Codes button to open the Select Scheduler Codes dialog.

Sele	ct Scheduler Cod	les • ×
Available Codes FRED WCR-A WCR-B WCR-D WCR-E WCR-F WCR-F WCR-X	Add >>	Assigned Codes WCR-C
	<< Remove	
		OK Cancel

The Select Scheduler Codes Dialog

12.5.8. Configuring Switcher/GPIO Devices

To configure the Switcher/GPIO devices, touch the Switchers/GPIO button to open the Rivendell Switcher List dialog.

£,	RDAdmin - Rivend	ell Swit	tcher List 🔹 💿 🗧		
Switcher/GPIO Devices:					
	Description	Matrix	Туре		
Control Room Switcher 1 BroadcastTools SS8.2					
Þ	Pathfinder 0 Software Authority Protocol				
•					
	Add Edit	Del	ete Close		

The Rivendell Switcher List Dialog

To add a new Switcher/GPIO device, touch the Add button to open the Add Switcher dialog.

RDAdmin - Add Switcher			
New Matrix Number: 2			
Switcher Type: SAS USI	-		
OK Ca	ncel		

The Add Switcher Dialog

Select the type of switcher being added on the Switcher Type: dropdown and then touch the Add button to open the Edit Switcher dialog.

R	DAdmin - Ed	it Switcher	
Matrix Number	: 2		
Switcher Type	: SAS USI		
Description	TOC Switche	r	
- Primary Connect	tion ———		
Type: TCP/I	Р 🔻	Serial Port:	ierial0 💌
IP Address: 10.10	0.100.32	IP Port: 5	201 🖨
Username:		Password:	
Startup Cart: [Select	
Shutdown Cart: (Select	
Packup Connect	ion		
— Backup Connect Type: None		Serial Port:	ierial0
IP Address:		IP Port:	
Username:		Password:	
Startup Cart:		Select	
	}		
Shutdown Cart: [(Select	
Card:	🗧 🛛 Inpu	ts: 16 🌲 🕻	Dutputs: 8 🚔
Device: /dev/gpi	o0 GF	Pls: 16 🚔	GPOs: 16 🚔
Layer: 🗸 🔻		D)isplays: 🛛 🚔
Configure Inputs	Configure Outputs	Configure GPIs	Configure GPOs
LiveWire Nodes	LiveWire GPIOs	vGuest Switches	vGuest Displays
		AS ches	
		ок	Cancel

The Edit Switcher Dialog

Note

Rivendell supports a huge diversity of third-party switcher and GPIO devices, every one of which has its own unique operating requirements. The description which follows provides a broad overview of how these devices are configured, but be sure to consult the device-specific notes for the unit question in Appendix C, *Supported GPIO/Switcher Devices* as well.

12.5.8.1. Connections

If the target device is controlled via some sort of *connection* (TCP/IP or serial), that connection is configured in the Primary Connection section of the dialog. (Certain devices support multiple, redundant connections, in which case the Backup Connection section will be available as well).

The Type: dropdown is used to indicate if the connection is via **TCP/IP** or **serial**. If **serial** is selected, then the serial device to use can be selected by means of the Serial Port: dropdown.

Important

If using a serial port, be sure that the selected port has also been configured! See Section 12.5.11, "Configuring Serial Ports".

If **TCP/IP** is selected, then the IP Address: and IP Port: fields must be populated. Certain devices also require that the Username: and Password: fields be populated as well.

The Startup Cart: and Shutdown Cart: fields take the number of a macro cart that will be run after the connection established or dropped, respectively.

12.5.8.2. Miscellaneous Settings

Below the Connection settings are various miscellaneous controls and buttons. Not all of these are used for all supported devices.

Use of the Card:, Device: and Layer: fields are specific to the type of device. See that device's entry in Appendix C, *Supported GPIO/Switcher Devices* for more information.

The Inputs:, Outputs:, GPIs:, GPOs: and Displays: controls should be set to the number of those resources the target device contains. In many cases, these fields will be auto-detected by Rivendell's driver.

The Configure Inputs and Configure Outputs buttons can be used to assign names to each switcher input and output on the target device. These names will appear in RDCatch when configuring record events.

The Configure GPIs and Configure GPOs buttons can be used to configure the default action to be taken in response to reception of a GPIO event. Touching one of these buttons brings up the List GPIs Dialog.

۲,	RDAdmin - List GPIs + • ×				
GPI	Lines				
Gpi	ON Macro Cart	ON Description	OFF Macro Cart	OFF Description	^
1		[unassigned]		[unassigned]	
2	050002	Label Test		[unassigned]	
3		[unassigned]	050003	GPIO Relay Test	
4		[unassigned]		[unassigned]	
5		[unassigned]		[unassigned]	
6		[unassigned]		[unassigned]	
7		[unassigned]		[unassigned]	
8		[unassigned]		[unassigned]	
9		[unassigned]		[unassigned]	▲ ▼
	Edit				Close

The List GPIs Dialog

To edit a particular GPIO line, select its entry on the list and touch the Edit button to bring up the Edit GPI Dialog.

V	RDAdmin - Edit GPI 2 + ×
ON Transition	.
Cart Number:	050002 Select Clear
Description:	Label Test
OFF Transitio Cart Number: Description:	n Select Clear
	OK

The Edit GPI Dialog

Two macro carts may be associated with each event: one for the leading edge [ON Transition] and one for the trailing edge [OFF Transition].

Important

The macro cart associations configured here are merely defaults, set when the Rivendell service is [re]started. They can subsequently be altered dynamically through use of the GPI Set ['GI'] command. (See Section 14.9.18, "GPI Set [GI]").

12.5.9. Configuring Host Variables

12.5.9.1. Overview

Host variables are alphanumeric tags bracketed by '%' characters --e.g. **%HOST_VAR%** -- that can be assigned string values on a per host basis. When used in the command list in a macro cart, the assigned string is automatically substituted for the variable name.

12.5.9.2. Editing Host Variables

To add, edit or delete host variables, touch the Host Variables button to open the Host Variables dialog.

RDAdmin - Host Variables for elastigirl 📀 📼 🗙				
Host Variables:				
Name	Value	Remark		
%LINE_NUM%	5	CR Output Line Number on TOC Switcher		
%MATRIX_NUM%		Matrix number for the TOC Switcher		
Add	Edit	Delete	Close	
		L		

The Host Variables Dialog

To edit the value of an host variable, select its entry on the Host Variables list and then touch the Edit button to bring up the Edit Host Variable dialog.

RDAdr	nin - Edit Host Variable	◆ ×	
Variable Name:	%MATRIX_NUM%		
Variable Value:	2		
Remark:	Matrix number for the TOC Switcher		
	ок	Cancel	

The Edit Host Variable Dialog

12.5.10. Configuring Audio Ports

To configure audio ports, touch the Audio Ports button to open the Edit Audio Ports dialog.

		RDAdmin - Edit Audio Ports		+ ×
Card: 0 Card Type: AudioScience	ce 6685 [1] Ca	ard Driver: AudioScience HPI		Clock Source: Internal 🔻
Input Port 0 Input Label: M1 Label: M2 Type: Analog V Type: Analog		Input Port 3 Ing Label: M4 Label: M5 Type: Analog V Type: An		Input Port 6 Input Port 7 Label: M7 Label: M8 Type: Analog V Type: Analog V
Mode: Normal V Mode: Norm Ref. Level: 0 dB + Ref. Level: 0 dB		Mode: Normal Mode: No		Hode: Normal V Mode: Normal V Level: 0 dB V
Output Port 0 Output Labei: M1 Labei: M2 Ref. Levei: 0 dB Ref. Levei: 0 dB		Output Port 3 Out Label: M4 Label: M5 Level: 0 dB Ref. Level: 0 dB		Output Port 6 Output Port 7 abel: M7 Label: M8 evel: 0 dB Ref. Level: 0 dB The second
Input Port 8 Input Labei: M9 Labei: M10 Type: Analog v Type: Analo Mode: Normal v Mode: Norm Ref. Levei: 0 dB v Ref. Levei: 0 dB	log V Type: Analog V T mal V Mode: Normal V M	Input Port 11 Input Label: M12 Label: M1 Type: Analog v Type: Ar Mode: Normal v Mode: Net Level: 0 dB v Ref. Level: 0 d	nalog V Type: Analog V .	Input Port 14 Input Port 15 abel: M15 Label: M16 Type: Analog • Analog • Acde: Normal • Mode: Normal • exete: 0 dB • Ref. Level: 0 dB •
Output Port 8 Output Label: M9 Label: M10 Ref. Level: 0 dB A Ref. Level: 0 dB		Output Port 11 Output Label: M12 Label: M1 Level: 0 dB Ref. Level: 0 dB		Output Port 14 Output Port 15 aabel: M15 Label: M16 ever: 0 dB • Ref. Level: 0 dB •
Input Port 16 Input Labeit M17 Labeit M18 Type: Analog v Type: Analo Mode: Normal v Mode: Norm Ref. Leveit 0 dB v Ref. Leveit 0 dB	log V Type: Analog V T mal V Mode: Normal V M	Input Port 19 Input Label: M20 Label: M2 Type: Analog v Type: An Mode: Normal v Mode: Ne Level: OdB v Ref. Level: O d	nalog V Type: Analog V .	Input Port 22 Input Port 23 abel: M23 Label: M24 Type: Analog ▼ Type: Analog ▼ Kode: Normal ▼ Mode: Normal ▼ exet: 0 dB ▼ Ref. Level: 0 dB ▼
Output Port 16 Output Label: M17 Label: M18 Ref. Level: 0 dB P Ref. Level: 0 dB		Output Port 19 Out Label: M20 Label: M2 Level: 0 dB 🔹 Ref. Level: 0 d		Output Port 22 Output Port 23 abel: M23 Label: M24 evel: 0 dB m Ref. Level: 0 dB m
Help				Close

The Edit Audio Ports Dialog

Note

As of this writing, settings made in this dialog will have effect only on audio devices using the AudioScience HPI driver.

The Card: dropdown is used to select the audio card to which to apply settings. Clock Source: is used to select the source of the sample clock.

Each input and output port on a card can be set to be of a certain type (**Analog**, **AES/EBU** or **SP/DIFF**). The Mode: dropdown controls the routing of left/right signals (see table below), while the reference level of the signal at each port can be set with the Ref. Level: control.

Channels	Mode	Effect	
1	Normal	Left+Right sum to mono	
1	Swap	Left+Right sum to mono	
1	Left Only	Left only to mono	
1	Right Only	Right only to mono	
2	Normal	Stereo	
2	Swap	Stereo, Left swapped with Right	

Table 12.3. Audio Port Mode Switch Settings

Channels	Mode	Effect
2	Left Only	Left only, Right muted
2	Right Only	Right only, Left muted

12.5.11. Configuring Serial Ports

To configure serial (COM) ports, touch the Serial Ports button to open the Edit Serial Ports dialog.

🔲 RDAdmin- Edit Serial Ports 📀 🗙			
Port ID: Serial0	- Enabled X		
TTY Device:	/dev/ttyUSB0		
Baud Rate:	9600 🔻		
Parity:	None 🔻		
Data Bits:	8 🔻		
Stop Bits:	1 -		
Terminator:	None 🔻		
	Close		

The Edit Serial Ports Dialog

Select the desired Rivendell serial port to configure in the Port ID: dropdown. The Enabled box must be ticked before parameters can be set.

12.5.12. Viewing Audio Resources

Touching the Audio Resources button will bring up the Audio Resource Information dialog, a readonly report detailing the current audio configuration and capabilities of Rivendell.

Ī	RDADmin - Audio Resource Information	(
	Audio Resources on elastigirl	
	SUPPORTED AUDIO DRIVERS	
	AudioScience HPI [v4.20.21] JACK Audio Connection Kit [v1.9.19]	
	Advanced Linux Sound Architecture (ALSA) [v1.1.8]	
	SUPPORTED IMPORT FORMATS	
	Free Lossless Audio Codec (FLAC)	
	MPEG Layer 1	
	MPEG Layer 2 MPEG Layer 3	
	OggVorbis	
	PCM16 Linear	
	PCM24 Linear	
		Close



12.5.13. JACK Integration

The JACK Audio Connection Kit is an audio integration system that allows audio to be shared in real-time between multiple programs. More information can be found at http://jackaudio.org.

JACK Server Name: (default) JACK Command Line: jackd -T -R -d alsa -d hw:PCH -r 48000 Active Audio Ports: 8			
JACK Clients to Start: Client Command Line			
Stream Encoder glasscoderserver-type=icecast2server-url=http://c			
Stream Encoder	glasscoderserver-type=icecast2server-url=http://c.		
Stream Encoder	glasscoderserver-type=icecast2server-url=http://c.		
Stream Encoder	glasscoderserver-type=icecast2server-url=http://		
Stream Encoder	glasscoderserver-type=icecast2server-url=http://c		

To configure Rivendell's integration with JACK, touch the JACK Settings button to bring up the JACK Configuration dialog.

The JACK Configuration Dialog

To have jackd(1) automatically [re]started whenever the Rivendell service is [re]started, tick the Start JACK Server box and enter the appropriate command-line invocation in the JACK Command Line: field. The name of the JACK instance to connect to [the "--name" option as provided to jackd(1)] can be entered in the JACK Server Name: field.

Rivendell can also be configured to [re]start JACK clients automatically each time the Rivendell service is [re]started by adding the appropriate command-line invocation to the JACK Clients to Start list. Filepath wildcards can used in the command-line field. The clients will be run under the same user as that of the **caed**(8) daemon (user 'root' [UID 0] with stock Rivendell). Port connections between JACK clients can be managed by use of the Jack Connect ['JC'] and Jack Disconnect ['JD'] RMLs. See Section 14.9.6, "Connect Jack Ports [JC]" and Section 14.9.10, "Disconnect Jack Ports [JD]".

12.5.14. Managing PyPAD Instances

PyPAD is a system that is built into Rivendell that allows processing and transmission of Program Associated Data [PAD] by means of scripts written in the Python programming language.

Note

See Section 15.1.2, "PyPAD" for information on creating your own customized PyPAD scripts.

To see the list of PyPAD scripts configured to run on the selected host, touch the PyPAD Instances button to open the PyPAD Instances dialog.

RDAdmin - PyPAD Instances on elastigirl 🔶 🗆 🗙				
ID	Description	Script Path	Exit Code	
9 55	EASPanel Integration	/usr/lib64/rivendell/pypad/pypad_easpanel.py	2	
9 56	Akamai Test	/usr/lib64/rivendell/pypad/pypad_glasscoder.py	o	
9 58	lceCast Test	/usr/lib64/rivendell/pypad/pypad_glasscoder.py	0	
Ac	ld Edit	Delete Error Log	Close	

The PyPAD Instances Dialog

To add a new PyPAD instance, touch the Add button to open the Select PyPAD Script dialog.

	Select PyPAD Script				
🔿 Recent	usr lib64 rivendell pypad	•			
쉾 Home	Name	-	Size	Modified	
🛅 Desktop	pypad_ino713_tcp.pypypad_liqcomp.py		3.3 kB 2.8 kB	Yesterday Yesterday	
Documents	 pypad_live365.py pypad_nautel.py 		2.9 kB 7.2 kB	Yesterday Yesterday	
🕹 Downloads	pypad_serial.py		2.3 kB	Yesterday	
🛃 Music	pypad_shoutcast1.py pypad_spinitron.py		3.1 kB 5.1 kB	Yesterday Yesterday	
Pictures	pypad_spottrap.py pypad_tunein.py		2.6 kB 3.2 kB	Yesterday Yesterday	
🛏 Videos	pypad_udp.py		1.9 kB	Yesterday	
Other Leastion	pypad_urlwrite.py 2.3 kB			Yesterday	
	Python Scripts 🔻				
	Cancel Oper			Open	

The Select PyPAD Script Dialog

Select a script from the list and then touch the Open button to open the Edit PyPAD Instance dialog.

<mark>د ا</mark>	Edit PyPAD Instance [ID: 59]		↑ □ ×
Script Path:	/usr/lib64/rivendell/pypad/pypad_spinitron.py		
Description:	new pypad_spinitron.py instance		
Configuration			
; for Rivendell, wh	uration for the 'pypad_spinitron' script ich can be used log Now & Next data to the Spinitron rvice [http://www.spinitron.com].		
	Spinitron account is configured, starting with working up consecutively		
; APIKey			
	pinitron v2 account to which to log the play-out. nly needed for Spinitron major version 2). ne_please		
; PlaylistMode			
; ; Set the Spinitron	playlist mode to use when sending updates.		
; Spinitron playlist	of the implications of this setting on your s, see Section 3.2 of the 'Spinitron Automation ment, available from Spinitron).		
; ; The following opt	tions are recognized:		
; Assist - Always u ; Follow - Use the	e the Spinitron 'Full Automation' mode. ise the Spinitron 'Live Assist' mode. Spinitron 'Full Automation' mode when RDAirPlay natic, otherwise use the Spinitron 'Live Assist' mode. ow		
; including any wil	to be sent as the 'Title' field for each update, dcards as placeholders for metadata values. For the wildcards. see the 'Metadata Wildcards' section of the ions Guide.		•
		ок	Cancel

The Select PyPAD Script Dialog

The Configuration box contains lines of text that control the behavior of the script that's been selected. Lines that begin with a semicolon character [;] are comments; the rest are directives to the script.

When finished editing the configuration, touch the OK button to save the configuration and start the script running. The green light adjacent to the entry for the script instance just edited will turn red briefly before turning back to green, indicating that the changes to the configuration have been applied to the active instance.

Note

It is not necessary to restart RDAirPlay for the configuration changes to be made effective.

12.5.14.1. Moving Legacy RLM Configurations to PyPAD

Rivendell v2.x included a feature called "Rivendell Loadable Modules" ("RLM" for short) that included much of the functionality now provided by PyPAD. The following RLMs that shipped as part of Rivendell v2.x have been ported to PyPAD and shipped as part of Rivendell 3.x:

rlm_ando
rlm_filewrite
rlm_icecast2
rlm_inno712
rlm_liqcomp
rlm_live365
rlm_serial
rlm_shoutcast1
rlm_spottrap
rlm_tunein
rlm_udp
rlm_urlwrite
rlm_walltime
rlm_xds
rlm_xmpad

The formats of the configuration files used for these plug-ins are unchanged under PyPAD. Thus, a "known good" configuration file for an RLM can simply be copy/pasted into the Configuration box in the Edit PyPAD Instance dialog when setting up its replacement PyPAD script.

Caution

Be sure to remove completely the default "sample" configuration entries before copy/pasting in the "known good" ones!

12.5.14.1.1. Moving a Spinitron RLM Configuration to PyPAD

In addition to the above, some of the functionality of the rlm_spinitron_plus RLM has been ported into the pypad_spinitron script. Specifically, support for the deprecated Spinitron v1 interface has been removed. Sites which have not yet transitioned to Spinitron v2 will need to do so in order to use this script. Sites which are already using Spinitron v2 can use their existing RLM configuration unchanged.

12.6. Managing System Settings

To manage system-wide settings --i.e. those settings that apply to *all* Rivendell hosts in a given realm -in RDAdmin, touch the System Settings button to open the System-Wide Settings dialog.

8	RDAdmin - System-Wide Settings 🔶 💿 🗙					
	Realm Name:	Rivendell_Opera				
	System Sample Rate:	48000 v samples/second				
🗙 Allow Du	X Allow Duplicate Cart Titles					
Auto-Correct Duplicate Cart Titles						
X Show User List in RDLogin						
ISC	I Cross Reference Path:	ome/fredg/prntest/ISCICrossReference.csv				
	Origin E-Mail Address:	Rivendell <noreply@example.com></noreply@example.com>				
Multicast A	ddress for Notifications	239.192.255.72				
	Temporary Cart Group:	€ TEMP ▼				
P	rocess RSS Updates On:	[none]				
Date/Time Fo	ormats					
Test	Long Date Format:	dddd, MMMM d yyyy				
	Short Date Format:	MM/dd/yy				
Restore Defaults	Time Format:	Twenty Four Hour				
Edit Encod List	er	OK Cancel				

The System-Wide Settings Dialog

The Realm Name: field takes a string that identifies the name of the database realm. It should be globally unique.

The System Sample Rate: dropdown sets the global sample rate to be used for Rivendell's audio store. This control should be set before ingesting any audio into a new Rivendell system and not altered thereafter.

Warning

Changing this setting on a system with existing audio in the audio store may result in incorrect play-out of that audio!

The Allow Duplicate Cart Titles box, if not ticked, will force all carts to have a unique title. If unticked, then ticking the Auto-Correct Duplicate Cart Titles box will cause duplicate cart titles to be automatically made unique when imported. The unique name is constructed by appending "[n]", (where n is an integer) to the end of the title string.

Warning

The ability to disallow duplicate cart titles in Rivendell **has been deprecated** and may be removed from future versions; it is included strictly to keep existing setups working. Use of it can cause other features within Rivendell to operate unreliably. It should never be used in new Rivendell setups!

If the Show User List in RDLogin box is ticked, rdlogin(1) will require users to enter their user name as well as their password when logging in (instead of providing all possible user names in a dropdown).

The ISCI Cross Reference Path: field takes the full path to the ISCI cross reference file used by the **rdrepld**(8) daemon (used only in conjunction with X-Digital copy-split replication).
The Origin E-Mail Address: field takes the value that Rivendell will use as the "From:" address when sending e-mail.

Important

Rivendell uses the system's **sendmail**(1) interface when originating e-mail. For many modern e-mail setups, additional site- and distro-specific configuration will be necessary to produce a working outbound e-mail setup beyond what can be covered here.

The Multicast Address for Notifications: field takes the IPv4 multicast address to use for communicating state and configuration changes between Rivendell hosts and modules. It should seldom be necessary to change this value from the default (239.19.255.72) unless unless Rivendell hosts from two or more different Rivendell realms will be sharing a common multicast domain. In such cases, each realm should have its own unique multicast address.

The Temporary Cart Group: dropdown sets the Rivendell group to be used for storing temporary carts --e.g. carts used for processing direct file play-outs in RDCartSlots.

The Process RSS Updates On: dropdown sets the Rivendell host to be used for processing automatic state changes for RSS feeds. If no RSS feeds are configured, this value can safely be set to [none].

The Date/Time Formats settings can be used to customize the display formats for various date/time elements. For a list of the wildcards used in the formatting strings, see Table E.2, "Metadata DateTime Specification".

12.7. Managing Voicetracking

Each service which will be employing voicetracking on its logs must have an audio group assigned to contain the service's voicetrack carts. The group should have a Default Cart Number range large enough to contain all voicetracks that will simultaneously exist for that service, and have the Enforce Cart Range box ticked.

Note

Voicetrack carts are created, managed and ultimately deleted completely by Rivendell's voicetracking system. While they are visible to and can be auditioned by RDLibrary, they cannot otherwise be updated or deleted by that module.

12.8. Managing Scheduler Codes

To manage scheduler codes, touch the Scheduler Codes button to bring up the Rivendell Scheduler Code dialog.

7	5	RDAdmin - Rivendell Scheduler Codes List	(+ = ×
Re	plicato	rs:	
ſ	Code	Description	
	FRED	Freds Favorites	Add
	WCR-A		
	WCR-B		Edit
	WCR-C		
	WCR-D		Delete
	WCR-E	The Beatles	
	WCR-F		
	WCR-X	Christmas Music	
			Close
l			

The Rivendell Scheduler Codes List Dialog

A new scheduler code can be added by touching the Add button to bring up the Scheduler Code dialog.



The Scheduler Code Dialog

12.9. Managing Replicators

A *replicator* is a Rivendell service that provides the ability to move content automatically between different system realms on the basis of predefined rules. At present, Rivendell includes one such replicator, which can move audio material to an X-Digital satellite head-end system.

To manage replicators, touch the Manage Replicators button to bring up the Rivendell Replicators dialog.

5		RDAdmin - Rivendell Rep	olicators	⊕ □
Replica	ators:			
Name	Туре	Description	Host	Add
XDS	Citadel X-Digital Portal	X-Digital Copysplit Feed elast	igirl	Add
				Edit
				Delete
				List Carts
				Close

The Rivendell Replicators Dialog

To add a new replicator, touch the Add button to bring up the Replicator dialog.

M	F	NDAdmin -	Replicator:	XDS	+ ×
Name:	XDS				
Description:	X-Digita	l Copysplit Fe	ed		
Type:	Type: Citadel X-Digital Portal				•
Host System: 🔳 elastigirl			•		
Audio Upload URL: Ttp://192.168.122.20					
		Username:	fredg	Password:	•••••
Upload	Format:	MPEG L2, 12	28 kbit/sec, 44	100 samp/sec, M	1ono Set
		🗙 Normali	ze Level:	-11 🖨 dBFS	
Availa	able Gro	ups		Active Gro	oups
BEDS	ox		Add >>	TRAFFIC	
EAS	0.		/ldd p p		
FF/PRO IDENTS					
LEGAL	,		< Remove		
LONGF			< Remove		
MACRO	5				
				OK	Canad
				ок	Cancel

The Replicator Dialog

The Name: is a read-only field giving the name of the replicator.

The Description is a free-form text string providing a description of the replicator.

The Type: dropdown should set to the type of replicator. At present, only one type is supported, Citidel X-Digital Portal.

The Host System: dropdown should be set to the name of the Rivendell Host upon which the rdrepld(8) daemon is run.

The Audio Upload URL: should be set to the URL of the upload location for audio to be sent to the remote system. It may also be necessary to set the Username: and Password: fields if that remote system requires it.

The Upload Format: should be set to provide the file and encoding format of the replicator uploads as required by the remote system. This can be done by touching the Set button. If the Normalize box is ticked, then audio will be peak-normalized to the level set by the Level: control before being uploaded.

The Active Groups list should be populated with the names of the Rivendell Groups from which audio to be replicated should be taken.

12.10. Configuring Webget

Configuration of the Webget service consists of three tasks:

- Configure Rivendell to disallow duplicate cart titles.
- Configure a set of Encoder Formats
- Configure one or more Users for access

12.10.1. Disallowing Duplicate Cart Titles

See "Allow Duplicate Cart Titles" checkbox in Section 12.6, "Managing System Settings".

12.10.2. Configuring Encoder Formats

To configure Encoder Formats, log in to **rdadmin**(1), touch the System Settings button to open the System-Wide Settings button, then touch the Edit Encoder List button to open the Encoder Profiles dialog.

Name					
128 kpbs MP3 [Higher quality, larger size]					
32 kpbs I	MP3 [Sma	ll size, lov	wer quality]		
PCM WAV	[Highest	quality, v	very large file si	ze]	

The Encoder Profiles Dialog

To add a new Encoder Profile, touch the Add button to open the Edit Audio Settings dialog.

🔀 RDAdmin - Edit Audio Settings 🔶 🗉 🗙
Name: [new profile]
Format: MPEG Layer 3 🗸
Channels: 2 🔻
Sample Rate: 48000 💌
Bitrate: 128 kbps 💌
Quality:
Normalization Level: 📘 🚔 dBFS
Autotrim Level: 0 🚔 dBFS
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel

The Edit Audio Settings Dialog

Enter the description of the Profile to appear in Webget, select the desired audio parameters and then touch the OK button.

Exiting Encoder Profiles can be modified or deleted by means of the Edit and Delete buttons, respectively.

12.10.3. Configuring Webget Users

To configure one or more users for Webget access, log in to **rdadmin**(1), touch the Manage Users button to open the Rivendell User List button, then create or select the desired user to open the User dialog.

For downloads, each Webget user must have the Allow WebGet Login permission enabled, as well as rights to one or more Groups set by touching the Group Permissions button.

For uploads, each Webget user must have the Allow WebGet Login and Create Carts permissions enabled, as well as rights to one or more Groups set by touching the Group Permissions button.

Chapter 13. Managing the Rivendell Database with RDDbConfig

13.1. Overview

RDDbConfig is a GUI module that allows basic administration (creation, upgrading, backup and restoration) of a Rivendell database.

When starting up RDDbConfig, you will be prompted to enter the 'root' password for the system.



The Root Login Dialog

Note

The appearance of the Root Login Dialog may vary depending on desktop environment in use!

After entering the correct 'root' password, the main RDDbConfig window will be displayed.

👔 RDDbConfig v3.0.0rc02 🔹 🗉 🗙
SQL Server: localhost SQL Usename: rduser SQL Database: Rivendell DB Version: 308
Select an operation:
Create
Backup
Restore
Close

The RDDbConfig Main Window

13.2. Creating a New Database

A 'new' database --i.e. one that contains only default objects -- can be generated by touching the Create button.

Warning

Generating a new database will COMPLETELY OVERWRITE whatever database is currently loaded!

13.3. Backing Up the Database

To make a backup copy of the database, touch the Backup button. You will be prompted with a dialog to allow you to choose a location to save the resulting backup.

13.4. Restoring the Database from a Backup

To restore a previous backup, touch the Restore button. You will be prompted with a dialog to allow you to choose a location whence to load the back file.

Warning

Restoring a previous database will COMPLETELY OVERWRITE whatever database is currently loaded!

Chapter 14. Rivendell Macro Langauge

14.1. Overview

Rivendell Macro Language (or RML for short) is a set of commands implemented within Rivendell that can be used to program the system to take various actions. A wide variety of commands exist, ranging from control of outboard gear (such as switchers and GPIO devices) to control of various aspects of log playout in RDAirPlay, to Rivendell user management.

14.2. Protocol

The Normal form of a command takes the following syntax:

cmd[arg][...]!

cmd	A command mneumonic consisting of two alpha-numeric characters indicating the action to be performed.
arg	Zero or more arguments, delimited by spaces or, if the last argument, by ! (see below)
!	The ASCII character 33, indicating the end of the command sequence.

14.3. Command Delivery

To be executed by a Rivendell system, an appropriate command should be delivered to UDP ports 5858 or 5859 on said system, using the SOCK_DGRAM connectionless protocol. Commands delivered to port 5858 may receive a reply back to the originating IP address at UDP socket 5860 to indicated command success/failure, while commands delivered to 5859 will be processed, but no reply made.

14.4. Command Reply

If delivered to UDP port 5858, each command may receive a reply, formulated as follows:

rpy + -	
rpy	The full command string (including arguments) originally received
+	ACK response, indicates success of the command.
-	NAK response, indicates failure of the command.

14.5. Specifying Color

In places where a color can be specified as a macro argument, the following predefined values are valid:

white red green blue cyan magenta yellow gray lightGray black darkRed darkGreen darkBlue darkCyan darkMagenta darkYellow darkGray

14.6. Binary Data

Certain commands (e.g. **SO** and **UO**) have the ability to transmit arbitrary binary data in addition to textual characters. Such arbitrary binary data can be specified by means of escape codes as follows:

%hexcode

hexcode Two digit numeric value of the byte to send in hexidecimal.

For example, the sequence 'TEST' followed by a carriage return/newline could be specified as:

TEST%0D%0A

14.7. JACK Port Names

Some commands (e.g. the Connect Jack Ports [JC] RML) require JACK port name arguments. Such port names have the following form:

```
jack-client-name:jack-endpoint-name
```

For example, to connect the first Rivendell audio output to the first available system playback ports, the following RML could be used:

```
JC system:playback_1 rivendell_0:playout_0L!
JC system:playback_2 rivendell_0:playout_0R!
```

In this example, **system** and **rivendell_0** are *jack-client-names*, while **playback_1**, **playback_2**, **playout_0L** and **playout_0R** are *jack-endpoint-names*.

Note

Note that *two* RML commands are required for this specific example. This is because JACK has no notion of stereo pairs, hence the "left" and "right" Rivendell playout ports have to be independently connected to the specific system playback ports.

14.8. Log Machines

Some commands (e.g., **MD**, **PL**, and **PS**) require a *log machine* argument. See Section 6.2, "Log Machines" in Chapter 6, *Running Logs with RDAirPlay* for a detailed description of Log Machines.

The *log machine* argument in the context of Rivendell macros must be an integer falling within one of the following values:

0	<i>All</i> non-virtual log machinesi.e. the Main Log, Aux 1 Log and Aux 2 Log log machines.
1	Main Log
2	Aux 1 Log
3	Aux 2 Log
101 through 120	Virtual Log 101 through Virtual Log 120

For example, the macro **PL 1 0!** starts playing at the first line (0) of the *Main Log* (log machine 1).

14.9. Commands

14.9.1. Air Gate [AG]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic AG

Process an RML only if the On-Air flag is ON.

AG rml!

Execute RML rml only if the On-Air flag on the local machine is ON.

14.9.2. Append Log [AL]

Module rdairplay(1), rdairplayd(8)

Mnemonic AL

Append a log to a cuurently loaded log.

AL mach logname!

Append the log named *logname* to the log currently loaded in log machine mach.

14.9.3. Binary Serial Out [BO]

Module	ripcd(8)
--------	----------

Mnemonic BO

Output a string of binary codes.

BO portnum hexcode ..!

Output a string of binary codes represented by hexcode . . on serial port portnum.

14.9.4. Clear Serial Trap [SC]

Module ripcd(8) Mnemonic SC Clear a serial trap. SC portnum cart string! SC portnum cart! SC portnum!

Clear a serial trap. The three argument form will clear all traps on *port* that reference *cart* and *string*. The two argument form will clear all traps on *port* that reference *cart*, while the one argument form will clear all traps on *port*.

14.9.5. Command Send [CC]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic CC

Send RML to a remote host.

CC dest[:udpport] rml!

Execute the RML command *rml* on host *dest*, where *dest* may be either a Rivendell host name or an IP address. A UDP port value may be optionally specified as *udpport* (default value 5859).

14.9.6. Connect Jack Ports [JC]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic JC

Connect a JACK input port to an output port.

JC output input!

Attempt to connect JACK input port *input* to *output*. See Section 14.7, "JACK Port Names" for an example.

14.9.7. Console Label [CL]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic CL

Set the label on a control surface.

CL matrix surface chan label!

On matrix matrix, set the input chan module label of control surface surface to label.

14.9.8. Copy Cut [CP]

Module rdcatchd(8)

Mnemonic CP

Copy cut audio and metadata.

CP srccart srccut dstcart dstcut!

Copy the audio and metadata from cut number *srccut* in cart *srccart* to cut number *dstcut* in cart *dstcart*. The destination cart/cut must already exist.

14.9.9. Cut Event [CE]

Module rdcatchd(8)

Mnemonic CE

Place a cut event at the current location of an active RDCatch recording.

CE decknum eventnum!

Place a cut event with event number *event num* at the current position of the active recording in RDCatch Deck *decknum*.

14.9.10. Disconnect Jack Ports [JD]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic JD

Disconnect a JACK input port from an output port.

JD output input!

Attempt to disconnect JACK input port *input* from *output*.

14.9.11. Disconnect All Jack Ports [JZ]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic JZ

Disconnect all JACK audio port connections.

JZ!

Attempt to disconnect all JACK port connections.

14.9.12. Duck Panel Button [PD]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic PD

Set the duck level of a SoundPanel button in RDAirPlay.

PD panel col row level fade [mport]!

Set the duck level of button at *column*, *row* of panel *panel*. Panel: **s1**...**s50** or **u1**...**u50**; **C** for *panel* means currently selected panel. If *col* and/or *row* is **0**: duck all buttons in *col* or *row*. If playing, the audio fades to *level* (in db) in *fade* msecs. If specified, only stop carts playing on panel port *mport*. The duck level will be set to 0 after the playback is finished, or the button is stopped or reset.

14.9.13. Execute Breakaway [DX]

Module rdcartslots(1)

Mnemonic DX

Execute a breakaway.

DX slotlen!

Execute a breakaway of length *len* (in mS) using the autofill carts configured for the service currently loaded in the *slot* slot. The slot must be in Breakaway mode. If a breakaway is currently executing, it will immediately be aborted and a new one started. Passing a '0' for *len* will cause any currently executing breakaway to be aborted immediately and input audio restored.

14.9.14. Execute Cart [EX]

Module rdcatchd(8)

Mnemonic EX

Execute a macro cart.

EX cartnum!

Execute macro cart *cartnum* on the local host.

14.9.15. Fire Salvo [FS]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic FS

Execute a switcher salvo.

FS matrix salvo!

Fire salvo number *salvo* on matrix *matrix*.

14.9.16. GPI Enable [GE]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic GE

Enable/disable a GPI line.

GE matrix type gpinum-spec state!

Enable or disable the GPI line(s) of type type indicated by gpinum on matrix matrix. Possible types are:

- I Input
- o Output

The *gpinum-spec* can be an integer value to indicate a single GPI line or a range specification to indicate multiple lines. A range specification has the following format:

[first-value]:[last-value]

All values in a range specification are inclusive. Some examples:

Table 14.1. Range Specification Examples

1:10	Lines 1 through 10, inclusive
5:10	Lines 5 through 10, inclusive
7:7	Line 7
:10	Lines 1 through 10, inclusive
1:	Lines 1 onward, inclusive
:	All lines in the specified matrix

Note for Python programmers

Python programmers in the audience may be noticing similarities between range specifications and Python slices [https://stackoverflow.com/questions/509211/understanding-slicing]. The concepts are similar, but there are differences! Specifically:

- All values in range specifications are *inclusive*, whereas the *stop* parameter in a slice is last_value+1.
- There is no *step* parameter.
- All parameter values must be positive integers --i.e. zero- and negative-valued parameters are not supported.

14.9.17. GPI Enable [GE] (old format, deprecated)

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic GE

Enable/disable a GPI line.

GE matrix gpinum-spec state!

Enable or disable the GPI line(s) indicated by gpinum-spec on matrix matrix.

The *gpinum-spec* can be an integer value to indicate a single GPI line or a range specification to indicate multiple lines. See Table 14.1, "Range Specification Examples" above for examples of range specifications.

14.9.18. GPI Set [GI]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic GI

Set action in response to a GPIO event.

GI matrix type gpinum state cart!

Execute the macro cart *cart* upon transition of the GPIO of type *type* and line *gpinum* on matrix *matrix* to *state*. Possible types are:

I Input

o Output

14.9.19. GPI Set [GI] (old format, deprecated)

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic GI

Set action in response to a GPIO event.

GI matrix gpinum state cart!

Execute the macro cart cart upon transition of the GPIO of line gpinum on matrix matrix to state.

14.9.20. GPO Set [GO]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic GO

Set the state of a GPIO line.

GO matrix type gponum state length!

Command GPIO line *gponum* of type *type* on matrix *matrix*> to *state* for *length*> mS. A length of **0** indicates to hold the state indefinitely. Possible types are:

I Input

O Output

Possible states are:

0 OFF

- 1 ON
- -1 Passthrough hardware input (valid only for Input type)

14.9.21. GPO Set [GO] (old format, deprecated)

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic GO

Set the state of a GPIO line.

GO matrix gponum state length!

Command GPIO line *gponum* on matrix *matrix*> to *state* for *length*> mS. A length of **0** indicates to hold the state indefinitely.

14.9.22. Insert Cart [PX]

Module **rdairplay**(1)

Mnemonic PX

Insert a cart in a log.

PX mach cart [offset [PLAY SEGUE STOP]]!

Insert cart *cart* after the currently playing or next event plus *offset* (default '0') lines on log machine *mach*. The transition may also be optionally specified.

14.9.23. Insert Serial Trap [SI]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic SI

Insert a serial trap to detect a character sequence.

SI portnum cart string!

Insert a serial trap to execute the macro cart cart upon receipt of string on serial port port.

14.9.24. Label Panel [PC]

Module **rdairplay**(1)

Mnemonic PC

Set the label of a SoundPanel button in RDAirPlay.

PC panel col row label color!

Set the button at *col*, *row* of panel *panel* to have a text label of *label* and a background color of *color*. Panel: **s1**...**s50** or **u1**...**u50**; **c** for *panel* means currently selected panel.

14.9.25. Load Log [LL]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic LL

Load a log into RDAirPlay.

LL mach [logname] [startline]!

Load the log *logname* in log machine *mach*. After loading, start the log at line *startline* if it is >=0. If *startline* is -2, the log will be started at the first event if that event does not have a 'stop' transition. Default *startline=-1*. If no *log* is specified, the machine's current log is unloaded.

14.9.26. Load Message [LM]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic LM

Load a webpage into RDAirPlay's Message Area.

LM url!

Display the web page specified by *url* in the message widget.

14.9.27. Load Panel [PE]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic PE

Load a cart into a SoundPanel button in RDAirPlay.

PE panel col row cart!

Load cart *cart* into the button at *col,row* of panel *panel*. Panel: **s1**...**s50** or **u1**...**u50**; **C** for *panel* means currently selected panel.

14.9.28. Load Slot [DL]

Module rdcartslots(1)

Mnemonic DL

Load an RDCartSlots slot.

This command has two syntaxes, depending upon the mode of the slot.

Cart Deck Mode syntax:

DL slot cart!

Load the cart *cart* into the *slot* slot. Passing a '0' for *cart* will cause the slot to be unloaded. This command will be ignored if the slot is currently playing.

Breakaway Mode syntax:

DL slot svcname!

Set the *slot* slot to use service *svcname*. Omitting the *svcname* argument will cause the slot to be unloaded. This command will be ignored if the slot is currently executing a breakaway.

14.9.29. Login [LO]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic LO

Change the active Rivendell user context.

LO user password!

Set the current Rivendell user to *user*. If no arguments are supplied, log out the station --i.e. revert to the default user.

14.9.30. Macro Timer [MT]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic MT

Timer for running macro carts.

MT timernum timeout cart!

Set the macro timer *timernum* to execute macro cart *cart* in *timeout* milliseconds. Setting *timeout* to **0** disables the timer. Sixteen macro timers (numbered 1-16) are available on each Rivendell host.

14.9.31. Make Next [MN]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic MN

Load changes to a currently loaded log in RDAirPlay.

RL mach line!

Set the next event for log machine mach to line line.

14.9.32. Message Box [MB]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic MB

Display a popup message box on a host display.

MB display severity msg!

Display the text *msg* in a popup window on X display *display*, with an icon to indicate *severity*. Valid values of *severity* are:

- 1 Information
- 2 Warning
- 3 Critical

When using the 'Message Box' ['MB'] RML, it may be necessary to configure the X server to allow local connections from other processes. One way to do this is to execute the following command as the local Rivendell user:

xhost +local:

For more information, see the **xhost**(1) man page.

14.9.33. No Operation [NN]

Module none

Mnemonic NN

Do nothing.

NN!

This RML does precisely nothing.

14.9.34. Pause Panel [PU]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic PU

Pause a SoundPanel button in RDAirPlay.

PU panel col row [mport]!

Pause the button at col, row of panel panel. Panel: **S1**...**S50** or **U1**...**U50**; **C** for panel means currently selected panel. If col and/or row is **0**: pause all playing buttons in col or row. If specified, start the playout on panel port mport.

Note

In order for paused buttons to work, the Enable Button Pausing checkbox must be ticked on the Configure RDAirPlay dialog in **rdadmin**(1).

14.9.35. Play Panel [PP]

Module **rdairplay**(1)

Mnemonic PP

Load a cart into a SoundPanel button in RDAirPlay.

PP panel col row [mport] [0|1]!

Play the button at *col*, *row* of panel *panel*. Panel: **S1**...**S50** or **U1**...**U50**; **C** for *panel* means currently selected panel. If *col* and/or *row* is **0**: Start the first loaded button that is not active. If specified, start the playout on panel port *mport*. The started panel will stay active when finished, if the 5th argument is **1**.

14.9.36. Play Slot [DP]

Module rdcartslots(1)

Mnemonic DP

Play an RDCartSlots slot.

DP slot!

Play the cart currently loaded in the *slot* slot. The slot must be in Cart Deck mode. This command will be ignored if the slot is unloaded or already playing.

14.9.37. Refresh Log [RL]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic RL

Load changes to a currently loaded log in RDAirPlay.

RL mach!

Refresh the log currently loaded in log machine mach.

14.9.38. Run Shell Command [RN]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic RN

Run a shell command.

RN cmd!

Run the shell command *cmd*.

Note

The command is actually executed as:

/bin/sh -c cmd

using the user and group specified by the "RnRmlOwner=" and "RnRmlGroup=" directives in the "[Identity]" section of **rd.conf**(5).

14.9.39. Select Widget [PW]

Module **rdairplay**(1)

Mnemonic PW

Select right-hand widget in RDAirPlay.

PW mach!

Select right-hand widget to log-machine mach or 0 for sound panel or 4 for voice tracker.

14.9.40. Serial Out [SO]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic SO

Output a string on a serial port.

SO portnum data!

Output data on serial port portnum. data can consist of arbitrary binary data as well as textual characters (see Section 14.6, "Binary Data" above).

14.9.41. Serial Reload [SY]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic SY

Reload the configuration for a serial port.

SY portnum!

Reload the configuration for serial port *portnum*. Normally, this should only be issued by RDAdmin following a configuration change.

14.9.42. Set Color Label [LC]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic LC

Display a color message in the label widget on RDAirPlay.

LC color string!

Display *string* in color *color* in the message widget. For the list of available colors, see Section 14.5, "Specifying Color".

14.9.43. Set Default Now & Next Cart [SN]

Module **rdairplay**(1)

Mnemonic SN

Set the default Now & Next cart.

SN now next mach cart!

Set the default Now & Next cart for log mach to cart.

14.9.44. Set Display [SD]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic SD

Set a console display.

SD matrix display line col attr label!

On matrix *matrix*, set the console display *display* to *label*, starting at position *line*, *col* and using message attributes *attr*.

The message attributes value is constructed as follows:

- Bit 7 Display mode
- Bits 6,5 Video attribute
- Bit 2,1,0 Message Text Color

Display Mode:

- 0 Overwrite text
- 1 Insert text

Video Attribute:

- 00 Normal
- 01 Flash
- 02 Reverse

Text Color:

- 000 White
- 001 Red
- 010 Yellow
- 011 Green
- 100 Cyan
- 101 Magenta

14.9.45. Set Duck Level [MD]

Module **rdairplay**(1)

Mnemonic MD

Set duck level for an RDAirPlay log machine.

MD mach level fade [mport]!

Set the duck level of *mach*, or **0** for all log machines. If playing, the audio fades to *level* (in db) in *fade* msecs. If specified, only affect carts playing on machine port *mport*. Loading or clearing a log will set the duck level back to 0.

14.9.46. Set Label [LB]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic LB

Display a message in the label widget on RDAirPlay.

LB string!

Display string in the message widget.

14.9.47. Set Mode [PM]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic PM

Set the mode of an RDAirPlay log machine.

PM mode [mach]!

Set log machine *mach* to mode *mode*. If mode is not given or the Mode Control Style is set to 'Unified', then all log machines are set to *mode*. Valid values for *mode* are:

- 1 LiveAssist
- 2 Auto
- 3 Manual

See Section 14.8, "Log Machines" for the possible values of mach.

14.9.48. Sleep [SP]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic SP

Pause for specified time.

SP msecs!

Wait for *msecs* milliseconds.

14.9.49. Start [PL]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic PL

Start a log at a specified line.

PL mach line!

Start log machine mach at line line if stopped, otherwise do nothing.

14.9.50. Start Button [PB]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic PB

Push an RDAirPlay Start button (numbered starting from 1 at the top and counting downwards).

PB button!

Push button button.

14.9.51. Start Next [PN]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic PN

Start the next event in a log.

PN mach [mport] [skip]!

Start log machine *mach* if stopped, or start next event if already running. If specified, start the playout on machine port *mport*. If *skip* is supplied, equal to '1' and the log machine is in Manual or Live Assist mode, then any intervening meta-events in log between the current 'next' event and the next cart will be skipped over.

14.9.52. Start Record Deck [RS]

Module rdcatchd(8)

Mnemonic RS

Start an RDCatch Recording

RS decknum cartnum cutnum maxlen!

Start recording to cut *cutnum* of cart *cartnum*, using RDCatch record deck *decknum* for a maximum time of *maxlen* mS. The record parameters used (format, sample rate, channels, etc) will be those configured for the selected deck in RDAdmin->ManageHosts->RDCatch. The selected cart and cut must already exist. Any audio previously residing in the selected cart and cut will be overwritten.

14.9.53. Stop [PS]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic PS

Stop a log in RDAirPlay.

PS mach 0 [fade] [mport]!

Stop log machine *mach*, or **0** for all log machines. If specified, only stop carts playing on machine port *mport*. If specified, fade out *fade* msecs.

14.9.54. Stop Panel [PT]

Module rdairplay(1)

Mnemonic PT

Stop a SoundPanel button in RDAirPlay.

PT panel col row [mport] [0|1] fade!

Stop the button at *col*, *row* of panel *panel*. Panel: **S1**...**S50** or **U1**...**U50**; **C** for *panel* means currently selected panel. If *col* and/or *row* is **0**: stop all playing buttons in *col* or *row*. If specified, stop the playout on panel port *mport*, applying a fade of duration *fade* milliseconds. If the 5th argument is **1**, the button will enter the paused state after the fade completes.

Note

In order for paused buttons to work, the Enable Button Pausing checkbox must be ticked on the Configure RDAirPlay dialog in **rdadmin**(1).

14.9.55. Stop Record Deck [RR]

Module rdcatchd(8)

Mnemonic RR

Stop an RDCatch Recording

RR decknum!

Stop any active recording on RDCatch deck decknum.

14.9.56. Stop Slot [DS]

Module rdcartslots(1)

Mnemonic DS

Stop an RDCartSlots slot.

DS slot!

Stop the cart currently loaded in the *slot* slot. The slot must be in Cart Deck mode. This command will be ignored if the slot is unloaded or already playing.

14.9.57. Switch Add [SA]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic SA

Add an input to an output.

SA matrix input output!

Command switch matrix number *matrix* to add input number *input* to output number *output*. Unlike **SWITCH TAKE**, this command leaves any other previously assigned inputs unchanged.

14.9.58. Switch Add With Gain [SG]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic SG

Add an input to an output while specifyng the crosspoint gain.

SG matrix input output gain!

Command switch matrix number *matrix* to add input number *input* to output number *output* at gain *gain*. The gain is specified in 1/10 of a dB, with 0 = unity gain. Unlike **SWITCH TAKE**, this command leaves any other previously assigned inputs unchanged.

14.9.59. Switch Crosspoint Gain [SX]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic **sx**

Set crosspoint gain.

SX matrix input output level!

Command switch matrix number *matrix* to adjust the gain of the crosspoint connecting input input to output to level dB.

14.9.60. Switch Level [SL]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic SL

Set input gain.

SL matrix input level!

Command switch matrix number *matrix* to adjust the gain of input number *input* to *level* dB.

14.9.61. Switch Reload [SZ]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic SZ

Reload the configuration for a switch matrix.

SZ matrix!

Reload the configuration for switch matrix *matrix*. Normally, this should only be issued by RDAdmin following a configuration change.

14.9.62. Switch Remove [SR]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic SR

Remove an input from an output.

SR matrix input output!

Command switch matrix number *matrix* to remove input number *input* from output number *output*. Unlike **SWITCH TAKE**, this command leaves any other previously assigned inputs unchanged.

14.9.63. Switch Take [ST]

Module ripcd(8)

Mnemonic ST

Exclusively route an input to an output.

ST matrix input output!

Command switch matrix number *matrix* to take input number *input* to output number *output*. "Take" in this context implies removing any previously assigned inputs from the referenced output.

14.9.64. Toggle On Air Flag [TA]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic TA

Set the state of the On Air flag.

TA 0|1!

Set the On-Air flag to ON [1] or OFF [0].

14.9.65. UDP Out [UO]

Module **ripcd**(8)

Mnemonic UO

Send data to a UDP port.

UO ipaddr udpport data!

Send data in a UDP packet to port udpport at ipaddr. data can consist of arbitrary binary data as well as textual characters (see Section 14.6, "Binary Data" for details).

Chapter 15. Program Associated Data

15.1. Overview

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Rivendell includes full support for the origination and transmission of program associated data (PAD) in realtime, including a Python module (PyPAD) that can be used to create scripts for interfacing Rivendell's PAD feed to most any arbitrary external system.

15.1.1. The JSON Interface

All Rivendell PAD updates are emitted as JSON documents [https://www.json.org/] of type padUpdate via TCP port 34289. A typical update looks like:

```
"padUpdate": {
    "dateTime": "2019-03-28T15:09:01-04:00",
    "hostName": "elastigirl",
    "shortHostName": "elastigirl",
    "machine": 1,
    "onairFlag": false,
    "mode": "Automatic",
    "service": {
        "name": "Production",
        "description": "Production Log"
        "programCode": ""
    },
    "log": {
       "name": "Example"
    },
    "now": {
        "startDateTime": "2019-03-28T15:09:01-04:00",
        "lineNumber": 0,
        "lineId": 0,
        "cartNumber": 10477,
        "cartType": "Audio",
        "cutNumber": 1,
        "length": 225500,
        "year": null,
        "groupName": "MUSIC",
        "title": "Allentown",
        "artist": "Billy Joel",
        "publisher": "",
        "composer": "",
        "album": "The Complete Hits Collection 1973-1997",
        "label": "",
        "client": "",
        "agency": "",
        "conductor": "",
        "userDefined": "",
```

```
"songId": "",
        "outcue": "",
        "description": "Cut 001",
        "isrc": "",
        "isci": "",
        "externalEventId": "",
        "externalData": "",
        "externalAnncType": ""
    },
    "next": {
        "startDateTime": "2019-03-28T15:12:46-04:00",
        "lineNumber": 1,
        "lineId": 1,
        "cartNumber": 10153,
        "cartType": "Audio",
        "cutNumber": 1,
        "length": 168700,
        "year": null,
        "groupName": "MUSIC",
        "title": "Me & You & A Dog Named Boo",
        "artist": "Lobo",
        "publisher": "",
        "composer": "",
        "album": "'70s Radio Hits",
        "label": "",
        "client": "",
        "agency": "",
        "conductor": ""
        "userDefined": "",
        "songId": "",
        "outcue": "",
        "description": "Cut 001",
        "isrc": "",
        "isci": "",
        "externalEventId": "",
        "externalData": "",
        "externalAnncType": ""
    }
}
```

15.1.1.1. The Extended JSON Interface

An "extended" version of the above PAD feed that contains additional next objects is optionally available at TCP port 34290. See the **ExtendedNextPadEvents=** directive in the **[Tuning]** section of the **rd.conf**(5) man page.

15.1.2. PyPAD

}

Rivendell ships with a Python 3 module called "pypad" that automates away most of the work involved in reading, parsing and processing the raw JSON data feed described above. A copiously commented example script can be found in the Rivendell source tree at apis/pypad/tests/now_and_next.py.

15.1.2.1. Starting Scripts Automatically with the "rivendell" Service

Rivendell can be configured to start one or more PyPAD scripts automatically whenever the "rivendell" systemd service is (re)started. In order to support this, a PyPAD script must meet the following requirements:

• Accept exactly three command-line arguments as follows:

script host-name port-num config

The *config* value should be passed to the pypad.Receiver.setConfigFile() method, and *host-name* and *port-num* values should be passed to the pypad.Receiver().start() method. See any of the production PyPAD scripts in the Rivendell sources in **apis/pypad/scripts/** for an example.

• If the script is configurable via a configuration file, provide a sample copy of the configuration file, using wherever possible same default values along with comments documenting what the various parameters do. The file should have the the same base name as that of the script, but have an **exemplar** extension.

For example, if the script is called **myscript.py**, the sample configuration file would be called **myscript.exemplar**.

• Install a copy of the script, along with a copy of the sample configuration file (if needed) in the Rivendell PyPAD script directory /usr/lib/rivendell/pypad/.

All PyPAD scripts started in this manner will be run under the user/group specified by the **PypadOwner=** and **PypadGroup=** directives in the **[Identity]** section of the **rd.conf**(5) configuration file.

See Section 12.5.14, "Managing PyPAD Instances" for instructions on enabling a script that has been prepared in this manner.

Chapter 16. Interfacing with the Linux Ecosystem: Command-Line Utilities

Rivendell includes a number of command-line utilities. Some of these can be used to perform efficient "bulk" operations --e.g. import thousands of audio files in one command -- while others are useful in various aspects of system maintenance. This section provides a brief overview of the available utilities; full documentation for each is available via the Linux man page facility.

16.1. rdclilogedit(1)

rdclilogedit(1) is a command-line interface (CLI) program that can be used to edit Rivendell logs. It is loosely modeled after the venerable ed(1) command-line editor and so is particularly well suited for use in scripting environments.

Full documentation is available by doing **man 1 rdclilogedit**.

16.2. rdconvert(1)

rdconvert(1) is a command-line interface (CLI) program that can be used to convert an audio file into a different format.

Full documentation is available by doing **man 1 rdconvert**.

16.3. rddbmgr(8)

rddbmgr(8) is a command-line interface (CLI) program that manages Rivendell databases. It includes extensive capabilities for creating, checking and modifying such databases.

Full documentation is available by doing **man 8 rddbmgr**.

16.4. rdexport(1)

rdexport(1) is a command-line interface (CLI) program that can be used to export audio material from the Rivendell Library. It is particularly useful in situations where a large number of audio files need to be exported in an automated fashion, and is capable of exporting thousands of files with a single command-line invocation.

Full documentation is available by doing man 1 rdexport.

16.5. rdimport(1)

rdimport(1) is a command-line interface (CLI) program that can be used to import audio material into the Rivendell Library. It is particularly useful in situations where a large number of audio files need to be imported in an automated fashion, and is capable of importing thousands of files with a single command-line invocation.

Full documentation is available by doing man 1 rdimport.

16.6. rdlogmanager(1)

rdlogmanager(1) is a Rivendell module for generating logs and reports. When invoked with no arguments, it will start up in GUI mode, described in Chapter 8, *Generating Logs and Reports with RDLogManager*. However, it can also be used in "batch" mode to generate and merge logs and reports by means of its command-line interface.

Full documentation of rdlogmanager's command line interface is available by doing **man** 1 rdlogmanager.

16.7. rdmarkerset(8)

rdmarkerset(8) is a command-line interface (CLI) program that can be used to set or alter audio cut markers in the Rivendell Radio Automation System. It is capable of altering multiple cuts in a single operation.

Full documentation is available by doing man 8 rdmarkerset.

16.8. rmlsend(1)

rmlsend(1) is a small utility that can be used to send RML commands to a local or remote Rivendell host. It can operate in two modes: GUI or a command line interface (CLI).

If started with no arguments, RMLSend will come up in GUI mode.

Y	RMLSend v2.17.0int01 - Macro Command Utility	+ = ×
Sent To:	Dest: RML (no echo)	UDP Port:
Command:		
Response:		
<u>S</u> end Comr	nand	Quit

RMLSend in GUI Mode

Full documentation is available by doing man 1 rmlsend.

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Appendix C. Supported GPIO/Switcher Devices

The following GPIO/switcher devices are supported under Rivendell:

C.1. 360 Systems AM-16/B Audio Crosspoint Switcher

Driver Name:	360 Systems AM-16/B
Supported RML Commands:	Switch Take [' ST ']

Control is done by means of MIDI connections to the 'MIDI IN' and 'MIDI OUT' ports on the back of the unit, with the appropriate MIDI device specified in the Device: field in RDAdmin->ManageHosts->Switchers/GPIO. The following settings should be configured on the AM-16/B:

Control Port Type:	MIDI (jumper JMP1)
Program Send:	OFF
Receive Channel: o	o (Omni mode)
Memory Protect:	OFF

The driver uses MIDI programs '0' and '1' on the AM-16/B when processing crosspoint changes; anything previously saved in those programs will be overwritten!

C.2. BroadcastTools 10x1

Driver Name: BroadcastTools 10x1

Supported RML Commands: Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port parameters should be set to 2400 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination.

C.3. BroadcastTools 16x1

Driver Name:	BroadcastTools 16x1

Supported RML Commands: Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port parameters should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination.

C.4. BroadcastTools 16x2

Driver Name:

BroadcastTools 16x2

Supported RML Commands:

GPO Set ['GO'] Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port parameters should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination.

Operation in 'multidrop' mode is not supported.

C.5. BroadcastTools 8x2

Driver Name:	BroadcastTools 8x2
Supported RML Commands:	Switch Add [' SA '] Switch Remove [' SR '] Switch Take [' ST ']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port parameters should be set to 2400 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination.

The 8x2 should be configured to use 'Mix' mode. This can be done by holding down the F1 button on the switcher while powering up.

Operation in 'multidrop' mode is not supported.

C.6. BroadcastTools ACS8.2

Driver Name:	BroadcastTools ACS8.2
Supported RML Commands:	GPI Enable [' GE '] GPI Set [' GI '] GPO Set [' GO '] Switch Add [' SA '] Switch Level [' SL '] [output #1 only] Switch Remove [' SR '] Switch Take [' ST ']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port speed on the ACS 8.2 should be set to 9600. Serial port parameters should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no termination.

The ACS 8.2 should be configured to use 'Mix' mode --i.e. DIP switches SW17-5 and SW17-6 should both be 'on', and the unit ID should be '0', with DIP switches SW17-1 and SW17-2 both 'off'.

Operation in 'multidrop' mode is not supported. If you wish to use GPI (referred to as 'PIP', for 'Parallel Input Port' in the Broadcast Tools documentation), then you will also need to be sure that DIP switch SW17-10 is ON.

The ACS 8.2 supports the Switch Level [SL] RML for connections to Output 1. Six different gain levels are supported: 0 dB, -3 dB, -6 dB, -10 dB, -15 dB and -20 dB. For for a specified gain level of greater than or equal to -20, the applied gain will be rounded down to the next supported level. For gain levels of less than -20 dB, the minimum supported gain (-20 dB) will be applied.

C.7. BroadcastTools ADMS 44.22 Analog/AES Digital Matrix Switcher

Driver Name:

BroadcastTools ADMS 44.22

Supported RML Commands:

GPI Enable ['GE'] GPI Set ['GI'] GPO Set ['GO'] Switch Add ['SA'] Switch Level ['SL'] Switch Remove ['SR'] Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of a serial connection to the unit's integrated serial port. The 'OPTIONS' switches on the back of the unit should be set as follows:

1: OFF (UP) 2: OFF (UP) 3: OFF (UP) 4: OFF (UP) 5: OFF (UP) 6: OFF (UP) 7: ON (DOWN) 8: ON (DOWN) 9: OFF (UP) 10: OFF (UP)

The Rivendell serial interface should be set to use 9600 bits/sec, 8 bits, 1 stop bit and no flow control.

C.8. BroadcastTools GPI-16 General Purpose Input Module

Driver Name:	BroadcastTools GPI-16
Supported RML Commands:	GPI Enable [' GE '] GPI Set ['GI ']

Control is done by means of a serial connection to the unit's integrated serial port. There is also a 'plus' version that features an integrated type B USB interface that simulates a serial port.

The unit should work correctly with factory default settings. The Rivendell serial interface should be set to use 9600 bits/sec, 8 bits, 1 stop bit and no flow control.

C.9. BroadcastTools Sentinel 4 Web AES Switcher

Driver Name:

BroadcastTools Sentinel 4 Web

Supported RML Commands:

Control is done by means of a TCP/IP connection to the unit's integrated Ethernet port.

Switch Take ['ST']

On the Email/Network Setup page of the unit, be sure that the TCP Enabled box is checked and that TCP Listen Port is set to the same number as is used in the IP Port setting in Rivendell's driver configuration (56 by default).

C.10. BroadcastTools SRC-16

Driver Name:

BroadcastTools SRC-16

Supported RML Commands:

GPI Enable ['GE'] GPI Set ['GI']

Control is done by means of a serial connection to the unit's integrated serial port.

The unit should work correctly with factory default settings. The Rivendell serial interface should be set to use 9600 bits/sec, 8 bits, 1 stop bit and no flow control.

C.11. BroadcastTools SS 12.4

Driver Name:	BroadcastTools SS 12.4
Supported RML Commands:	Switch Add [' SA '] Switch Remove [' SR '] Switch Take [' ST ']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port parameters should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination.

The SS 12.4 should be configured to use 'Mix' mode. This can be done by setting DIP switches SW1-7 and SW-1-3 to OFF.

Operation in 'multidrop' mode is not supported.

C.12. BroadcastTools SS 2.1

Driver Name:

BroadcastTools SS 2.1

Supported RML Commands: Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port parameters should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination.

Operation in 'multidrop' mode is not supported.

C.13. BroadcastTools SS 16.4

Driver Name:

BroadcastTools SS 16.4

Supported RML Commands:

GPI Enable ['GE'] GPI Set ['GI'] GPO Set ['GO'] Switch Add ['SA'] Switch Remove ['SR'] Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port parameters should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination.

A total of 24 GPO outputs are supported, with the relays appearing as GPO lines 1-8 and the open collector outputs as lines 9-24. All 24 'PIP' inputs are supported as GPI devices.

The SS 16.4 should be configured to use 'Mix' mode and to have 'PIP' mode enabled. This can be done by setting DIP switches SW24-5, SW24-6 and SW24-8 to ON.

Operation in 'multidrop' mode is not supported.

C.14. BroadcastTools SS 4.1 MLR Switcher/ Router

Driver Name:

BroadcastTools SS4.1 MLR

Supported RML Commands:

GPI Enable ['**GE**'] GPI Set ['**GI**'] Switch Take ['**ST**']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port speed on the SS 4.1 should be set to 9600 (DIP switches SW6-4 and SW6-5 set to 'off'). Serial port parameters in RDAdmin should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination.

The SS 4.1 should be configured to use unit ID '0', with DIP switches SW6-1, SW6-2 and SW6-3 all set to 'off'.

Operation in 'multidrop' mode is not supported. If you wish to use GPI (referred to as 'PIP', for 'Parallel Input Port' in the Broadcast Tools documentation), then you will also need to be sure that DIP switch SW6-7 is ON.

C.15. BroadcastTools SS4.2

Driver Name:

BroadcastTools SS4.2

Supported RML Commands:

GPI Enable ['**GE**'] GPI Set ['**GI**'] GPO Set ['**GO**'] Switch Add ['**SA**'] Switch Remove ['**SR**']

Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port speed on the SS 4.2 should be set to 9600 (DIP switches SW13-3 and SW13-4 set to 'off'). Serial port parameters in RDAdmin should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination.

The SS 4.2 should be configured to use 'Mix' mode --i.e. DIP switches SW13-5 and SW13-6 should both be 'on', and the unit ID should be set to '0', with DIP switches SW13-1 and SW13-2 both 'off'.

Operation in 'multidrop' mode is not supported. If you wish to use GPI (referred to as 'PIP', for 'Parallel Input Port' in the Broadcast Tools documentation), then you will also need to be sure that DIP switch SW13-7 is ON.

C.16. BroadcastTools SS4.4

Driver Name:	BroadcastTools SS4.4
Supported RML Commands:	GPI Enable [' GE '] GPI Set [' GI '] GPO Set [' GO '] Switch Add [' SA '] Switch Remove [' SR '] Switch Take [' ST ']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port speed on the SS 4.4 should be set to 9600 (DIP switch SW3 set to 'off'). Serial port parameters in RDAdmin should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination.

The SS 4.4 should be configured to use 'Mix' mode --i.e. DIP switches SW4 and SW5 should both be 'on', and the unit ID should be set to '0', with DIP switches SW1 and SW2 both 'off'.

Operation in 'multidrop' mode is not supported. If you wish to use GPI (referred to as 'PIP', for 'Parallel Input Port' in the Broadcast Tools documentation), then you will also need to be sure that DIP switch SW8 is 'on'. If you wish to use the open collector and relay outputs as GPO, then you will also need to be sure that DIP switch SW6 is 'off'.

C.17. BroadcastTools SS8.2

Driver Name:	BroadcastTools SS8.2
Supported RML Commands:	GPI Enable [' GE '] GPI Set [' GI '] GPO Set [' GO '] Switch Add [' SA '] Switch Remove [' SR '] Switch Take [' ST ']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a four pin RJ11 modular jack on the back of the unit (an adapter to a standard DB9 connector is supplied by Broadcast Tools with the unit). Serial port speed on the SS 8.2 should be set to 19200 (some have found 9600 to work instead). Do *not* use 38400, as there are known bugs within the SS 8.2 when used with this speed! Serial port parameters should be set to 19200 baud rate (or 9600 if that worked instead), No parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR/LF termination (or potentially no termination).

The SS 8.2 should be configured to use 'Mix' mode --i.e. DIP switches SW-14-4 and SW-14-5 should both be 'on', and the unit ID should be '0', with DIP switches SW-14-1, SW-14-2 and SW-14-3 all 'off'.

Operation in 'multidrop' mode is not supported. If you wish to use GPI (referred to as 'PIP', for 'Parallel Input Port' in the Broadcast Tools documentation), then you will also need to be sure that DIP switch SW-14-10 is ON.

C.18. BroadcastTools Universal 4.1MLR>>Web

Driver Name:

BroadcastTools 4.1 MLR>>Web

Supported RML Commands:

GPI Enable ['GE']

GPI Set ['GI'] Switch Take ['ST']

Control is by means of a TCP/IP connection to port 56.

C.19. Grass Valley 7000 Protocol

Driver Name: Grass Valley 7000 Protocol

Supported RML Commands: Switch Take ['ST']

Control is by means of a TCP/IP connection to port 12345.

C.20. Harlond Virtual Mixer

Driver Name:

Harlond Virtual Mixer

Supported RML Commands:

Fire Salvo ['**FS**'] GPI Enable ['**GE**'] GPI Set ['**GI**'] GPO Set ['**GO**'] Switch Add ['**SA**'] Switch Level ['**SL**'] Switch Remove ['**SR**'] Switch Take ['**ST**']

Control is by means of a TCP/IP connection to port 5002. Output busses are mapped as follows:

Table C.1. Harlond Output Buss Mappings

Output	Buss
1	PGM
2	AUD
3	UTL
4	CUE

Input channel ON/OFF is sensed/controlled by means of the respective GPIO number using GE/GI/GO RMLs.

C.21. Kernel GPIO

Driver Name:

Kernel GPIO

Supported RML Commands:	GPI Enable ['GE']
	GPI Set ['GI']
	GPO Set ['GO']

This driver can be used to control kernel-based GPIO interfaces, such as the GPIO pins on a Raspberry Pi. Pins are allocated such that inputs come first, followed by outputs.

Further information on kernel GPIO devices can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/Documentation/ gpio/sysfs.txt

C.22. Livewire LWRP Audio

Driver Name:	Livewire LWRP Audio
Supported RML Commands:	Switch Take ['ST']

Livewire is a distributed audio router and control system, with the components (called 'nodes') configured and controled via TCP/IP. More information can be found at http://www.axiaaudio.com/.

This driver can be used to create and remove connections between audio sources and destinations via Livewire Routing Protocol (LWRP).

Configuration is a matter of entering the IP address, password and base output number for each node in RDAdmin->ManageHosts->Switcher/GPIO->LivewireNodes. The driver will autodetect all other parameters from the nodes themselves. The resulting constellation of nodes can be controled with the 'Switch Take' ['**ST**'] RML by specifying the Livewire source stream number as the *input* parameter and the base output number+the slot number-1 for the *output* parameter.

C.23. Livewire LWRP GPIO

Driver Name: Livewire LWRP GPIO Supported RML Commands: GPI Enable ['GE'] GPI Set ['GI'] GPO Set ['GO']

Livewire is a distributed audio router and control system, with the components (called 'nodes') configured and controled via TCP/IP. More information can be found at http://www.axiaaudio.com/.

This driver can be used to control Livewire's GPIO subsystem by means of the Livewire Routing Protocol (LWRP) with both physical as well as 'virtual' GPIO devices.

Only two items need to be specified in the configuration: the IP address of the device to control and the 'Layer, with **v** specifying a virtual GPIO device and **D** specifying an actual physical one. The driver will autodetect all other parameters (e.g. the number of input and output lines) from the device itself.

C.24. Livewire Multicast GPIO

Driver Name:	Livewire Multicast GPIO
Supported RML Commands:	GPI Enable [' GE '] GPI Set [' GI '] GPO Set [' GO ']

Livewire is a distributed audio router and control system, with the components (called 'nodes') configured and controled via TCP/IP. More information can be found at http://www.axiaaudio.com/.

This driver provides the ability to access GPIO functions from Livewire- enabled control surfaces for setups that lack a virtual GPIO device --e.g. when interfacing audio directly to a Livewire node without using a native Livewire software audio driver or audio adapter.

When configuring it, the IP Address field should contain the address of the local interface to which the Livewire network is attached, while the Livewire GPIOs list should be populated with the stream number - GPIO line associations to be used.

C.25. Local Audio Adapter

Driver Name:	Local Audio Adapter
Supported RML Commands:	GPI Enable ['GE'] GPI Set ['GI'] GPO Set ['GO'] Switch Add ['SA'] Switch Add With Gain ['SX'] Switch Remove ['SR'] Switch Take ['ST']

It's possible to use one or more of the actual audio adapters as a switcher device using this driver. Doing so makes it possible to route audio directly from the adapter inputs to outputs, while at the same time using it for audio capture/playout in the usual manner.

To configure it, set Card: to the number of the audio adapter to use and the Inputs: and Outputs: fields to the number of inputs and outputs on the card (as found in RDADmin->ManageHosts->AudioResources.

C.26. Local GPIO

Driver Name:

Local GPIO

Supported RML Commands: GI

GPI Enable ['**GE**'] GPI Set ['**GI**'] GPO Set ['**GO**']

This driver supports a variety of GPIO devices, including:

15 Pin Joystick Port USB HID Devices MeasurementComputing GPIO Cards

C.26.1. 15 Pin Joystick Port

Joystick support utilizes the Linux Input Device subsystem. Inputs are active-low, and should be wired as follows:

Table C.2. 15 Pin Joystick Port Wiring

Pin Signal

- 2 Input 1
- 4 Ground
- 7 Input 2
- 5 Ground
- 10 Input 3
- 12 Ground

Pin Signal

- 14 Input 4
- 12 Ground

In addition, you will need to connect 47 kohm resistors between the following pins: 1-3, 6-8, 9-11 and 13-15. While not strictly needed for the GPI portion of the interface to work, the kernel's analog joystick driver will refuse to initialize the port if these resistors (or a real joystick) are not present.

The device name of the joystick will be one of the /dev/input/eventn devices.

NOTE: There have been reports that some port models do not internally connect pin 12 to ground. The symptom of this situation will be that Inputs 1 and 2 work, but not Inputs 3 and 4. If this is the case, connecting the ground for Inputs 3 and 4 to pins 04 or 05 should remedy the problem.

C.26.2. MeasurementComputing GPIO Cards

The following MeasurementComputing cards are supported:

PCI-PDIS08 PCI-PDIS16 PCI-DIO24

The device name for the card should be /dev/gpion.

C.26.2.1. PCI-PDIS08 and PCI-PDIS16

The Measurement Computing PCI-PDIS08 and PCI-PDIS16 boards feature floating, opto-isolated inputs. The inputs are not polarity sensitive and may be driven by either AC or DC. The outputs are electromechanical relays with dry contacts.

Table C.3. PCI-PDIS08 and PCI-PDIS16 Connector Pinout (DB37F)

Pin Signal

- 1 Input 8/16
- 20 Input 8/16
- 2 Input 7/15
- 21 Input 7/15
- 3 Input 6/14
- 22 Input 6/14
- 4 Input 5/13
- 23 Input 5/13
- 5 Input 4/12
- 24 Input 4/12
- 6 Input 3/11

Pin	Signal
25	Input 3/11
7	Input 2/10
26	Input 2/10
8	Input 1/9
27	Input 1/9
9	Output 8/16 C
28	Output 8/16 N/O
10	Output 7/15 C
29	Output 7/15 N/O
11	Output 6/14 C
30	Output 6/14 N/O
12	Output 5/13 N/C
12	Output 5/13 N/O
31	Output 5/13 C
14	Output 4/12 N/C
	Output 4/12 N/O
32 33	Output 4/12 N/O
33	Output 4/12 C
15	Output 3/11 N/C
16	Output 3/11 N/O
34	Output 3/11 C
17	Output 2/10 N/C
35	Output 2/10 N/O
36	Output 2/10 C
18	Output 1/9 N/C
19	Output 1/9 N/O
37	Output 1/9 C

C.26.2.2. PCI-DIO24

The Measurement Computing PCI-DIO24 board features 24 bi-directional, TTL level signal lines, referenced to a common ground. The driver can be configured to use all of the lines as inputs or outputs (mixing inputs and outputs on the same board is not supported). When used as inputs, termination resistor packs should be installed.

Table C.4. PCI-DIO24 Connector Pinout (DB37F)

Pin Signal

- 37 Input 1
- 36 Input 2
- 35 Input 3
- 34 Input 4
- 33 Input 5
- 32 Input 6
- 31 Input 7
- 30 Input 8
- 10 Input 9
- 9 Input 10
- 8 Input 11
- 7 Input 12
- 6 Input 13
- 5 Input 14
- 4 Input 15
- 3 Input 16
- 29 Input 17
- 28 Input 18
- 27 Input 19
- 26 Input 20
- 25 Input 21
- 24 Input 22
- 23 Input 23
- 22 Input 24
- 11 Ground
- 13 Ground
- 15 Ground
- 17 Ground
- 19 Ground
- 21 Ground
- 18 +5 vdc
- 20 +5 vdc
- 16 +12 vdc

Pin Signal

14 +-12 vdc

C.27. Logitek vGuest

Driver Name:

Logitek vGuest

Supported RML Commands:

GPI Enable ['GE'] GPI Set ['GI'] GPO Set ['GO'] Set Display ['SD'] Switch Take ['ST']

Before using the driver, the resources within the Logitek Audio Engine system that you wish to control must be made available in a 'vGuest' account within the Logitek 'Supervisor' system. Then, those same resources must be mapped within the Rivendell driver. For the 'ST' RML, the Logitek Engine Numbers and Device Numbers are mapped to logical Rivendell Inputs and Outputs within the Configure Inputs dialogs. For the GPO RMLs, various Logitek 'switches' (by which we mean anything that can be turned on and off, such as faders feeds, not just GPIO) are mapped to logical Rivendell GPIO lines by means of their Logitek Engine, Device and Buss numbers.

C.28. Modbus TCP

Driver Name: Modbus TCP Supported RML Commands: GPI Enable ['

GPI Enable ['**GE**'] GPI Set ['**GI**'] GPO Set ['**GO**']

This driver supports GPI devices that use the industry-standard Modbus TCP protocol at TCP port 502. The device to be controlled should be configured to use Modbus ID #1. For more information on Modbus, see http://www.modbus.org/.

C.29. Quartz Electronics Type 1 Routing Protocol

Driver Name:

Quartz Type 1

Supported RML Commands:

Fire Salvo ['**FS**'] Switch Take ['**ST**']

Control can done either by means of an RS-232C connection or by means of TCP/IP to TCP port 23.

C.30. Ross NK Video Switchers (via SCP/A Serial Interface)

Driver Name:

Ross NK-SCP/A Interface

Supported RML Commands:

Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to a NK-SCP/A serial interface. Serial port parameters should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, CR termination. The Breakaway to use is defined by setting the 'Card' parameter in the driver configuration, with Card 0 = Breakaway 1, Card 1 = Breakaway 2, etc.

C.31. Serial Port Modem Control Lines

Driver Name:	Serial Port Modem Control Lines
Supported RML Commands:	GPI Enable ['GE '] GPI Set ['GI'] GPO Set ['GO']

This driver enables GPIO via the modem control lines on an RS-232C serial device. The lines map as follows:

Table C.5. Modem Serial Lines GPI Signal Mapping

Output	Buss
1	Data Set Ready (DSR)
2	Clear To Send (CTS)
3	Carrier Detect (CI)
4	Ring Indicator (RI)

Table C.6. Modem Serial Lines GPO Signal Mapping

Output	Buss
1	Data Terminal Ready (DTR)
2	Ready To Send (RTS)

C.32. Sierra Automated Systems 16000(D) **Audio Router**

Driver Name: SAS 16000(D)

Supported RML Commands: Switch Take ['ST']

Both analog and AES3 digital (D) variants are supported. Control can done by means of an RS-232C connection to the 'User Serial Interface' port on the unit. Serial port parameters should be: 9600,N,8,1.

C.33. Sierra Automated Systems 32000 Audio Router

Driver Name:

SAS 32000

Supported RML Commands:

Switch Add ['SA'] Switch Level ['SL'] (requires appropriate SAS hardware support) Switch Remove ['**SR**'] Switch Take ['**ST**']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to the 'Computer RS-232' port on the AXC-8 System Controller. Serial port parameters should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no terminator. The AXC-8 must be equipped with firmware built to use the 'conventional' command protocol -- the 'enhanced' version will not work!

C.34. Sierra Automated Systems 64000 Audio Router

Driver Name: SAS 64000

Supported RML Commands: Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to the 'Computer RS-232' port on the AXC-8 System Controller. Serial port parameters should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no terminator. The AXC-8 must be equipped with firmware built to use the 'conventional' command protocol -- the 'enhanced' version will not work!

C.35. Sierra Automated Systems 64000 Audio Router

Driver Name:

SAS 64000-GPI

Supported RML Commands:

GPO Set ['GO'] Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to the 'Computer RS-232' port on a GPI-1600 GPIO interface. Serial port parameters should be set to 19200 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no terminator. This driver allows control of the system's GPO outputs as well as audio crosspoints.

C.36. Sierra Automated Systems User Serial Interface (USI)

Driver Name:

SAS USI

Supported RML Commands:

Console Label ['**CL**'] Fire Salvo ['**FS**'] GPO Set ['**GO**'] Switch Add ['**SA**'] Switch Crosspoint Gain ['**SX**'] Switch Level ['**SL**'] Switch Remove ['**SR**'] Switch Take ['**ST**'] Switch Take With Gain ['**SG**']

Control can done either by means of an RS-232C connection to one of the serial ports on a DRC-16E card or by means of TCP/IP to a PC running SAS's Server Module software. TCP connections are normally made to port 1350 on the Server Module system.

C.37. Sine Systems ACU-1 (Prophet Version)

Driver Name:	Sine ACU-1 (Prophet)
Supported RML Commands:	Switch Add [' SA '] Switch Remove [' SR '] Switch Take [' ST ']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to the RS-232 port on the unit. Serial port parameters in RDAdmin should be set to 57600 baud rate, even parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no terminator.

The ACU-1 should be set to use factory default settings. This can be done by simultaneously pressing buttons 1 and 8 on the front panel of the unit for at least one second.

C.38. Software Authority Protocol

Driver Name:

Software Authority Protocol

Supported RML Commands:

GPI Enable ['GE'] GPI Set ['GI'] GPO Set ['GO'] Switch Take ['ST']

Used to control devices (such as the Axia 'PathFinder' system) by means of the 'Software Authority' protocol. Control is by means of a TCP/IP connection (typically to port 9500) on the controlled system. The Card parameter should be set to the 'Router Number' of the router to be controlled.

Most parameters, including the number of inputs and outputs as well as the endpoint names, are autodetected by the driver.

C.39. Starguide III Satellite Receiver

Driver Name:

StarGuide III

Supported RML Commands: Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to the RS-232 port on the unit. The port should be configured on the receiver to use a speed of 9600. Serial port parameters in RDAdmin should be set to 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no terminator. Once configured, use RDAdmin to create inputs that correspond to the StarGuide Provider and Source IDs available on the selected DVB carrier. Provider and Source ID data is available from the provider network.

C.40. Wegener Unity4000 DVB Satellite Receiver

Driver Name:

Wegener Unity 4000

Supported RML Commands: Switch Take ['ST']

Control is done by means of an RS-232C connection to one of the two RS-232 ports on the unit. If possible, use serial port number one, as the reciever uses a larger data buffer with that port. The selected port should

be configured in the reciever to be of type "Terminal" with a speed of 19200. Serial port parameters should be set to 19200 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no terminator. Once configured, use RDAdmin to create inputs that correspond to the DVB stream names available on the selected DVB carrier.

Caution is needed when scheduling record events from the Unity4000, as the unit is capable of outputting a given DVB stream to only a single output at a time. Commanding a stream to an output will cause that stream to be silently deselected from a previously selected output.

C.41. Wheatnet Blade LIO

Driver Name:

WheatNet LIO

Supported RML Commands:

GPI Enable ['**GE**'] GPI Set ['**GI**'] GPO Set ['**GO**']

Control is done by means of a TCP/IP connection to port 55776 on a blade. The only required configuration parameters are IP Address and IP Port. The number of pins is auto-detected at driver startup.

C.42. Wheatnet Blade SLIO

Driver Name:

WheatNet SLIO

Supported RML Commands:

GPI Enable ['**GE**'] GPI Set ['**GI**'] GPO Set ['**GO**']

Control is done by means of a TCP/IP connection to port 55776 on a blade. The only required configuration parameters are IP Address and IP Port. The number of pins is auto-detected at driver startup.

Appendix D. Filepath Wildcards

Filepath wildcards can be used in most places in RDAdmin and RDCatch where a filename or URL is required.

D.1. Definition

A date/time wildcard in Rivendell has the following form:

% <delta-secs><meta-char><fmt-char></fmt-char></meta-char></delta-secs>		
where:		
8	A literal percent.	
<delta-secs></delta-secs>		onal. A time offset, in seconds, to apply to the base date-time (normally, the nt wall time). Default value is 0 .
<meta-char></meta-char>	Optio	onal. One of the following meta-characters:
	^ C	Convert value indicated by <i><fmt-char></fmt-char></i> to all uppercase.
	\$ C	Convert the initial character of the value indicated by <i>fmt-char></i> to uppercase.
<fmt-char></fmt-char>	One	of the following letters:
	a	Abbreviated weekday namee.g. 'mon', 'tue'
	A	Full weekday namee.g. 'monday', 'tuesday'
	b	Abbreviated month namee.g. 'jan', 'feb'
	в	Full month namee.g. 'january', 'february'
	с	[unassigned]
	C	Century
	d	Day of the month, zero padded (01 - 31)
	D	Date (mm-dd-yy)
	е	Day of the month, space padded (1 - 12)
	Е	Day of the month, unpadded (1 - 12)
	f	[unassigned]
	F	Date (yyyy-mm-dd)
	g	Two digit year, as per ISO 8601
	G	Four digit year, as per ISO 8601
	h	Abbreviated month namee.g. 'jan', 'feb'
	н	Hour, 24 hour, zero padded (00 - 23)

i	Hour, 12 hour, space padded (0 - 12)
I	Hour, 12 hour, zero padded (00 - 12)
j	Day of year, zero padded (000 - 355)
J	Hour, 12 hour, unpadded (1 - 12)
k	Hour, 24 hour, space padded (0 - 23)
к	[unassigned]
1	Month, unpadded (1-12)
L	[unassigned]
m	Month, zero padded (01 - 12)
м	Minute, zero padded (00 - 59)
n	[unassigned]
N	[unassigned]
o	[unassigned]
0	[unassigned]
p	AM/PM string
P	[unassigned]
q	[unassigned]
Q	[unassigned]
r	Rivendell Host Name [not FQDN]
R	Rivendell Host Short Name
s	Service Name
S	Seconds, zero padded (00 - 60)
t	[unassigned]
т	[unassigned]
u	Day of the week, numeric, 1=Monday, 7=Sunday
υ	[unassigned]
v	[unassigned]
v	Week number, as per ISO 8601

- Week number, as per ISO 8601
- **x** [unassigned]
- **X** [unassigned]
- **y** Two digit year
- Y Four digit year
- **z** -HHMM numeric timezone (e.g. -0400)
- **: z** -HH:MM numeric timezone (e.g. -04:00)
- **::z** -HH:MM:SS numeric timezone (e.g. -04:00:00)
- **z** [unassigned]
- & A literal '%'

D.2. Examples

For the date time of February 3rd, 2017 at 2:34:26 PM, in the America/New_York timezone:

%b	feb
%B	february
%^B	FEBRUARY
% \$ B	February
%A	friday
%86400A	saturday
%-86400A	thursday
%a	fri
%u	5
%D	02-03-17
%j	034
%H:%M:%S	14:34:26
%3600H:%3600M:%3600S	15:34:26
%1800H:%1800M:%1800S	15:04:26
%-1800H:%-1800M:%-1800S	14:04:26
%m/%d/%Y - %H:%M:%S	02/03/2017 - 14:34:26
%m/%d/%Y - %I:%M:%S %p	02/03/2017 - 02:34:26 PM

%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S	2017-02-03T14:34:26
%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S%:z	2017-02-03T14:34:26-05:00

E.1. Metadata Wildcards

These codes are used in Rivendell to indicate when a substitution of the indicated cart metadata field should be performed --e.g. in the '--metadata-pattern' switch of rdimport(1) or the RLMResolveNowNext*() functions in the Rivendell Loadable Module API.

Now	Next	Field
%a	%A	Artist
%b	%B	Record Label
%C	%C	Client
%d(<i><dt></dt></i>)	%D(<dt>)</dt>	Date/Time (see the Metadata DateTime Specification for values of <i><dt></dt></i>)
%e	%E	Agency
%f	%F	[unassigned]
%g	%G	Rivendell group name
%h	%H	Event length (milliseconds)
%i	%I	Cut Description
%j	%J	Cut Number
%k	%K	Start [%k]/end [%K] time for rdimport(1) [HH:MM:SS]
%1	%L	Album
%m	%M	Composer
%n	%N	Rivendell cart number
%0	%0	Outcue
%p	%P	Publisher
%q	%Q	Start [%q]/end [%Q] date for rdimport (1) [YYYY-MM-DD]
%r	%R	Conductor
% s	%S	Song ID
%t	%T	Title
%u	%U	User Definied
%v	%V	Event length (seconds, rounded down)
%wC	%WC	Industry Standard Commercial Identification (ISCI) Code
%wi	%WI	International Standard Recording Code
%wm	%Wm	MusicBrainz Recording ID
%wr	%Wr	MusicBrainz Release ID
% x	%X	Log line ID (numeric)
%у	%Y	Release Year
% z	%Z	Log line number (numeric)
88	88	Literal "%" (ASCII 37)
\r	\r	Literal Carriage Return (ASCII 13)

Table E.1. Metadata Wildcards

\n Literal Linefeed (ASCII 10)	\n	١n	Literal Linefeed (ASCII 10)
--------------------------------	----	----	-----------------------------

Table E.2. Metadata DateTime Specification

[
Wildcard	Meaning		
d	The day as a number without a leading zero (1 to 31)		
dd	The day as a number with a leading zero (01 to 31)		
ddd	The abbreviated localized day name ('Mon' or 'Sun')		
dddd	The long localized day name ('Monday' or 'Sunday')		
м	The month as a number without a leading zero (1 to 12)		
MM	The month as a number with a leading zero (01 to 12)		
MMM	The abbreviated localized month name ('Jan' or 'Dec')		
MMMM	The long localized month name ('January' or 'December')		
уу	The last two digits of the year		
уууу	The full four digits of the year		
h	The hour without a leading zero (0 - 23, or 1 - 12 if using AM/PM display)		
hh	The hour with a leading zero (00 - 23, or 01 -12 if using AM/PM display)		
m	The minute without a leading zero (0 - 59)		
mm	The minute with a leading zero (00 - 59)		
s	The second without a leading zero (00 - 60)		
ss	The second with a leading zero (00 - 60)		
z	The milliseconds without a leading zero (0 - 999)		
ZZZ	The milliseconds with leading zeros (000 - 999)		
AP	Use AM/PM display. The 'AP' will be replaced by 'AM' or 'PM' as appropriate		
ap	Use AM/PM display. The 'ap' will be replaced by 'am' or 'pm' as appropriate		

Appendix F. Rivendell Filter

F.1. Overview

Rivendell_filter is a script designed to be used to import existing audio and meta-data from another Rivendell system.

F.2. Usage

rivendell_filter {-h hostname} {-u username} {-p password} {-A audio-dir} {-g defaultgroup} {-s start-cartnum} {-e end-cartnum}

h hostname	The MySQL hostname of the source Rivendell database.	
username	The MySQL username of the source Rivendell database.	
p password	The MySQL password of the source Rivendell database.	
A audio-dir	The path to the directory containing the source Rivendell audio files.	
gdefault-group	The name of the group in which to place carts belonging to a source Group for which there is no corresponding destination Group.	
s start-cartnum	The first cart in the range of those to be transferred.	
e hostname	The last cart in the range of those to be transferred.	

F.3. Procedure

In order transfer carts from an external Rivendell system, proceed as follows:

F.3.1. Create Rivendell Groups

In RDAdmin->ManageGroups, create a Group to correspond to each Rivendell Group that exists in the library to be imported, and an additional group to catch any carts that may not have a corresponding Group.

F.3.2. Locate the External Rivendell Database and Audio Files

The directory containing the audio files can be mounted from a remote system if needs be. Read-only access is adequate (and in fact recommended), as the script does not modify these items in any way.

F.3.3. Verify Available Disk Space

Verify that enough disk space is available in the '/var/snd/' directory of the destination system to accomodate the audio to be imported. You should have at least the amount of space currently occupied by the source files, plus 5 percent additional.
F.3.4. Invoke Script

Start up the script, as described in the USAGE section above. The script will print progress reports as it proceeds, or notify you of error conditions as required.

Duplicate Cart Numbers

If a cart from the source system has the same number as the destination, the destination cart (data and *all* audio) will be overwritten!

Note on Audio Processing

Rivendell_filter does not alter or reencode the audio sample data in any way, and thus does *not* incurr any generation or transcoding loss of quality. At the same time, this means that the incoming audio will be brought into the new Rivendell system *exactly* as it exists in the source system, with all parameters (e.g. sample rate, bit rate, level, etc) unaltered. If you need to alter one or more of these parameters as part of the import process, we suggest you use the RDImport script instead.

Note on Group Assignments

Rivendell_filter makes no attempt to enforce group numbering rules! If a group to which a given source cart belongs exists on the destination system, the cart will be placed in that group, regardless of numbering rules.

Appendix G. Wings Filter

G.1. Overview

Wings Filter is a script designed to be used to import existing audio and meta-data from an AirForce 'Wings' automation system.

G.2. Usage

wings_filter {-g default-group} {-d db-file} {-A audio-dir} [-e audio-ext]								
-gdefault-group	The name of the group in which to place carts belonging to a source tab in Wings for which there is no corresponding destination Group.							
-ddb-file	The path to the Wings database file.							
-A audio-dir	The path to the directory containing the Wings ATX audio files.							
-s audio-ext	The filetype extension fo the Wings ATX files. By default, this is 'ATX', but can be changed to other values here if necessary.							

G.3. Procedure

In order import audio from an existing Wings system, proceed as follows:

G.3.1. Create Rivendell Groups

In RDAdmin->ManageGroups, create a Group to correspond to each Wings Tab value that exists in the library to be imported, and an additional group to catch any Wings entries that may not have a valid Group. When creating these groups, it is essential that a default cart number range be configured for each group that is large enough to accomodate all anticipated imports.

G.3.2. Locate the 'Wings' Database and Audio Files

These can be mounted from a remote system if needs be. Read-only access is adequate, as the script does not modify these items in any way.

G.3.3. Verify Available Disk Space

Verify that enough disk space is available in the '/var/snd/' directory to accomodate the audio to be imported. You should have at least the amount of space currently occupied by the Wings ATX files, plus 5 percent additional.

G.3.4. Invoke Script

Start up the script, as described in Section G.2, "Usage". The script will print progress reports as it proceeds, or notify you of error conditions as required.

G.3.5. Clean Up

If desired, use RDAdmin->ManageGroups to rename the single-letter import groups to more intuitive names.

Note on Audio Processing

Wings Filter does not alter or reencode the audio sample data in any way, and thus does *not* incurr any generation or transcoding loss of quality. At the same time, this means that the incoming audio will be brought into Rivendell *exactly* as it exists in the Wings system, with all parameters (e.g. sample rate, bit rate, level, etc) unaltered. If you need to alter one or more of these parameters as part of the import process, we suggest you use the RDImport script instead.

Appendix H. Creating and Configuring a Secure Shell Identity Key-pair for Rivendell

H.1. Overview

Rivendell supports the use of a public/private key pair (also referred to as an "identity" in the Secure Shell documentation) for SFTP file transfers. This appendix provides an example of how to generate and install such a set of key pair files so that they can be used by Rivendell.

H.2. Requirements

This procedure uses the **ssh-keygen**(1) program, which should be already installed on any system running Rivendell. If not, it can be obtained most distros by installing the **openssh** package.

H.3. Generating the Keys

In this example, we will generate a pair of files, called **rivendell_key** and **rivendell_key.pub**. The first file (**rivendell_key**) is the *private* key (also known as the *identity file*), and will remain on the Rivendell system where it was generated, while the other (**rivendell_key.pub**) is the *public* key, which will be deployed to the remote server(s) with which Rivendell will be interacting.

H.3.1. Procedure

Open a command line window on the Rivendell system. (This is sometimes also referred to as a "Terminal" or a "Console" depending upon the desktop environment being used.

						Terminal - rd@frozone:~	• -	
			Terminal	Tabs	Help			
[rd@	froz	one ~	-]\$					

The Terminal Window

Enter command to become the 'root' user. On CentOS/RedHat systems, the command to do this is **su** -, while on Debian/Ubuntu-based systems it is **sudo su** -. In either case, you will be prompted to enter a password. Enter the password and then press the **ENTER** key.

Note

You may not see anything echo to the screen while entering the password. This is normal!

You should see the prompt in the terminal change from the dollar sign [\$] to a pound sign [#] to signify that the window now as 'root' permissions.

2			
File	Edit	View	Terminal
[rd@	froz	one ~	-]\$

Ordinary Prompt

2/			
			Terminal
[roo	t@fr	ozone	~]#

"Root" Prompt

At the root prompt, enter the following command, followed by the [Enter] key: ssh-keygen -t rsa

The system will respond with:

Generating public/private rsa key pair. Enter file in which to save the key (/root/.ssh/id_rsa):

Enter the following location to save the key pair: /usr/share/rivendell/keys/ id_rsa_rivendell, followed by the [Enter] key.

The system will respond with:

Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):

Enter a passphrase, followed by the [Enter] key. The system will prompt you to repeat the passphrase:

Enter same passphrase again:

Enter the passphrase again, followed by [Enter]. You should then see output similar to:

Your identification has been saved in /usr/share/rivendell/keys/ id_rsa_rivendell. Your public key has been saved in /usr/share/rivendell/keys/id_rsa_r ivendell.pub.

Note

The passphrase is your final line of defense against a malicious actor should they get hold of a copy of your private key. Choose a long phrase that is not easily guessable.

Caution

You will need to enter the passphrase each time you add an an RDCatch event or RSS Feed that uses this identity!

Next, set the ownership of the private key to the **rivendell** user and group by doing:

chown rivendell:rivendell /usr/share/rivendell/keys/id_rsa_rivendell

followed by the [Enter] key.

The public key now resides at /usr/share/rivendell/keys/id_rsa_rivendell.pub, and can be deployed on remote servers. The private key (ssh identity) resides at /usr/share/rivendell/keys/id_rsa_rivendell. Open RDAdmin, touch Manage Hosts, select the name of host being configured and then touch the Edit button to open the Edit Host and enter the location of the private key in the SSH Ident. File field, then touch the OK button.

Creating and Configuring a Secure Shell Identity Key-pair for Rivendell

RI RI	OAdmin - Host	: frozone	•	
Host Name:	frozone			
Short Name:	frozone			
Description:	Workstation from	zone		
Default User:	🎴 user	-		
IP Address:	192.168.21.21			
Report Editor:	emacs			
Web Browser:	firefox			
SSH Ident. File:	/usr/share/riven	dell/keys/id_rsa_	rivendell	
Time Offset:	0 mS 🖨			
Startup Cart:	s	elect		
Cue Output:	Card: 0	Start Cart:		Select
cue output.	Port: None	Stop Cart:		Select
Enable Hearth		X Use Realtin	no Filtorin	
				9
Cart:	Select	Interval: 1	⇒ secs	
X Include in Sys		nce Pool		
 Enable Drag & Allow Drops 	•	in Setup Mode		
System Service	s ———			
нттр хр	ort: 🔳 localho	ost		_
Core Audio Eng				-
			[
RDLibrary	RDCatch	RDAirPlay	RDPane	el 🛛
RDLogEdit	RDCart Slots	Dropboxes	Switche GPIO	rs
Host Variables	Audio Ports	Serial Ports	Audio Resource	es
	JACK Settings	PyPAD Instances		
		ок	Car	ncel

Populating the SSH Ident. File Field

Appendix I. Library Text Searches

Except as noted below, text searches of the cart library are done by looking for a match of the complete contents of the Filter string with any of the following metadata fields:

```
Artist
Agency
Album
Client
Composer
Conductor
Description
ISCI Code
ISRC (International Standard Recording Code)
Label
Outcue
Publisher
Song ID
Title
User Defined
```

I.1. Using Multiple Search Phrases

It's possible to change this behavior by enclosing portions of the search string within double quotes. Rivendell will then treat each quote-enclosed section as being its own search clause, with the results of each clause logically OR'd together in the results. A few examples will make this clear. Consider the following set of carts, contained in a group called TEMP.

Filter					RDLibrary v4.1.2 - H	ost: e	lastigirl, User:	fredg			· •	_ 0
	: [4 ; те	MP ow Audio C		uler Code how Macr		J	[none]	Ilow Cart I		g Carts: 6		lear
Cart		Group	Length	Talk	Title		Artist	Start	End	Album	Label	Corr
	000025	темр	3:29.8	:00.0	Siren Song		Infrared Rabbit		TFN			
⊡- 4 €	010001	TEMP	4:48.2	:00.0	25 Or 6 To 4		Chicago		TFN	Greatest Hits Volume 1		
) 4 (-	010008	TEMP	6:01.2	:00.0	Baker Street		Gerry Rafferty		TFN	City To City	United Artists	Ger
ə- 4 1	010066	TEMP	4:35.4	:00.0	Get It Right The Next Ti	ime	Gerry Rafferty		TFN	Night Owl		
) 4 (-	010192	TEMP	4:23.6	:00.0	Right Down The Line		Gerry Rafferty		TFN	City To City		
- 4 E	010588	TEMP	4:18.0	:19.3	Sweet Love		Anita Baker		TFN	The Best of Anita Baker		
						_						•
Add		Edit	Delete			Fr	ee:	4% h 02m		Rip CD Rep	oorts C	lose

The full set of example carts

We'd like to narrow the view down to show only carts where 'Baker' appears in the Artist field. Entering 'baker' into the Filter gets us:

						R	DLibrary v4	.1.2 - Hos	st: ela	stigirl,	User: free	dg					• -	
Filter:	baker																Cle	ar
Group:	K TE	MP	-	Sched	uler (odes	: ALL	▼ a	and [r	none]	-	Ма	atching Cart	s: 2			CIE	
	X Sh	ow Audio Ca	irts	Xs	how N	lacro	Carts 🗶	Show Not	te Bub	bles	Allow	Cart Drag	gging 🕽	\$ Sho	w Only Firs	st 100 Matc	hes	
Cart		Group	Lengt	h	Talk		Title	Artist		Start	End	Album			Label	Compo	oser	C
⊕- ∢ ⊱ o	10008	TEMP		6:01.2	;	00.0	Baker Street	Gerry Raf	ferty		TFN	City To	City		United Artis	ts Gerry I	Rafferty	
b- 4 € 0	10588	TEMP		4:18.0	:	19.3	Sweet Love	Anita Bak	er		TFN	The Be	st of Anita Ba	ker				
				*****														•
Add		Edit		elete					Free:		49	%		Rip	Ba	ports	Clo	
Aud		Ealt	U	elete							33h 02	m		CĎ	Re	ports	CIO	se

Searching for 'baker'

This does show us cart number 10588 ('Sweet Love', by 'Anita Baker'), but also 10008 ('Baker Street', by 'Gerry Rafferty'), because of the inadvertent match in the Title field. We can eliminate this by specifying the Filter more precisely, changing 'baker' to 'anita baker'.

j	RDLibrary v4.1.2 - Host: elastigirl, User: fredg									+ - D					
Filter: Group:	anita b		•	Sched	uler Co	les: ALL		▼ and	[none]		Matching Ca	rts: 1			Clear
-		w Audio Ca				ro Carts		Show Note		Allov	_	_	w Only	y First 100 Mat	ches
art		Group	Lengt	h	Talk	Title		Artist	Start	End	Album	Lai	oel	Composer	Conducto
±	10500	ТЕМР		4:18.0		.3 Sweet	LUVE	Anita Baker		TFN	The Best of Anita Bake				
<u> </u>							2								
Add		Edit	D	elete				– '	ree:	33h 02	1% 2m	Rip CD		Reports	Close

Searching for 'anita baker'

Now let's try placing each search word in double-quotes: "anita" "baker". What will happen?

M	j						RDLibrary v	4.1.2 - I	Host: ela	astigirl,	User: fredg	I		• -	
	Filter:	anita'	' "baker"												
	Group:	K TE	MP	•	Sched	luler Code	es: ALL		and	[none]	*	Matching Carts:	2	Clea	ar
		X She	ow Audio C	arts	×s	how Macı	o Carts	X Show	Note Bu	bbles	Allow C	art Dragging 🛛 🕱 Si	now Only First 1	00 Matches	
C	art		Group	Lengt	h	Talk	Title	Artist		Start	End	Album	Label	Composer	Cor
		010008	ТЕМР		6:01.2	:00.0) Baker Street	Gerry	Rafferty		TFN	City To City	United Artists	Gerry Rafferty	
9	b- ∢ ⊱ (010588	TEMP		4:18.0	:19.3	Sweet Love	Anita	Baker		TFN	The Best of Anita Baker			
			F -114		-1-4-				Free	e:	4%	R	p p		
	Add		Edit		elete						33h 02m	Ri	D Repor	rts Clos	se

Searching for "anita" "baker"

The 'Baker Street' cart (number 10008) has returned, because we split the search phrase into two subphrases by use of the quotes. It's as it we ran two searches; one with 'anita' and another with 'baker' and then OR'd the two together into one result set.

I.2. Cart Numbers

If one or more integer numbers in the range 1 through **999999** (inclusive) is included in a search clause, instead of being search for the textual metadata fields, it will be treated as a Rivendell cart number. To search for a literal number in the Library textual metadata fields, enclose the numeral in quotes --e.g. **"123456"** rather than **123456**.

M						RDLibrar	y v4.1.2 - H	ost: elastigirl	, User: fred	lg				+ - • ×
Filter:	25 • • • • • •	мр	•	Sched	uler Cod	ee. [1]	•	and [none]	•	Mate	hing Carts:			Clear
Group.		w Audio Ca				ro Carts		lote Bubbles		Cart Draggi		Show Only Fi	rst 100 Matc	hes
Cart		Group	Lengt	h	Talk	Title	Artist	Start	End	Album	Label	Composer	Conducto	or Publis
	00025	ТЕМР		3:29.8	:00.	0 Siren Son	g Infrared F	(add)	TFN					
•]						••
Add		Edit	D	elete				Free:	4% 33h 02n			Rip CD R	leports	Close

Returning to our examples, we simply enter '25' into the filter:

Searching for '25'

We get cart 25 ('Siren Song'), even though there is no '25' in any of the text metadata fields. Next we surround the '25' with double-quotes:

Filter:	luor II					RDLibrary v	4.1.2 - Hos	t: elastigii	rl, User: t	fredg			+ - 0
Group:	_	MP	•	Sched	uler Cod	es: ALL	▼ a	nd [none]		 Matching Car 	rts: 1		Clear
	X She	ow Audio C	arts	×s	how Mac	ro Carts 🛛 🕷	Show Not	e Bubbles		low Cart Dragging	X Show (Only First 100 M	atches
Cart		Group	Lengt	:h	Talk	Title	Artist	Start	End	Album	Label	Composer	Conductor
.		ТЕМР				0 25 Or 6 To 4	Chicago						
Add		Edit		elete				Free:	33h	4% 02m	Rip CD	Reports	Close

Searching for "25"

We see that the double-quotes overrides the special cart-number detection.

Appendix J. File Metadata

J.1. Introduction

The existing schemes for encoding metadata into audio files are extremely diverse. There are formally designed ones; some explicitly intended for use in professional broadcast settings (--e.g. CartChunk), others for general purpose "consumer" use (--e.g. ID3). Still others fall into a broad class that one may term "informal", based not on any recognized public standard but typically designed around a specific product or group of products. These informal schemes tend to be closely bound to the overall design and organization their native environment (--e.g. Rivendell's RDXL).

This appendix is an attempt to document the various file metadata schemes that are recognized by Rivendell, taking note of how each scheme maps to Rivendell's foundational RDXL schema while also describing any known quirks or limitations in Rivendell's implementation thereof. It's worth noting that, especially with regard to the informal schemes, Rivendell's implementation can be a moving target; one that is updated and extended as more information is gleaned about a given scheme by Rivendell's developers. One basic rule with regard to such informal schemes in Rivendell is that, in keeping with Postel's Prescription [http://catb.org/jargon/html/P/Postels-Prescription.html], support is generally read-only.

J.2. Supported Metadata Schemes

Туре	File Type	Import	Export	Notes
RDXL	*.mp2, *.mp3, *.wav	Yes	Yes	Native Rivendell schema
CartChunk	*.wav	Yes	Yes	Formally defined
ID3	*.mp2, *.mp3	Yes	Yes	Formally defined
Scot Chunk	*.wav	Yes	No	Informal
Av10 Chunk	*.wav	Yes	No	Informal

Table J.1. Supported Metadata Schemes

J.2.1. RDXL

RDXL is Rivendell's native audio schema. It uses UTF-8 character encoding. Two levels of records are supported: "cart" data (exactly one record per cart) and "cut" data (zero or more records per cart).

Field Name	Data Type	Max Width	Notes
Agency	String	64	
Album	String	191	
Artist	String	191	
Asynchronous	Boolean	n/a	Valid values are 'true' or 'false'
Average Hook Length	Integer	191	milliseconds
Average Length	Integer	n/a	milliseconds

Table J.2. RDXL Cart Fields

Field Name	Data Type	Max Width	Notes
Average Segue Length	Integer	n/a	milliseconds
Client	String	64	
Composer	String	64	
Conductor	String	64	
Cut Quantity	Integer	n/a	
Enforce Length	Boolean	n/a	Valid values are 'true' or 'false'
Forced Length	Integer	n/a	milliseconds
Group Name	String	10	
Label	String	64	
Last Cut Played	Integer	n/a	
Length Deviation	Integer	n/a	milliseconds
Macros	String	unlimited	
Minimum Talk Length	Integer	n/a	milliseconds
Maximum Talk Length	Integer	n/a	milliseconds
Metadata Datetime	DateTime	n/a	
Number	Integer	n/a	
Owner	String	64	
Publisher	String	64	
Song ID	String	32	
Title	String	191	
Туре	String	n/a	Valid values are 'audio' or 'macro'
Year	Integer	n/a	
Usage Code	integer	n/a	0=Feature, 1=Open, 2=Close, 3=Theme
User Defined	String	191	

Table J.3. RDXL Cut Fields

Field Name	Data Type	Max Width	Notes
Cut Name	String	12	
Evergreen	Booleans	n/a	Valid values are 'true' or 'false'
Description	String	64	
Outcue	String	64	
Isrc	String	12	
Isci	String	32	
MusicBrainz Recording ID	String	40	
MusicBrainz Release ID	String	40	
Origin Date Time	DateTime	n/a	

Field Name	Data Type	Max Width	Notes	
Start Date Time	DateTime	n/a		
End Date Time	DateTime	n/a		
Sunday	Boolean	n/a	Valid values are 'true' or 'false'	
Monday	Boolean	n/a	Valid values are 'true' or 'false'	
Tuesday	Boolean	n/a	Valid values are 'true' or 'false'	
Wednesday	Boolean	n/a	Valid values are 'true' or 'false'	
Thursday	Boolean	n/a	Valid values are 'true' or 'false'	
Friday	Boolean	n/a	Valid values are 'true' or 'false'	
Saturday	Boolean	n/a	Valid values are 'true' or 'false'	
Start Daypart	Time	n/a		
End Daypart	Time	n/a		
Origin Name	String	64		
Origin Login Name	String	191		
Source Hostname	String	191		
Origin Name	String	191		
Weight	Integer	n/a		
Last Play Datetime	DateTime	n/a		
Play Counter	Integer	n/a		
Coding Format	Integer	n/a	0=PCM16, 2=MPEG Layer II, 3=MPEG Layer III, 4=PCM24	
Sample Rate	Integer	n/a	samples/second	
Bit Rate	Integer	n/a	bits/second	
Channels	Integer	n/a		
Start Point	Integer	n/a	milliseconds	
End Point	Integer	n/a	milliseconds	
Fadeup Point	Integer	n/a	milliseconds	
Fadedown Point	Integer	n/a	milliseconds	
Segue Start Point	Integer	n/a	milliseconds	
Segue End Point	Integer	n/a	milliseconds	
Segue Gain	Integer	n/a	1/100 dBFS	
Hook Start Point	Integer	n/a	milliseconds	
Hook End Point	Integer	n/a	milliseconds	
Talk Start Point	Integer	n/a	milliseconds	
Talk End Point	Integer	n/a	milliseconds	

J.2.2. CartChunk

CartChunk is a WAV file chunk format designed to allow the communication of basic radio traffic and continuity data between systems from diverse manufacturers and operating systems. It is explicitly

specified by the Audio Engineering Society as standard AES46-2002 [https://aes2.org/publications/ standards-store/?id=41].

CartChunk is defined as an extension to the Broadcast Wave File format, and as such is usable only with WAV files. When importing metadata from a file containing valid CartChunk, CartChunk fields will be mapped to Rivendell RDXL fields as follows:

CartChunk Field Name	RDXL Field Name	Data Type	Notes
Title	Title	String	ASCII title of cart audio sequence
Artist	Artist	String	ASCII artist or creator name
CutID	Cart Number	String	ASCII cut number identification
ClientID	Client	String	ASCII client identification
Category	Group Name	String	ASCII category ID, PSA, NEWS, etc
Classification	[none]	String	ASCII classification or auxiliary key
OutCue	Outcue	String	ASCII outcue text
StartDate	Start Date Time	Date	Applied to the Date field of Start Date Time, interpreted as the local system time zone
StartTime	Start Date Time	Time	Applied to the Time field of Start Date Time, interpreted as the local system time zone
EndDate	End Date Time	Date	Applied to the Date field of End Date Time, interpreted as the local system time zone
EndTime	End Date Time	Time	Applied to the Time field End Date Time, interpreted as the local system time zone
AUDs	Start Point	CartChunk PostTimer	See AES46-2002 Table A.2
AUDe	End Point	CartChunk PostTimer	See AES46-2002 Table A.2
SEGs	Segue Start Point	CartChunk PostTimer	See AES46-2002 Table A.2
SEGe	Segue End Point	CartChunk PostTimer	See AES46-2002 Table A.2
INTs	Talk Start Point	CartChunk PostTimer	See AES46-2002 Table A.2
INTe	Talk End Point	CartChunk PostTimer	See AES46-2002 Table A.2
INT	Talk End Point		Variant form. When importing, also sets Talk Start Point to be equal to Start Point. Rivendell does not write this form. Point

Table J.4. CartChunk to RDXL Field Mappings

J.2.3. ID3

ID3 is a metadata scheme intended for use with raw MPEG files. While not backed by a formal standards organization, ID3 is defined in a set of standards documents originally promulgated at http://id3.org/.

Rivendell supports both reading and writing ID3v2.3 tags. Each tag consists of a series of frames, each of which contains a field of metadata.

ID3v2.3 Frame Name	RDXL Field Name	Data Type	Notes
TIT2	Title	String	Title/songname/content description
ARTIST	Artist	String	Non-standard frame
TALB	Artist	String	Album/Movie/Show title
ALBUM	Artist	String	Non-standard frame
ТСОМ	Composer	String	Composer
COMPOSER	Composer	String	Non-standard frame
TPUB	Label	String	Publisher
LABEL	Label	String	Non-standard frame
TPE3	Conductor	String	Conductor/performer refinement
CONDUCTOR	Conductor	String	Non-standard frame
TYER	Year	Integer	Year
DATE	Year	Integer	Non-standard frame
YEAR	Year	Integer	Non-standard frame
ISRC	Isrc	String	Non-standard frame
ТВРМ	Beats Per Minute	String	BPM (beats per minute)
BPM	Beats Per Minute	String	Non-standard frame
PUBLISHER	Publisher	String	Non-standard frame

Table J.5. ID3v2.3 Frame to RDXL Field Mappings